

# Planning Commission Staff Report

Meeting Date: April 4, 2023 Agenda Item: 8A

| DEVELOPMENT CODE AMENDMENT CASE NUMBER: | WDCA22-0004 (Development Code Clean up and Maintenance)  |
|---|--|
| BRIEF SUMMARY OF REQUEST:               | Several minor changes to provide better clarity and consistency within the code.                   |
| STAFF PLANNER:                          | Roger Pelham, MPA, Senior Planner<br>Phone Number: 775.328.3622<br>Email: rpelham@washoecounty.gov |

### CASE DESCRIPTION

For hearing, discussion and possible action to initiate a Development Code Amendment and approve a resolution recommending adoption of an ordinance amending the Washoe County Code at Chapter 110 (Development Code) within Article 302 Allowed Uses, Article 304 Use Classification System, Article 406 Building Placement Standards, and Article 902 Definitions to:

- Provide clarity on single-family accessory uses;
- Allow Child Care, Family Daycare use type within the General Rural and Neighborhood Commercial regulatory zones;
- Allow Large-Family Daycare use type with an Administrative Permit instead of a Special Use Permit in the Neighborhood Commercial Regulatory Zone;
- Allow Personal Services use type within the Industrial and Public and Semi-Public Facilities regulatory zones;
- Include information technology services within the definition of the Administrative Offices use type;
- Include contractors' office with or without an equipment yard as an example of the Construction Sales and Services use type;
- Create a definition for "security fence" and provide standards for allowing security fencing on parcels of land that do not have an established main use;
- Allow for tall specialty fencing for uses such as ballparks and sports fields; and
- Place Communication Facilities in the "Civic" rather than the "Commercial" use table.

If the proposed amendments are initiated, the Planning Commission may recommend to the Board of County Commissioners approval of the proposed ordinance as submitted, may recommend approval with modifications based on input and discussion at the public hearing, or may deny the proposed amendment. If approval is recommended, the Planning Commission is asked to authorize the Chair to sign a resolution to that effect.

Applicant: Washoe County

Location: County-wide, except for the Tahoe Area Plan

Regulatory Zone: All Regulatory Zones

Area Plan: All Area Plans

Development Code: Authorized in Article 818, Amendment of Development Code

Commission District: All Districts

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

INITIATE

INITIATE AND RECOMMEND APPROVAL

DO NOT INITIATE

### **POSSIBLE MOTION**

I move that, after giving reasoned consideration to the information contained in the staff report and received during the public hearing, the Washoe County Planning Commission initiate amendments to the Washoe County Development Code and recommend approval of WDCA22-0004, to adopt an ordinance amending the Washoe County Code at Chapter 110 within Article 302 Allowed Uses, Article 304 Use Classification System, Article 406 Building Placement Standards and Article 902 Definitions, as described in the staff report for this matter.

I further move to authorize the Chair to sign the resolution contained in Exhibit A to this effect and to direct staff to present a report of this Commission's recommendation to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners within 60 days of today's date. This recommendation for approval is based on all four findings set forth in Washoe County Code Section 110.818.15(e).

(Motion with Findings on Page 11)

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# **Attachment Contents**

| PC Resolution                    | Attachment A   |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Proposed Code with Strikethrough | Attachment A-1 |
| Draft BCC Ordinance              | Attachment E   |
| Clean Copy of Proposed Code      | Attachment C   |

# **Development Code Amendments**

The Washoe County Development Code is Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code (WCC). The Development Code broadly regulates allowable and permitted land uses, subdivision of land, planning permit requirements and procedures, signage, infrastructure availability, land use development standards, and other related matters. Because the Development Code covers so many varying aspects of land use and development standards, it is expected that from time to time it may be necessary to change or amend one or more portions of the Development Code to keep it up to date with the most current and desirable trends in planning and development.

The Development Code Amendment process provides a method of review and analysis for such proposed changes. Development Code amendments may be initiated by the Washoe County Commission, the Washoe County Planning Commission, or an owner of real property. Development Code Amendments are initiated by resolution of the Washoe County Commission or the Planning Commission. Real property owners may submit an application to initiate a Development Code Amendment.

After initiation, the Planning Commission considers the proposed amendment in a public hearing. The Planning Commission may recommend approval, approval with modifications or may deny the proposed amendment. The Planning Commission records its recommendation by resolution.

The Washoe County Commission hears all amendments recommended for approval, as well as denials upon appeal. The County Commission will hold a first reading and introduction of the ordinance (proposed amendment), followed by a second reading and possible ordinance adoption in a public hearing at a second meeting at least two weeks after the first reading. Unless otherwise specified, ordinances are effective 10 days after adoption.

### **Background and Proposed Amendments**

#### **BACKGROUND ON PROPOSED CODE CHANGES**

Washoe County planning staff respond to dozens, if not hundreds, of inquiries regarding potential uses on specific properties and within specific regulatory zones each month. It is to be expected that, as times change, with new industries and activities being created and older industries and activities falling out of favor, the uses within the Development Code need to be evaluated and occasionally amended to respond to such changing conditions.

It is also true that some typical residential, commercial, civic and industrial uses do not fit neatly within the use types as they are currently defined within Article 304, Use Classification system.

It is for these reasons that periodic maintenance of the code is required. The amendments proposed constitute several small, and individually perhaps insignificant changes, in totality, however, they represent an ongoing effort to maintain efficiency within the code. The current proposed amendments have been identified by management within the Planning and Building Division for updating and are being brought to the Planning Commission by that division.

#### **PROPOSED AMENDMENTS**

# Table 110.302.05.1 Residential Use Types

|   |    |    |    | Т               | able             | 110. | 302 | .05.           | 1              |   |                |   |       |    |     |   |   |   |
|---|----|----|----|-----------------|------------------|------|-----|----------------|----------------|---|----------------|---|-------|----|-----|---|---|---|
| (See  |    |    |    |                 | SES<br>2.10      | •    |     |                |                | - | -              | • | ıtior | 1) |     |   |   |   |
| Section 110.304.15) LDS 2 MDS 4               |    |    |    |                 |                  |      |     |                |                |   |                |   |       |    | GRA |   |   |   |
| Family Residential                            |    |    |    |                 |                  |      |     |                |                |   |                |   |       |    |     |   |   |   |
| Attached Accessory Dwelling                   | A  | A  | A  | A               | A                | A    | A   | A              | A              | _ |                |   |       |    | _   | _ | A | A |
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                   | AR | AR | AR | <mark>AR</mark> | <mark>S</mark> 2 |      | _   |                |                |   |                |   |       |    |     |   | A | A |
| Detached Accessory Structure                  | A  | A  | A  | A               | A                | A    | A   | A              | A              | _ | A              | _ | _     | _  | _   | _ | A | A |
| Duplex  | -  | -  |    | Р               | Р                | Р    | Р   | Р              | Α              | - | s <sub>2</sub> | - |       |    |     | - | - |   |
| Multi Family                                  |    |    |    |                 |                  |      | Р   | Р              | Α              |   | s <sub>2</sub> |   |       |    |     |   |   |   |
| Single Family, Attached                       | -  |    |    | Α               | Α                | Α    | Α   | Α              | Α              |   | $s_2$          | - | -     |    | Р   |   |   | А |
| Single Family, Detached                       | Α  | А  | Α  | Α               | Α                | Α    | Α   | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |   | s <sub>2</sub> |   |       |    | Р   |   | Α | А |
| Single Family, Attached<br>Accessory Dwelling | A  | A  | A  | A               | A                | A    | A   | A              | A              | _ | -              | - | -     | -  | -   | _ | A | A |
| Single Family, Detached<br>Accessory Dwelling | AR | AR | AR | AR              | s <sub>2</sub>   |      |     |                |                |   |                |   |       |    | _   | _ | A | A |
| Single Family, Detached Accessory Structure   | A  | A  | A  | A               | A                | A    | A   | A              | A              |   | A              |   |       |    |     |   | A | A |

Locating uses that are accessory to a single-family residence adjacent to that use, within the use table does not change any allowed use, but it facilitates greater understanding on the part of those using this use table.

# Table 110.302.05.2 Civic Use Types

| Table 110.302.05.2  TABLE OF USES (Civic Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation) |                |                |                |                 |                |                |                |                |                |            |                |     |            |            |                |    |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|-----|------------|------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| Civic Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.20)  | LDR            | MDR            |                |                 | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC         | NC             | тс  | ı          | PSP        | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
| Administrative Services  |                |                |                |                 |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α          | Α              | Α   | Α          | Α          | Р              |    |                |                |
| Child Care   |                |                |                |                 |                |                |                |                |                |            |                |     |            |            |                |    |                |                |
| Family Daycare   | A              | A              | Α              | A               | A              | A              | A              | A              | A              | -          | ₽              | _   | -          | _          | _              | _  | _              | A              |
| Family Daycare   | A              | A              | <u>A</u>       | A               | <u>A</u>       | A              | A              | A              | <u>A</u>       |            | <u>P</u>       |     |            |            |                |    | <u>A</u>       | <u>A</u>       |
| Large-Family Daycare   | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |            | S <sub>2</sub> |     |            |            |                |    | Р              | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Child Daycare  | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | Р          | Р              | Р   | Р          | Р          | S <sub>2</sub> |    | S <sub>2</sub> |                |
| Communication Facilities   |                |                |                |                 |                |                |                |                |                |            |                |     |            |            |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Antennas  | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | -               |                | -              |                | -11            |                | <u>s</u> 2 | <u>s</u> 2     | -11 | <u>s</u> 2 | <u>s</u> 2 | <u></u>        |    | <u>s</u> 2     | -11            |
| Satellite Dish Antennas  | Se             | e Arti         | cle 32         | <mark>24</mark> |                |                |                |                |                |            |                |     |            |            |                |    |                |                |
| Wireless Communication Facilities  | Se             | e Arti         | cle 32         | 24              |                |                |                |                |                |            |                |     |            |            |                |    |                |                |
| Community Combon   |                |                |                |                 |                |                | _              |                | _              | _          | _              | _   |            |            | _              |    |                |                |

Family Daycare use type is proposed to be allowed in the General Rural regulatory zone. This is consistent with the other types of daycare uses.

Communication Facilities use type is proposed to be moved from the "Commercial" use table to the "Civic" use table, because these types of uses are generally under the purview of the Public Utilities Commission and are generally of a civic nature, in that they provide a service to the public (generally cellular phone service).

# Table 110.302.05.3 Commercial Use Types

Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25) | LDR                   | MDR             |                       | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/           | HDS            | LDU | MDU | HDU | GC                    | NC                    | тс             | ı                     | PSP         | PR             | os | GR          | GRA            |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|----|-------------|----------------|
| Limited Gaming Facilities                 |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     | -   | Р                     | Р                     | Р              | S <sub>2</sub>        |             | -              | -  |             |                |
| Marinas                                   |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     | -   | Р                     |                       | Р              |                       | Р           | Р              |    | Р           | S2             |
| Outdoor Entertainment                     |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     |                       |                       | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub>        | -           | s <sub>2</sub> |    |             |                |
| Outdoor Sports and Recreation             | S <sub>2</sub>        | S2              | S <sub>2</sub>        | S2            | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S2  | S2  | S2  | Р                     | Р                     | Р              | Р                     | S2          | Р              |    | Р           | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Outdoor Sports Club                       | S2                    |                 |                       |               | -              |                |     |     |     |                       |                       | S2             |                       | S2          | Р              |    | S           | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Unlimited Gaming Facilities               |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     |                       |                       | S <sub>2</sub> |                       | -           |                |    |             |                |
| Communication Facilities                  |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     |                       |                       |                |                       |             |                |    |             |                |
| Commercial Antennas                       | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | _             | _              | _              | _   | _   | _   | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | _              | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | <u>\$</u> 2 | _              | _  | <u>\$</u> 2 | _              |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                   | See Article 324       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     |                       |                       |                |                       |             |                |    |             |                |
| Wireless Communication Facilities         | See Article 324       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     |                       |                       |                |                       |             |                |    |             |                |
| Construction Sales and Services           |                       |                 |                       |               |                |                |     |     |     | Sa                    |                       |                | А                     |             |                |    |             |                |

The excerpt from the "Commercial" use table, above, simply shows where Communication Facilities use type has been deleted, as it is proposed to be moved to the "Civic" use table.

# Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)  | LDR            | MDR            | HDR            |   | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS | LDU            | MDU | HDU            | GC | NC | тс | ı | PSP      | PR | os | GR             | GRA |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|-----|----------------|-----|----------------|----|----|----|---|----------|----|----|----------------|-----|
| Marijuana Establishments                      |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                |    |    |    |   |          |    |    |                |     |
| Marijuana<br>Cultivation Facility             |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  |    |    | Α |          |    |    |                |     |
| Marijuana Product<br>Manufacturing Facility   |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  |    |    | Α |          |    |    |                |     |
| Marijuana Testing<br>Facility                 |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     | -              | Α  |    | 1  | Α |          |    |    | -              |     |
| Retail Marijuana Store/<br>Medical Dispensary |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  | Α  | Α  | Α |          |    |    |                |     |
| Marijuana Distributor                         |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  |    |    | Α |          |    |    |                |     |
| Medical Services                              |                |                |                |   |               |     | S <sub>2</sub> | S2  | S <sub>2</sub> | Α  | Α  |    |   | Α        |    |    |                |     |
| Nursery Sales                                 |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                |    |    |    |   |          |    |    |                |     |
| Retail  |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  | Α  |    | Α |          |    |    |                |     |
| Wholesale                                     | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |   |               |     |                |     |                | Α  |    |    | Α |          |    |    | S <sub>2</sub> | Α   |
| Personal Services                             | _              | _              | _              | _ | _             | _   | ₽              | ₽   | ₽              | A  | A  | A  | _ | _        | _  | _  | _              | _   |
| Personal Services                             |                |                |                |   |               |     | P              | P   | P              | A  | A  | A  | A | <u>A</u> |    |    |                |     |
| Porsonal Storago                              |                |                |                |   |               |     |                |     |                | _  |    |    | ۸ |          |    |    |                |     |

Personal services use type includes activities such as hair salons and driving schools. There have been inquiries regarding such uses in the Industrial and Public and Semi-Public Facilities regulatory zones. Such uses are appropriate and less intense that many other uses that are currently permissible in those zones. For that reason, allowing those uses within those zones is appropriate.

# Section 110.304.25 Commercial Use Types

(a) Administrative Offices. Administrative offices use type refers to offices or private firms or organizations which are primarily used for the provision of executive, management or administrative services. Typical uses include administrative offices and services including travel, secretarial services, telephone answering, photocopying and reproduction, information technology services, and business offices of public utilities, organizations and associations, or other use classifications when the service rendered is that customarily associated with administrative office services.

The proposed change to add information technology services to the Administrative Offices use type definition is simply a response to the increasing use of technology and provides additional clarity for classification of businesses.

(j) <u>Construction Sales and Services.</u> Construction sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in construction activities and incidental storage, as well as the retail or wholesale sale from the premises, of materials used in the construction of buildings or other structures. This use type does not include retail sales of paint, <u>fixtures</u> and hardware, or those uses classified as one of the automotive and equipment use types. This use type does not refer to actual construction sites. Typical uses include <u>contractors' office</u> <u>with or without an equipment yard</u>, tool and equipment rental, or sales and building material stores.

The proposed change to add contractors' offices with or without an equipment yard as an example of the Construction Sales and Services use type simply codifies the very common use that is often requested. Again, this is intended to add clarity for classification of businesses.

# Section 110.406.50 Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting.

- (c) <u>Specialty Fences.</u> Specialty fences are permitted in all regulatory zones with the following provisions:
  - (1) A specialty fence shall only be for the purposes of enclosing a tennis court, racquetball court, basketball court or other court-type recreational activity, and for exotic animals when a fence is pursuant to the issuance of a permit from the Washoe County Exotic Animal Board.
  - (2) A specialty fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The court or enclosure for which the fence is erected shall be located entirely to the side or rear of the main structure permitted on the property.
    - (ii) The fence may not be greater than ten (10) feet in height.

- (iii) The fence may not prevent viewing through the fence. It may not be solid.
- (iv) The fence must be of a color that blends with the background and in no instance may it be of a reflective material.
- (v) The fence shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the side or rear property lines.
- A specialty fence may be up to 30 feet in height for a baseball or softball backstop. A specialty fence may be any height, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, only when the fence is constructed for a civic use, such as a sports field.
- e) Security Fences. Security Fences are permitted in all regulatory zones on parcels of land that do not have a main use established, subject to compliance with all of the following standards:
  - (1) A security fence shall only be for the purpose of enclosing a vacant parcel of land to control access to that parcel of land.
  - (2) The allowable height of a security fence is defined at WCC 110.460.50.
  - (3) A building permit is required for construction of a security fence.
  - (2) A security fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The security fence shall only be located on the perimeter of the subject site, or adjacent to a public access easement.
    - (ii) The security fence shall be constructed only of chain link and shall not prevent viewing through it. No slats are allowed. It shall not be solid.
    - (iii) Construction of a security fence using any material other than chain link may be permitted, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, when the alternative material provides an equivalent level of security and does not inhibit view of the parcel of land. It shall not be solid.
    - (iv) The security fence must be supported by steel pipes, and those supports must be set securely in the ground and stabilized with concrete.

### **Section 110.902.15**

Fence, Security. "Security Fence" means a fence that is located on the property lines of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established and complies with WCC 110.406.50 (e).

Planning staff has brought proposed amendments relating to fencing to address a problem that has been observed on many occasions. It is relatively common for a property owner to wish to enclose their property. While there may be several reasons why a property owner may wish to enclose their property without first establishing a main use, the reason that is most often given is that vacant parcels are often used by individuals, other than the owner, for disposal of trash and inoperable vehicles. This often results in difficult and expensive clean-up on the part of the owner.

As the code currently exists, enclosure of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established is generally not permissible, as a fence has been determined to be an accessory use. Accessory uses are not permitted without a main use.

Currently, there is one exception. When the parcel is being used for agricultural purposes, Agricultural Fences are permissible, but Agricultural Fences may consist only of t-posts and wire, which is generally not effective in controlling unauthorized access to parcels of land.

Enclosure of an otherwise vacant parcel of land presents certain challenges as it is often then seen as a storage area and used for vehicles, trailers and equipment. Storage of such items on a parcel of land without a main use is not permitted. For that reason, standards have been crafted to require that security fences be constructed of chain link only and may not be solid. This will provide for the security that is often desired without creating a problem for enforcement activities related to storage on the parcel of land. Use of alternative fencing materials that provide similar security without obscuring view of the property are proposed to be permissible, subject to approval of a director's modification of standards.

Shortcomings within the code have also been identified with regards to specialty fences, which are permissible for the enclosure of sports courts and fields. However, specialty fences are limited to a maximum of 10 feet in height.

It has come to the attention of staff that any number of situations may occur in which additional height is needed. Some of these may be a backstop of a baseball diamond or along a golf course or driving range to ensure that balls are not hit onto roadways. For this reason, staff is proposing that specialty fences be permitted to be any height necessary, provided that the fence is for civic uses, subject to approval of a director's modification of standards, which will allow the Director to evaluate the unique characteristics of each situation and make a determination as to the reasonable height of a fence.

### **Findings**

Washoe County Code Section 110.818.15(e) requires the Planning Commission to make <u>at least one</u> of the following findings of fact. Staff provides the following evaluation for each of the findings of fact and recommends that the Planning Commission make all four findings in support of the proposed Development Code Amendment.

- 1. <u>Consistency with Master Plan</u>. The proposed Development Code Amendment is in substantial compliance with the policies and action programs of the Washoe County Master Plan.
  - <u>Staff comment:</u> None of the proposed amendments conflict with the policies and action programs of the Master Plan.
- Promotes the Purpose of the Development Code. The proposed Development Code Amendment will not adversely impact the public health, safety or welfare, and will promote the original purposes for the Development Code as expressed in Article 918, Adoption of Development Code.
  - <u>Staff comment:</u> The proposed amendments promote the original purposes of the Development Code as expressed in Article 918, particularly to promote the economic and social advantages gained from an appropriately regulated use of land resources.
- Response to Changed Conditions. The proposed Development Code Amendment responds to changed conditions or further studies that have occurred since the Development Code was adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, and the requested amendment allow for a more desirable utilization of land within the regulatory zones.
  - <u>Staff comment:</u> The proposed amendments respond to requests from citizens and business owners regarding uses within various regulatory zones. Updates such as this

- one are typical of the constant desire to maintain the Development Code to address current trends in business.
- 4. <u>No Adverse Affects</u>. The proposed Development Code Amendment will not adversely affect the implementation of the policies and action programs of the Conservation Element or the Population Element of the Washoe County Master Plan.

<u>Staff comment:</u> The proposed Development Code Amendments are not anticipated to adversely affect the implementation of the policies and action programs of the Conservation Element or the Population Element of the Washoe County Master Plan.

### **Public Notice**

Pursuant to Washoe County Code Section 110.818.20, notice of this public hearing was published in the newspaper at least 10 days prior to this meeting.

### **Recommendation**

It is recommended that the Washoe County Planning Commission recommend approval of WDCA22-0004, to amend Washoe County Chapter 110 (Development Code) within Article 302 <u>Allowed Uses</u>, Article 304 <u>Use Classification System</u>, Article 406 <u>Building Placement Standards</u> and Article 902 Definitions. The following motion is provided for your consideration.

# **Motion**

I move that, after giving reasoned consideration to the information contained in the staff report and information received during the public hearing, the Washoe County Planning Commission recommend approval of WDCA22-0004, to adopt an ordinance amending Washoe County Chapter 110 (Development Code) within Article 302 Allowed Uses, Article 304 Use Classification System, Article 406 Building Placement Standards, and Article 902 Definitions. I further move to authorize the Chair to sign the resolution contained in Attachment A on behalf of the Washoe County Planning Commission and to direct staff to present a report of this Commission's recommendation to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners within 60 days of today's date. This recommendation for approval is based on all of the following four findings in accordance with Washoe County Code Section 110.818.15(e):

- 1. <u>Consistency with Master Plan</u>. The proposed Development Code Amendment is in substantial compliance with the policies and action programs of the Washoe County Master Plan:
- Promotes the Purpose of the Development Code. The proposed Development Code Amendment will not adversely impact the public health, safety or welfare, and will promote the original purposes for the Development Code as expressed in Article 918, Adoption of Development Code;
- Response to Changed Conditions. The proposed Development Code Amendment responds to changed conditions or further studies that have occurred since the Development Code was adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, and the requested amendment allow for a more desirable utilization of land within the regulatory zones; and,
- 4. <u>No Adverse Affects</u>. The proposed Development Code Amendment will not adversely affect the implementation of the policies and action programs of the Conservation Element or the Population Element of the Washoe County Master Plan.

# **Appeal Process**

An appeal of the Planning Commission's denial of a Development Code Amendment may be made to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners within 10 calendar days from the date that the Planning Commission's decision is filed with the Secretary to the Planning Commission, pursuant to Washoe County Code Section 110.818.25 and Washoe County Code Section 110.912.20.



#### RESOLUTION OF THE WASHOE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

INITIATING AND RECOMMENDING APPROVAL OF AN ORNINANCE AMENDING THE WASHOE COUNTY CODE AT CHAPTER 110 (DEVELOPMENT CODE) WITHIN ARTICLE 302 ALLOWED USES, ARTICLE 304 USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, ARTICLE 406 BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS, AND ARTICLE 902 DEFINITIONS TO: PROVIDE CLARITY ON SINGLE-FAMILY ACCESSORY USES: ALLOW CHILD CARE. FAMILY DAYCARE USE TYPE WITHIN THE GENERAL RURAL AND NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL REGULATORY ZONES: ALLOW LARGE-FAMILY DAYCARE USE TYPE WITH AN ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT INSTEAD OF A SPECIAL USE PERMIT IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL REGULATORY ZONE: ALLOW PERSONAL SERVICES USE TYPE WITHIN THE INDUSTRIAL AND PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC FACILITIES REGULATORY ZONES: INCLUDE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES USE TYPE: INCLUDE CONTRACTORS' OFFICE WITH OR WITHOUT AN EQUIPMENT YARD AS AN EXAMPLE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SALES AND SERVICES USE TYPE AND CREATE A DEFINITION FOR "SECURITY FENCE" AND PROVIDE STANDARDS FOR ALLOWING SECURITY FENCING ON PARCELS OF LAND THAT DO NOT HAVE AN ESTABLISHED MAIN USE; AND ALLOW FOR TALL SPECIALTY FENCING FOR USES SUCH AS BALLPARKS AND SPORTS FIELDS: AND PLACE COMMUNICATION FACILITIES IN THE "CIVIC" RATHER THAN THE "COMMERCIAL" USE TABLE; AND ALL MATTERS NECESSARILY CONNECTED THEREWITH AND PERTAINING THERE-TO.

#### Resolution Number 23-08

### WHEREAS;

- A. Washoe County Code Section 110.818.05 requires that amendments to Washoe County Code Chapter 110 (Development Code) be initiated by resolution of the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners or the Washoe County Planning Commission; and
- B. The Washoe County Planning Commission initiated amendments to the Washoe County Code at Chapter 110 (Development Code) within Article 302 Allowed Uses, Article 304 Use Classification System, Article 406 Building Placement Standards and Article 902 Definitions, on April 4, 2023 as fully described in Exhibit A-1 to this resolution; and
- C. Development Code Amendment Case Number WDCA22-0004, came before the Washoe County Planning Commission for a duly noticed public hearing on April 4, 2023; and
- D. The Washoe County Planning Commission gave reasoned consideration to the information it received regarding the proposed Development Code Amendment; and
- E. Whereas, pursuant to Washoe County Code Section 110.818.15(e), the Washoe County Planning Commission made the following findings to support its recommendation for adoption of the proposed Development Code Amendment Case Number WDCA22-0004:
  - 1. <u>Consistency with Master Plan</u>. The proposed amendment is in substantial compliance with the policies and action programs of the Washoe County Master Plan;

Planning Commission Resolution 23-xx

Meeting Date: March 7, 2023

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 Promotes the Purpose of the Development Code. The proposed development code amendment will not adversely impact the public health, safety or welfare, and will promote the original purposes for the Development Code as expressed in Article 918, Adoption of Development Code;

- Response to Changed Conditions. The proposed development code amendment responds to changed conditions or further studies that have occurred since the Development Code was adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, and the requested amendment allow for a more desirable utilization of land within the regulatory zones; and,
- 4. <u>No Adverse Affects</u>. The proposed development code amendment will not adversely affect the implementation of the policies and action programs of the Conservation Element or the Population Element of the Washoe County Master Plan.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the Washoe County Planning Commission recommends approval of the ordinance attached hereto as Exhibit A-1.

A report describing this amendment, discussion at this public hearing, this recommendation, and the vote on the recommendation will be forwarded to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners within 60 days of this resolution's adoption date.

| ADOPTED on April 4, 2023. |                                   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ATTEST:                   | WASHOE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION |
| Trevor Lloyd, Secretary   | Francine Donschick, Chair         |

# Article 302 ALLOWED USES

#### Sections:

| 110.302.00 | Purpose                           |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| 110.302.05 | Table of Uses                     |
| 110.302.10 | Use Classification System         |
| 110.302.15 | Types of Review                   |
| 110.302.20 | Projects of Regional Significance |
| 110.302.25 | Accessory Uses and Structures     |
| 110.302.30 | Temporary Uses and Structures     |
| 110.302.35 | Uses in Airport Critical Areas    |
| 110.302.40 | Uses in River Corridor            |

<u>Section 110.302.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 302, Allowed Uses, is to prescribe the uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone. Any variance to the Table of Uses (Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5) would constitute an action that would allow a land use in contravention to the applicable regulatory zone. Such actions are prohibited by Article 804, Variances, and a variance application cannot be accepted.

[Amended by Ord. 1040, provisions eff. 11/1/98.]

<u>Section 110.302.05 Table of Uses.</u> The uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone are set forth in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5. The regulatory zones are indicated in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 as follows:

- (a) Low Density Rural is indicated as "LDR";
- (b) Medium Density Rural is indicated as "MDR";
- (c) High Density Rural is indicated as "HDR";
- (d) Low Density Suburban is indicated as "LDS";
- (e) Medium Density Suburban is indicated as "MDS";
- (f) High Density Suburban is indicated as "HDS";
- (g) Low Density Urban is indicated as "LDU";
- (h) Medium Density Urban is indicated as "MDU";
- (i) High Density Urban is indicated as "HDU";

- (j) General Commercial is indicated as "GC";
- (k) Neighborhood Commercial/Office is indicated as "NC";
- (I) Tourist Commercial is indicated as "TC";
- (m) Industrial is indicated as "I";
- (n) Public/Semi-Public Facilities is indicated as "PSP";
- (o) Parks and Recreation is indicated as "PR";
- (p) Open Space is indicated as "OS";
- (q) General Rural is indicated as "GR"; and
- (r) General Rural Agricultural is indicated as "GRA."

#### Table 110.302.05.1

# TABLE OF USES (Residential Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Residential Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.15)                | LDR  | MDR      | HDR | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4        | HDS            | LDU            | MDU   | HDU   | GC | NC    | тс             | ı              | PSP            | PR | os       | GR             | GRA |
|--|--|----------|-----|---------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|----|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------|----------------|-----|
| Family Residential   |  |          |     |               |                      |                |                |       |       |    |       |                |                |                |    |          |                |     |
| Attached Accessory Dwelling                                  | A  | A        | A   | A             | A                    | A              | A              | A     | A     |    |       |                |                |                |    |          | A              | A   |
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                                  | AR   | AR       | AR  | AR            | \$ <sub>2</sub>      | _              | -              | -     | -     | -  | -     | -              | -              | _              | -  | -        | A              | A   |
| Detached Accessory Structure                                 | A  | A        | A   | A             | A                    | A              | A              | A     | A     | 1  | A     | 1              | 1              |                | 1  | 1        | A              | A   |
| Duplex   |  |          | -   | Р             | Р                    | Р              | Р              | Р     | Α     | -  | $s_2$ | -              | -              |                | -  |          | -              |     |
| Multi Family   |  |          |     |               |                      |                | Р              | Р     | Α     |    | $s_2$ |                |                |                |    |          |                |     |
| Single Family, Attached                                      |  |          |     | Α             | Α                    | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α     |    | $S_2$ |                |                |                | Р  |          |                | Α   |
| Single Family, Detached                                      | Α  | Α        | Α   | Α             | Α                    | Α              | Α              | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |    | $s_2$ |                |                |                | Р  |          | Α              | Α   |
| Attached Accessory Dwelling                                  | A  | <u>A</u> | A   | A             | A                    | A              | A              | A     | A     | _  | _     | -              | -              | _              | -  | -11      | A              | A   |
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                                  | <u>AR</u>  | AR       | AR  | <u>AR</u>     | <u>s<sub>2</sub></u> | =              | =              | =     | =     | =  | =     | =              | =              | =              | =  | <u> </u> | A              | A   |
| Detached Accessory<br>Structure                              | A  | A        | A   | A             | A                    | A              | A              | A     | A     |    | A     |                | =              | <u>-</u>       |    |          | A              | A   |
| Non-municipal Air Strips and<br>Glider Ports (Accessory Use) | s <sub>2</sub>   |          | ł   |               |                      |                | 1              | 1     |       | 1  | 1     | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | 1  | 1        | s <sub>2</sub> |     |
| Personal Landing Field (Accessory Use)                       | s <sub>2</sub>   |          |     |               |                      |                |                |       | 1     | 1  |       | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | -  | 1        | s <sub>2</sub> |     |
| Manufactured Home Parks                                      | *  | *        | *   | *             | *                    | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | *     | *     |    |       |                |                |                |    | 1        | *              |     |
| Group Home   | Α  | Α        | Α   | Α             | Α                    | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α     |    | $s_2$ |                |                |                | Р  | -        | Α              | Α   |
| Short-Term Rental<br>(see Article 319)                       | Note: All of the below STR Tiers require the issuance of an STR permit, regardless of required review process. |          |     |               |                      |                |                |       |       |    |       |                | /iew           |                |    |          |                |     |
| Tier 1   | Α  | Α        | Α   | Α             | Α                    | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α  | Α     | Α              |                |                |    |          | Α              | Α   |
| Tier 2   | AR   | AR       | AR  | AR            | AR                   | AR             | AR             | AR    | AR    | Α  | AR    | Α              |                |                |    |          | AR             | AR  |

|   | Tier 3 |       |     |        |      |     |      |      |    |   |       |          | s <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> | 1   |    |        |        |    |       |
|---|--------|-------|-----|--------|------|-----|------|------|----|---|-------|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|----|--------|--------|----|-------|
| k | Кеу:   | <br>= | Not | allowe | d; A | = ۸ | Allo | wed; | AR | = | Admir | nistrati | ive            | Revie          | w; F           | > = | Ad | minist | rative | Pe | rmit; |

--- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; AR = Administrative Review; P = Administrative Permit; P = Park =

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

### Table 110.302.05.2

# TABLE OF USES (Civic Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Civic Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.20) | LDR             | MDR            | HDR            | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4   | HDS             | LDU             | MDU             | HDU             | GC             | NC              | тс             | I              | PSP            | PR             | os    | GR             | GRA             |
|---|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|
| Administrative Services                 | -               |                |                | 1              | -               |                 | Р               | Р               | Р               | Α              | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |       | 1              | -               |
| Child Care                              |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Family Daycare                          | A               | A              | A              | A              | A               | A               | A               | A               | A               | _              | ₽               | _              | _              | _              | _              | _     | _              | A               |
| Family Daycare                          | A               | A              | A              | A              | <u>A</u>        | A               | A               | A               | A               | ==             | A               | ==             | ==             | =              | ==             | ==    | A              | <u>A</u>        |
| Large-Family Daycare                    | \$ <sub>2</sub> | <u>\$</u> 2    | <u>\$</u> 2    | <u>\$</u> 2    | \$ <sub>2</sub> | -              | \$ <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                |                |       | ₽              | \$ <sub>2</sub> |
| Large-Family Daycare                    | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2     | <u>S</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>s</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2      | ==             | P               | ==             | ==             | ==             | ==             | ==    | <u>P</u>       | <u>S</u> 2      |
| Child Daycare                           | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | s <sub>2</sub>  | Р              | Р               | Р              | Р              | Р              | $s_2$          |       | $s_2$          |                 |
| Communication Facilities                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Commercial Antennas                     | <u>s</u> 2      | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | -              | <u></u>         | _               | _               |                 | -               | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2      | _              | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | _              | _     | <u>s</u> 2     |                 |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                 | Sec             | Artic          | cle 32         | <u>4</u>       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Wireless Communication Facilities       | Sec             | e Artic        | cle 32         | <u>4</u>       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Community Center                        |                 |                |                | -              |                 |                 | Р               | Р               | Р               | Α              | s <sub>2</sub>  | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |       | -              |                 |
| Community Garden                        | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α              | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α               |
| Convalescent Services                   |                 |                |                | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | Р               | Р               | Р               | Р              | $s_2$           |                |                | Р              |                |       |                |                 |
| Cultural and Library Services           | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $S_2$          | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | Α               | Α               | Α              | Α               | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |       | Α              | $s_2$           |
| Education                               |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Private School Facilities               | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$           | $s_2$          |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |       | $s_2$          | $s_2$           |
| Public School Facilities                | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α              | Α               | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |       | Α              | Α               |
| Group Care Facility                     | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | Р              | Р               | -              |                |                |                |       | $s_2$          |                 |
| Hospital Services                       |                 |                |                | 1              | -               |                 |                 | 1               |                 | Α              | $s_2$           | 1              |                | Α              |                |       | 1              | $s_2$           |
| Major Services and Utilities            |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Utility Services                        | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          |                 |
| Major Public Facilities                 |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 | $s_2$          |                 | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $S_2$          | $s_2$          |       | $s_2$          |                 |
| Nature Center                           |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 | S <sub>2</sub> |                 | S <sub>2</sub> |                |                | $S_2$          |       | S <sub>2</sub> |                 |
| Parks and Recreation                    |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                |                |                |                |       |                |                 |
| Active Recreation                       | PR              | PR             | PR             | PR             | PR              | PR              | PR              | PR              | PR              | PR             | PR              | PR             | PR             | Α              | Α              |       | PR             | $s_2$           |
| Passive Recreation                      | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α              | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α               |
| Postal Services                         |                 |                |                | -              |                 |                 | Р               | Р               | Р               | Α              | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |       | -              |                 |
| Public Parking Services                 |                 |                |                | -              |                 |                 |                 | Α               | Α               | Α              | Α               | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |       | -              |                 |
| Public Service Yard                     |                 |                |                |                |                 |                 |                 |                 |                 |                |                 |                | Α              | S <sub>2</sub> |                |       | $S_2$          | Α               |
| Religious Assembly                      | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | Р              | Р               | Р              | Р              | P              | Р              |       | s <sub>2</sub> | Α               |
| Safety Services                         | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$          | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |       | S <sub>2</sub> |                 |

Key: -- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

### Table 110.302.05.3

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)                            |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
|--|-------|-------|-------|---------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|-----|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| (360001110.304.23)   | LDR   | MDR   | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS   | LDU            | MDU            | HDU   | GC    | NC    | тс             | ı              | PSP | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
| Administrative Offices   |       |       | 1     | 1             | -              | 1     | Р              | Р              | Р     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α   | Р              | 1  |                |                |
| Adult Characterized Business (see<br>Chapter 25, Washoe County Code) |       | -     | 1     |               |                | -     |                |                | 1     | -     | -     | 1              |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Animal Sales and Services  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Kennels   | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$         |                |       |                |                |       | $s_2$ |       |                | $s_2$          |     |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |
| Commercial Stables   | $s_2$ | $S_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$         |                |       |                |                |       |       |       | $s_2$          |                |     | $s_2$          |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
|  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    | *S             | See            |
|  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                | e 226          |
|  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                | Varm           |
|  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    | _              | ings<br>cels.  |
| Dog Training Services (see<br>Article 330                            | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α             | А              | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α   | Α              | Α  | Α              | Α              |
| Grooming and Pet Stores  |       |       |       | $s_2$         | $s_2$          | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ | Α     | Α     |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Pet Cemeteries   | Р     | Р     | Р     | 1             | -              | 1     | 1              | 1              | 1     | $s_2$ | 1     | 1              | 1              | Α   |                | -  | Р              | -              |
| Veterinary Services, Agricultural                                    | Р     | Р     | Р     | Р             |                |       |                |                | -     | $S_2$ |       |                |                |     |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Veterinary Services, Pets  |       | -     |       | $S_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ | Α     | Α     |                | Р              |     |                |    |                | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Automotive and Equipment   |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Automotive Repair  |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | -     | Р     |       |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Automotive Sales and Rentals   |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | $S_2$ | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Cleaning   |       |       | 1     | 1             | -              | 1     | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              | 1   |                | -  |                | -              |
| Commercial Parking   |       | -     | -     | 1             |                | 1     | Р              | Р              | Р     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Equipment Repair and Sales   |       | -     |       | -             |                | -     |                |                | 1     | $s_2$ | -     |                | Α              | -   |                |    |                |                |
| Fabricated Housing Sales   |       | -     |       | -             |                | -     |                |                | 1     | Α     | -     |                | Α              | -   |                |    |                |                |
| Storage of Operable Vehicles   |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | -     | $S_2$ |       |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Truck Stops  |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | -     | $S_2$ |       | $S_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> |     |                |    |                |                |
| Building Maintenance Services  |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | -     | Α     | Α     |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Centers   |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Neighborhood Centers   |       | -     |       | $S_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ | Р              | Р              | Р     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Community Centers  |       | -     |       | -             |                | -     |                |                | 1     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          |                | -   |                |    |                |                |
| Regional Centers   |       | -     |       |               |                |       |                |                | -     | $S_2$ |       | $s_2$          |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Educational Services                                      |       |       |       |               |                | -     | Р              | Р              | Р     | Α     | Α     |                | Α              | Α   |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Recreation  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Campground<br>Facilities/RV Park                          |       |       | -     |               |                |       |                |                | 1     |       |       | s <sub>2</sub> |                |     | s <sub>2</sub> |    | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Destination Resorts  |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       |       |       | $S_2$          |                |     | s <sub>2</sub> |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Indoor Entertainment   |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       | Α     | Р     | Α              |                | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Indoor Sports and Recreation   |       |       |       |               |                |       |                |                |       | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | Р              | $s_2$          | Р   | Р              |    |                |                |

Key:

<sup>--- =</sup> Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c);  $S_1$  = Planning Commission Special Use Permit;  $S_2$  = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

<sup>\*</sup> The provisions listed in Table 110.302.05.3 requiring a special use permit for Commercial Stables [as defined in Section 110.304.25(c)(2)] in GR and GRA are hereby modified to be consistent with Article 226, Warm Springs Area.

# Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25) | LDR             | MDR            | HDR            | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс    | ı              | PSP            | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
|---|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| Limited Gaming Facilities                 | 1               |                | 1              |               |                |                | ı              | ı              | 1              | Р              | Р              | Р     | $s_2$          | 1              | 1              | 1  | 1              |                |
| Marinas                                   | 1               |                | -              |               |                |                | 1              | 1              | 1              | Р              | -              | Р     | 1              | Р              | Р              | -  | Р              | $s_2$          |
| Outdoor Entertainment                     | -               |                |                |               |                |                | -              | -              | -              |                | 1              | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | 1              | $s_2$          |    |                |                |
| Outdoor Sports and Recreation             | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$         | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | Р              | Р              | Р     | Р              | $s_2$          | Р              | -  | Р              | $s_2$          |
| Outdoor Sports Club                       | $s_2$           |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | $S_2$ |                | $S_2$          | Р              |    | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Unlimited Gaming Facilities               |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$ |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Communication Facilities                  |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Antennas                       | <del>\$</del> 2 | <del>S</del> 2 | <del>S</del> 2 | _             | _              | -              | 1              | 1              | 1              | <del>S</del> 2 | <del>S</del> 2 | 1     | <del>S</del> 2 | <del>S</del> 2 | 1              | -  | <del>S</del> 2 |                |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                   | Sec             | e Artic        | le 324         | ļ             |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Wireless Communication Facilities         | Sec             | e Artic        | le 324         | ļ             |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Construction Sales and Services           |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                |       | Α              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Continuum of Care Facilities,<br>Seniors  |                 |                |                |               | s <sub>2</sub> |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Convention and Meeting Facilities         |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р     |                | Р              | S <sub>2</sub> |    |                |                |
| Data Center                               | -               |                |                |               |                |                | -              | -              | -              | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$ | Α              | $S_2$          | -              |    | $S_2$          |                |
| Eating and Drinking Establishments        |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | _              |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Convenience                               | -               |                |                |               |                |                | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р              | 1              | -              |    | -              |                |
| Full Service                              |                 |                |                |               |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р              | 1              |                |    |                |                |
| Financial Services                        |                 |                |                |               |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Funeral and Internment Services           |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Cemeteries                                | Р               | Р              | Р              |               |                |                | -              | -              | -              | S <sub>2</sub> |                | -     | 1              | Α              |                |    | Р              | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Undertaking                               |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Α              |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Gasoline Sales and Service Stations       | -               |                |                |               |                |                | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α              | -              | -              |    | $S_2$          |                |
| Helicopter Services                       |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Heliport                                  |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | $S_2$          |                |       | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> |                |
| Helistop                                  | $S_2$           |                |                |               |                |                | -              | -              | -              | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> |                |
| Liquor Manufacturing                      |                 |                |                |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Р              | Α     | Α              | -              |                |    |                |                |
| Liquor Sales                              |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Off-Premises                              |                 |                |                |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| On-Premises                               |                 |                |                |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Р              | Α     | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Lodging Services                          |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Bed and Breakfast Inns                    | $s_2$           | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$         | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |                | Р     | -              | -              | -              | -  | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Condominium Hotel                         |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                | A              | S <sub>2</sub> | Α     |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Hostels                                   |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р     | -              | -              | Р              |    |                |                |
| Hotels and Motels                         | 1               |                | -              |               |                |                | ı              | ı              | -              | Α              | $s_2$          | Α     | -              | -              |                | -  |                |                |
| Vacation Time Shares                      |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р     |                |                |                |    |                |                |
|   |                 |                |                |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |                |

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# Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)   | LDR   | MDR   | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS            | LDU            | MDU   | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс | I              | PSP | PR | os | GR    | GRA |
|--|-------|-------|-------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|-----|----|----|-------|-----|
| Marijuana Establishments                       |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana<br>Cultivation Facility              |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility       | -     | -     | -     |                | 1             |                | 1              |       |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    | 1     |     |
| Marijuana Testing Facility                     | 1     | 1     | 1     |                | ŀ             |                | 1              |       |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    | 1     |     |
| Retail Marijuana Store/<br>Medical Dispensary  |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana Distributor                          |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Medical Services                               |       |       |       |                |               |                | $S_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | Α              | Α              |    |                | Α   |    |    |       |     |
| Nursery Sales                                  |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Retail   | -     | -     | -     |                | -             |                | -              |       |                | Α              | Α              |    | Α              |     |    |    | -     |     |
| Wholesale                                      | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    | $s_2$ | Α   |
| Personal Services                              | 1     | 1     | 1     |                | -             | -              | ₽              | ₽     | ₽              | A              | A              | A  |                |     | _  | -  | -     | -   |
| Personal Services                              | - 11  | - 11  | - 11  |                | -             |                | P              | P     | P              | A              | A              | A  | A              | A   |    | == | - 11  | ==  |
| Personal Storage                               |       |       |       |                |               |                | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | S <sub>2</sub> |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Professional Services                          |       |       |       |                |               |                | Р              | Р     | Р              | Α              | Α              |    | Р              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Recycle Center                                 |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Full Service Recycle Center                    |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Remote Collection Facility                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$         | S <sub>2</sub> | Р              | Р     | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р  | Α              | Р   | Р  |    |       |     |
| Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |    | s <sub>2</sub> |     |    |    |       |     |
| Repair Services, Consumer                      |       |       |       |                |               |                | -              |       |                | Α              | Α              |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Retail Sales                                   |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Convenience                                    | -     | -     | -     | $S_2$          | $S_2$         | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$ | $S_2$          | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Specialty Stores                               |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              | Р              | Α  |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Comparison Shopping Centers                    |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              |                | Α  |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Secondhand Sales                               |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Transportation Services                        |       |       |       |                |               |                |                |       |                | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Winery   | Α     | Α     | Α     | Р              | Р             |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    | Α     | Α   |
| Winery with Special Events                     | Р     | Р     | Р     |                |               |                |                |       |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    | Р     | Р   |

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Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

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### Table 110.302.05.4

# TABLE OF USES (Industrial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Industrial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.30) | LDR   | MDR            | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU | HDU | GC             | NC             | тс    | ı              | PSP   | PR | os             | GR             | GRA   | SP |
|--|-------|----------------|-------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|----|----------------|----------------|-------|----|
| Aggregate Facilities                         |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Permanent                                    | $s_2$ |                |       |               |               |     |     |     | -   | -              | -              | -     | $s_2$          | -     | 1  |                | s <sub>2</sub> | 1     | -  |
| Temporary                                    | See   | e Article      | 332   |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Caretaker's Residence                        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Attached                                     | -     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                | -     | Α              | 1     | -  | ı              | -              |       | SP |
| Detached                                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | Р              |       |    | -              |                |       | SP |
| Custom Manufacturing                         | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |               |               |     |     |     |     | S <sub>2</sub> |                | $S_2$ | Α              |       |    | -              | $S_2$          |       | SP |
| Energy Production                            |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Non-Renewable*                               | $s_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |    | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |       |    |
| Renewable*                                   | $s_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | $s_2$          |                | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | -  | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | SP |
| General Industrial                           |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Limited                                      | 1     | -              |       |               |               |     | -   |     | 1   | 1              | 1              | 1     | Α              | 1     | 1  | 1              | 1              | 1     | SP |
| Intermediate                                 |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | Α              |       |    | -              |                |       | SP |
| Heavy  |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | $s_2$          |       |    | -              |                |       |    |
| High Technology Industry                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |       | Α              |       |    | -              | $S_2$          |       | SP |
| Inoperable Vehicle Storage                   | ı     | -              |       |               |               |     | -   |     | 1   | 1              | 1              | 1     | $s_2$          | -     | 1  | 1              | 1              | 1     | SP |
| Laundry Services                             | -     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | Р              |                | -     | Α              | 1     | -  | ı              | -              |       | SP |
| Mining Operations                            | $s_2$ |                |       |               |               |     |     |     | -   | -              | -              | -     | $s_2$          | -     | 1  | -              | $s_2$          | -     | -  |
| Petroleum Gas Extraction                     | 1     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     | -   | -              | -              |       | $s_2$          |       | 1  | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | -     |    |
| Salvage Yards                                | 1     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | s <sub>2</sub> |       | -  |                | -              |       |    |
| Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       |                |       |    |                |                |       |    |
| Light  |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |                |       | Α              |       |    |                |                |       | SP |
| Heavy  | -     | -              |       |               |               |     | -   |     | -   | -              | -              | -     | Р              |       | -  | -              | -              | -     |    |

Key:

-- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit Note: \* If a special use permit for an energy production project meets the criteria for a project of regional significance, that special use permit will be reviewed by the Washoe County Planning Commission.

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

#### Table 110.302.05.5

# TABLE OF USES (Agricultural Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Agricultural Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.15) | LDR   | MDR   | HDR   |       | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | LDU  | MDU | HDU | GC | NC | тс | I              | PSP | PR    | os    | GR             | GRA            |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|------|-----|-----|----|----|----|----------------|-----|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Agricultural Processing                        |       |       |       |       |               | <br> |     |     |    |    |    | Α              |     |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              |
| Agricultural Sales                             | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |               | <br> |     |     | Α  |    |    | Α              |     | -     | -     | $s_2$          | Α              |
| Animal Production                              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α     | -             | <br> |     |     | 1  |    |    |                |     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | Α              | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α     | -             | <br> |     |     | 1  |    |    |                |     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering, Commercial                |       |       |       |       |               | <br> |     |     |    |    |    | s <sub>2</sub> |     |       |       |                |                |
| Animal Slaughtering, Mobile                    | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | -             | <br> |     |     | -  |    |    |                |     | -     | -     | $S_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Crop Production                                | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α             | <br> |     |     | Α  | Α  |    |                |     | PR    | Α     | Α              | Α              |
| Forest Products                                | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |       | -             | <br> |     |     | 1  |    |    |                |     | 1     | $s_2$ | Р              |                |
| Game Farms                                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |       | -             | <br> |     |     | -  |    |    |                |     | -     | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Produce Sales                                  | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |               | <br> |     |     | -  |    |    |                |     | -     | -     | Α              | Α              |

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Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1039, provisions eff. 11/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1378, provisions eff. 8/1/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1443, provisions eff. 7/26/10; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1494, provisions eff. 8/9/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1513, provisions eff. 7/12/13; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1532, provisions eff. 6/27/14; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord. 1561, provisions eff. 7/3/15; Ord. 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff. 4/20/18; Ord. 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18; Ord. 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21; Ord. 1686, provisions eff. 5/20/22.]

<u>Section 110.302.10 Use Classification System.</u> The land use categories that are listed in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 are described in Article 304, Use Classification System.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.15 Types of Review.</u> Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 indicate the types of review required as follows:

- (a) <u>Allowed Use.</u> A letter "A" indicates that a use is allowed but the use shall comply with the provisions of the Development Code.
- (b) <u>Administrative Permit.</u> A letter "P" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of an administrative permit pursuant to Article 808, Administrative Permits.

- (c) <u>Planning Commission Special Use Permit.</u> A letter "S<sub>1</sub>" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of a special use permit approved by the Planning Commission pursuant to Article 810, Special Use Permits.
- (d) <u>Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit.</u> A letter "S<sub>2</sub>" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of a special use permit approved by the Board of Adjustment pursuant to Article 810, Special Use Permits.
- (e) <u>Uses Not Allowed.</u> A designation "--" indicates that a use is not allowed within the regulatory zone.
- (f) <u>Administrative Review.</u> A designation "AR" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of an administrative review permit pursuant to Article 809, Administrative Review Permits.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21.]

<u>Section 110.302.20 Projects of Regional Significance.</u> Projects of regional significance are subject to the provisions of Article 812, Projects of Regional Significance, which requires additional review.

<u>Section 110.302.25 Accessory Uses and Structures.</u> Accessory uses and accessory structures are governed by Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures.

[Section 110.302.25 renamed from "Accessory Uses" and amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.30 Temporary Uses and Structures.</u> Temporary uses and temporary structures are governed by Article 310, Temporary Uses and Structures.

[Section 110.302.30 renamed from "Temporary Uses" and amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.35</u> <u>Uses in Airport Critical Areas.</u> In addition to the provisions of this article, uses with the following characteristics shall be prohibited in an airport critical area, as adopted in the Washoe County Master Plan:

- (a) <u>High Density.</u> Uses with high residential, labor or other high population concentration characteristics of a permanent or extended duration.
- (b) <u>Special Populations.</u> Uses that concentrate people unable to respond to emergency situations such as children, elderly and handicapped persons.
- (c) <u>Areawide Utilities.</u> Uses that involve the provision of utilities and services provided for areawide population where disruption would have an adverse impact (such as telephone, gas, etc.).
- (d) <u>Hazardous Characteristics.</u> Uses that involve explosives, fire, toxic materials, corrosive materials or other hazardous characteristics.
- (e) <u>Hazards to Aircraft.</u> Uses that pose particular hazards to aircraft, as identified and adopted by the Executive Board of the Airport Authority of Washoe County and adopted herein.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10.]

<u>Section 110.302.40 Uses in River Corridor.</u> In addition to the provisions of this article, all uses in a river corridor, as designated in the Washoe County Master Plan, shall comply with the provisions of Article 430, River Corridor Development.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10.]

[Section 110.302.45 entitled "Excavation and Grading" added by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93 and repealed by Ord. 1236, provisions eff. 5/21/04.]

# Article 304

# USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

#### Sections:

| 110.304.00 | Purpose                      |
|------------|------------------------------|
| 110.304.05 | Classification Rules         |
| 110.304.10 | Authority and Responsibility |
| 110.304.15 | Residential Use Types        |
| 110.304.20 | Civic Use Types              |
| 110.304.25 | Commercial Use Types         |
| 110.304.30 | Industrial Use Types         |
| 110.304.35 | Agricultural Use Types       |
|            |                              |

<u>Section 110.304.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 304, Use Classification System, is to classify uses according to a limited number of use types on the basis of common functional, product or compatibility characteristics, thereby providing a basis for regulation of uses in accordance with criteria which are directly relevant to the public interest. These provisions shall apply throughout the Development Code.

<u>Section 110.304.05 Classification Rules.</u> Uses will be classified into use types based upon the descriptions in Section 110.304.15 through Section 110.304.35, inclusive. The classifications shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) Types of Uses Regulated. Only principal uses are included within the use classification system. Accessory uses and temporary uses are regulated by Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures, and Article 310, Temporary Uses and Structures, respectively.
- (b) <u>Typical Uses within Use Types.</u> The description of the use types in this article often contain usual and customary uses classified within that use type. These usual and customary uses are examples and are not meant to include all uses that may properly be classified within the use type.
- (c) <u>Classifying New Uses.</u> New uses shall be classified into use types based upon the description of the use types and upon characteristics similar to other uses already classified within the use type, subject to the applicable provisions of subsection (d) of the section. The North American Industry Classification System shall be used to help define new uses when deemed appropriate by the Director of Community Development.
- (d) <u>Classifying Several Uses on the Same Parcel.</u> The principal uses conducted on a single parcel shall be classified separately.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10.]

<u>Section 110.304.10 Authority and Responsibility.</u> The Director of Community Development shall have the following authority and responsibilities with respect to the use classification system:

- (a) <u>Classifying Uses.</u> The Director of Community Development shall have the authority to classify uses according to use types or to determine that a use does not fit under any use type and, therefore, is not permitted. The classification of a use is an administrative decision without notice and hearing, except that an applicant can appeal the decision pursuant to Article 808, Administrative Permits.
- (b) <u>List of Uses.</u> The Director of Community Development shall develop and maintain an administrative list of common uses and the use types into which they are classified.

<u>Section 110.304.15</u> Residential Use Types. Residential use types include the occupancy of living accommodations, but exclude institutional living arrangements providing twenty-four-hour skilled nursing, custodial or medical care and those providing forced residence, such as asylums and prisons.

- (a) <u>Family Residential.</u> The family residential use type refers to the occupancy of living quarters by one (1) or more families. The following are family residential use types:
  - Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit is (1) a portion of or an addition to a single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceilings and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 1,000 square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Typical uses include guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."
  - (2) Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit refers to a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the

main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Typical uses include guest houses, second units, "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

- (3) <u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> A detached accessory structure refers to a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions. Typical uses include storage buildings and sheds, barns and detached garages.
- (4) <u>Duplex.</u> Duplex refers to the use of a parcel for two (2) dwelling units in a single structure.
- (5) <u>Multi-Family.</u> Multi-family refers to the use of a parcel for three (3) or more dwelling units within one (1) or more buildings, including condominium developments.
- (6) <u>Single Family, Attached.</u> Single family, attached refers to two (2) or more dwelling units constructed with a common or abutting wall with each located on its own separate parcel.
- (7) <u>Single Family, Detached.</u> Single family, detached refers to the use of a parcel for only one (1) dwelling unit.
- (b) <u>Manufactured Home Parks.</u> Manufactured home parks use type refers to the occupancy of a dwelling unit defined as a mobile home or a manufactured home and which is located in a site defined as a manufactured home park.
- (c) <u>Group Home.</u> Group home use type refers to the occupancy of a single family dwelling by and the care for a group of ten (10) or fewer persons on a weekly or longer basis who are not defined as a family. The number of persons who reside in a group home excludes any caregivers and their family who also reside in the single family residence.
  - (1) This term includes specifically the following uses:
    - (i) Residential facility for groups; or
    - (ii) Home for individual residential care;
    - (iii) Halfway house for recovering alcohol or drug abusers;
    - (iv) Group foster home.

- (2) The term group home does not include a child care institution or a facility for transitional living for released offenders.
- (d) Short-term rental. Short-term rental (STR) refers to existing single-family dwelling units where, for compensation, lodging is provided within either the entire home or a portion of the home for a rental period of less than 28-days. STRs may be permitted to operate out of legally permitted, permanent dwelling units or accessory dwelling units in accordance with the standards within Article 319. Short-term rentals are distinguishable from commercial lodging use types in that no meals may be provided within short-term rentals as part of the rental agreement and the home may only be rented out for short-term rental use to one group at a time. STRs are also often referred to as vacation rentals and are commonly made available through property management companies or online booking platforms. The following are short-term rental use types:
  - (1) <u>Tier 1 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 1 STR has a maximum occupancy of 10 persons or fewer.
  - (2) <u>Tier 2 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 2 STR has a maximum occupancy of 11-20 persons and due to its higher occupancy, may require additional limitations to ensure compatibility with surrounding residential properties.
  - (3) Tier 3 Short-Term Rental. A Tier 3 STR has a maximum occupancy of 21 or more persons. This highest tier of STRs is still operated out of a preexisting dwelling unit, but due to the high number of occupants, is expected to have more significant impacts to surrounding properties. As a result, it is considered inappropriate to be located in residential regulatory zones, but may be appropriate on properties with commercial regulatory zones that are located nearer tourist and commercial services.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21.]

<u>Section 110.304.20 Civic Use Types.</u> Civic use types include the performance of utility, educational, cultural, medical, protective, governmental and other uses which are strongly vested with public or social importance.

- (a) <u>Administrative Services.</u> Administrative services use type refers to consulting, record keeping, clerical or public contact services that deal directly with the citizen, together with incidental storage of necessary equipment and vehicles.
- (b) <u>Child Care.</u> Child care use type refers to the use of a building or a portion thereof for the daytime care of individuals under eighteen (18) years of age. Child care use types are subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services. This use type includes nursery schools, preschools, daycare centers and similar uses, but excludes those classified under education. The following are child care use types:
  - (1) <u>Family Daycare</u>. Family daycare refers to daycare services provided for six (6) or fewer full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years, except that care may also be provided for up to three (3) additional part-time children for three (3) hours before school and three (3) hours after school, but only during

- periods when schools are in session, subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services.
- (2) <u>Large-Family Daycare</u>. Large-family daycare refers to daycare services provided for more than six (6) full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years.
- (3) <u>Child Daycare.</u> Child daycare refers to services providing non-medical care to any number of children in need of personal services or supervision, on less than a twenty-four (24) hour basis, but excluding services provided in a private dwelling.
- (C) Communication Facilities. Communication facilities use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the transmission and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves. Typical uses include television stations, radio stations, satellite dishes, antennas and wireless communication facilities.

  Refer to Article 324, Communication Facilities, for subcategories of communication facilities.
- (c) (d) Community Center. Community center use type refers to recreational, social or multi-purpose uses within buildings with no fixed seats and occupancy limited to five hundred (500) or fewer. Typical uses include public or private, non-commercial clubs.
- (d) (e) Community Garden. Community garden use type refers to an area of land managed and maintained by a group to grow and harvest food crops, non-food crops (such as native plants), or ornamental crops (such as flowers), for personal or group use, consumption, or donation. Commercial sale of any crops produced in the community garden is prohibited. A community garden may be established in any regulatory zone subject to the following conditions:
  - (1) A signed affidavit shall be submitted to the division stating that the property owners, or the owners designated agent, agree to the proposed use. All liability considerations are the responsibility of the property owner and the users of the property.
  - (2) A site plan shall be submitted to the division showing the areas to be cultivated, the location of any structures associated with the use, access points, how and where water will be obtained, and parking locations (if applicable).
  - (3) Structures smaller than or equal to two-hundred (200) square feet may be established on-site to support operation and maintenance of the community garden, provided they are located at least five (5) feet from any property line, do not block any easements, and do not impede sight visibility from or onto public streets. All tools, equipment, chemicals, or fertilizers stored on site shall be within a locked structure.
  - (4) Activities at the garden site shall be limited to daylight hours. The use of motorized equipment is limited to the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. No exterior lighting or illumination shall occur.
  - (5) Once all outdoor crops have been harvested for the current growing season, the area utilized shall be cleaned of any dead vegetation or supporting materials within thirty (30) days of the final harvest or by November 15, whichever

comes first. Tilling of the dead vegetation back into the soil is allowed and meets this requirement.

- (e) (f) Convalescent Services. Convalescent services use type refers to provision of bed care and in-patient services for persons requiring regular medical attention, but excludes a facility providing surgical or emergency medical services and a facility providing care for alcohol or drug addiction.
- (f) (g) <u>Cultural and Library Services.</u> Cultural and library services use type refers to non-profit, museum-like preservation and exhibition of objects of permanent interest in one or more of the arts and sciences, gallery exhibition of works of art or library collection of books, manuscripts, etc., for study and reading.
- (g) (h) Education. Education use type refers to educational services provided by public, private or parochial institutions, but excludes uses classified under commercial education services. Typical uses include elementary, junior high, and senior high schools, and junior colleges. Curriculum must be approved by the State Department of Education. This use type does not refer to home schooling of children who live on-site.
  - (1) <u>Private School Facilities</u>. Private School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily by means other than tax revenue.
  - (2) <u>Public School Facilities</u>. Public School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily with tax revenue.
- (h) (i) Group Care Facility. Group care facility use type refers to an establishment that provides housing and living environment on a weekly or longer basis, for a group of persons not defined as a family or a group home. These facilities may provide life skill training, living assistance and supervised care service, but excludes medical treatment or uses classified under hospital services. This term includes specifically the following types of uses:
  - (1) Child Care Institution;
  - (2) Facility for transitional living for released offenders;
  - (3) Group home use types which accommodate more persons that permitted as a group home.
- (i) Hospital Services. Hospital services use type refers to medical, psychiatric or surgical services for sick or injured persons primarily on an in-patient basis, including ancillary facilities for out-patient and emergency medical services, diagnostic services, training, research, administration and services to patients, employees or visitors.
- (i) (k) Major Services and Utilities.
  - (1) <u>Utility Services.</u> Utility services use type refers to the provision of electricity, water or other liquids, or gas, through wires, pipes or ditches through utility services involving major structures that have flexibility in location. Typical uses include natural gas transmission lines and substations, petroleum pipelines, and irrigation water ditches.

- (2) <u>Major Public Facilities.</u> Major public facilities use type refers to public facilities that provide a significant service and have a substantial impact on the community. Typical uses are sanitary landfills, airports, and detention and correction facilities.
- (k) (1) Nature Center. Nature center use type refers to an area set aside for the public viewing and display of indigenous or exotic wildlife and/or indigenous or exotic plant life on either a for-profit or non-profit basis in a structured setting. Typical uses include zoos, wildlife sanctuaries, arboretums and gardens.
- (h) (m) Parks and Recreation. Parks and recreation use type refers to publicly owned parks or private not for profit recreation facilities and open space facilities within the recreation areas. These may be operated by a concessionaire. The following are park and recreation use types:
  - (1) Active Recreation. Active recreation refers to public park recreational uses that may have a potential impact on the area or adjacent land uses. Uses include participant sports and developed family recreational areas. Typical uses include group picnicking, tennis courts, swimming pools, softball diamonds, group campgrounds, and community centers operated by a public entity.
  - (2) <u>Passive Recreation.</u> Passive recreation refers to public park recreational uses that have no or a minimal impact on the area and adjacent land uses. Uses include hiking, nature study, wildlife refuge, fishing and viewing. No active uses, such as group picnicking, camping and sporting activities, are included.
- (m) Postal Services. Postal services use type refers to mailing services, excluding major processing, as provided by the United States Postal Service, including branch post offices and public and private facilities.
- (n) (o) Public Parking Services. Public parking services use type refers to parking services involving building and lots which may be privately and/or publicly owned and operated and is assigned to meet a parking demand. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use.
- (e) (p) Public Service Yard. Public service yard use type refers to the use of a property operated by a governmental agency for the purposes of storing equipment and materials and includes ancillary office and meeting space for public service projects. A public service yard is limited to operations involving public road construction, road maintenance, snow removal and operations supporting public parks construction and maintenance.
- (p) (q) Religious Assembly. Religious assembly use type refers to religious services involving public assembly such as customarily occurs in synagogues, temples and churches.
- (<del>q</del>) (<u>r</u>) <u>Safety Services.</u> Safety services use type refers to public safety and emergency services, including police and fire protection services, and emergency medical and ambulance services.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord. 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18.]

<u>Section 110.304.25 Commercial Use Types.</u> Commercial use types include the distribution and sale or rental of goods, and the provision of services other than those classified as civic or industrial use types. All permanent commercial uses are required to operate from a commercial structure.

- (a) Administrative Offices. Administrative offices use type refers to offices or private firms or organizations which are primarily used for the provision of executive, management or administrative services. Typical uses include administrative offices and services including travel, secretarial services, telephone answering, photo-copying and reproduction, information technology services, and business offices of public utilities, organizations and associations, or other use classifications when the service rendered is that customarily associated with administrative office services.
- (b) <u>Adult Characterized Business.</u> Adult characterized business use type refers to uses defined in Washoe County Code, Chapter 25.
- (c) Animal Sales and Services. Animal sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in animal-related sales and services. Animals kept as domestic pets or as accessory uses to a residential use are regulated by the accessory use provisions of Article 330, Domestic Pets and Livestock. The following are animal sales and services use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Kennels.</u> Commercial kennels refers to kennel services for dogs, cats and similar animals. Typical uses include commercial animal breeding with four (4) or more animals (dogs), boarding kennels, pet motels, or dog training centers. Commercial kennels require a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone within which it is located.
  - (2) <u>Commercial Stables.</u> Commercial stables refers to boarding or raising of three (3) or more horses, but excludes horses used primarily for agricultural operations which are classified under animal production. Typical uses include commercial stables, riding clubs and riding instruction facilities.
  - (3) <u>Grooming and Pet Stores.</u> Grooming and pet stores refers to grooming or selling of dogs, cats and similar small animals. Typical uses include dog bathing and clipping salons, pet grooming shops, or pet stores and shops.
  - (4) Pet Cemeteries. Pet cemeteries refers to services involving the preparation of dead animals for burial and the keeping of animal bodies on cemetery grounds as well as cremation of dead animals. Regardless of the regulatory zone in which it is located, a pet cemetery must be located on a parcel at least two-and-one-half (2.5) acres in size. Cremation of dead animals shall take place in an area designated only for the cremation of pets and which complies with any applicable federal or state statute or regulation or local ordinance.
  - (5) Veterinary Services, Agricultural. Veterinary services, agricultural refers to veterinary services specializing in the care and treatment of large animals. Veterinary services for small animals including pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals may be included to provide full veterinary services. Veterinary services, agriculture requires a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone

- within which it is located. Typical uses include veterinary offices for livestock.
- (6) Veterinary Services, Pets. Veterinary services, pets refers to veterinary services for small animals. Typical uses include pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals.
- (7) <u>Dog Training Services.</u> Dog training services use type means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training classes.
- (d) <u>Automotive and Equipment.</u> Automotive and equipment use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in automotive-related or heavy equipment sales or services. The following are automotive and equipment use types:
  - (1) <u>Automotive Repair.</u> Automotive repair refers to repair of automobiles and the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts. Typical uses include muffler shops, automobile repair garages or automobile glass shops.
  - (2) <u>Automotive Sales and Rentals.</u> Automotive sales and rentals refers to onsite sales and/or rentals of automobiles, non-commercial trucks, motorcycles, motor homes and trailers together with incidental maintenance. Typical uses include automobile dealers, car rental agencies, or recreational vehicle sales and rental agencies.
  - (3) <u>Cleaning.</u> Cleaning refers to washing and polishing of automobiles. Typical uses include automobile laundries or car washes.
  - (4) <u>Commercial Parking.</u> Commercial parking refers to parking of operable motor vehicles on a temporary basis within a privately owned off-street parking area with or without a fee. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use. Typical uses include commercial parking lots or garages.
  - (5) <u>Equipment Repair and Sales.</u> Equipment repair and sales refers to repair of motor vehicles such as aircraft, boats, recreational vehicles, trucks, etc.; the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts; and body repair, painting and steam cleaning. Typical uses include truck transmission shops, body shops, storage of manufactured homes, motor freight maintenance groups or agricultural equipment sales.
  - (6) Fabricated Housing Sales. Fabricated housing sales refers to the sales of new and used modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes; and ancillary minor repair of modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes sold from the same location as the new or used units. Typical uses include mobile homes sales lots and minor repairs of units sold on site that do not include changes in walls and do not include changes in undercarriage plumbing or support systems.
  - (7) <u>Storage of Operable Vehicles.</u> Storage of operable vehicles refers to storage of operable vehicles, recreational vehicles and boat trailers.

- Typical uses include storage areas within personal storage facilities and storage yards for commercial vehicles.
- (8) <u>Truck Stops.</u> Truck stops refers to businesses engaged in the sale of fuel and lubricants primarily for trucks, routine repair and maintenance of trucks, and associated uses such as selling food and truck accessories.
- (e) <u>Building Maintenance Services.</u> Building maintenance services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of maintenance and custodial services to firms rather than individuals. Typical uses include janitorial, landscape maintenance or window cleaning services.
- (f) <u>Commercial Centers.</u> Commercial centers use type refers to a group of unified commercial establishments built on a site which is planned, developed, owned and managed as an operating unit. The following are commercial center use types:
  - (1) Neighborhood Centers. Neighborhood centers refers to sales of convenience goods (foods, drugs and sundries) and personal services, those which meet the daily needs of an immediate neighborhood trade area. A neighborhood center typically includes convenience retail and services a population of 2,500 to 40,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one-half to one-and-one-half miles, and has a typical range of 15,000 to 50,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (2) <u>Community Centers.</u> Community centers refers to shopping establishments containing some services of the neighborhood center plus other services providing a greater depth and range of merchandise than contained in the neighborhood center. A community center may be built around a department store or a variety store as the major tenant. A community center generally serves a trade area population of 40,000 to 50,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one to three miles, and has a typical range of 50,000 to 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (3) Regional Centers. Regional centers refers to centers that provide shopping goods, general merchandise, apparel, furniture and home furnishings in full depth and variety. They usually are built around more than one department store. Typical design uses the pedestrian mall, either open or enclosed, as a connector between major anchor stores. A regional center serves as a major commercial center for the entire region and typically has more than 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
- (g) <u>Commercial Educational Services.</u> Commercial educational services use type refers to educational services provided by private institutions or individuals with the primary purpose of preparing students for jobs in trade or profession. Typical uses include business and vocational schools, music schools and hair styling schools.
- (h) <u>Commercial Recreation.</u> Commercial recreation use type refers to commercial establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the provision of sports, entertainment or recreation for participants or spectators. The following are commercial recreation use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park.</u> Commercial campground facilities/RV park refers to areas and services for two (2) or more

- campsites, accommodating camping vehicles and tents, which are used by the general public as temporary living quarters for recreational purposes. Typical uses include recreational vehicle campgrounds.
- (2) <u>Destination Resorts.</u> Destination resorts refers to commercial enterprises for recreation that can include lodging. Typical uses include ski resorts, dude ranches, and hunting and fishing lodges.
- (3) <u>Indoor Entertainment.</u> Indoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator uses conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include motion picture theaters, meeting halls and dance halls.
- (4) Indoor Sports and Recreation. Indoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include bowling alleys, billiard parlors, ice and roller skating rinks, indoor racquetball courts and athletic clubs.
- (5) <u>Limited Gaming Facilities.</u> Limited gaming facilities refers to establishments which contains no more than fifteen (15) slot machines (and no other game or gaming device) where the operation of the slot machine is incidental to the primary business of the establishment.
- (6) Marinas. Marinas refers to docking, storage, rental and minor repair of recreational and fishing boats. Typical uses include recreational boat marinas and boat rental establishments.
- (7) <u>Outdoor Entertainment.</u> Outdoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator-type uses conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include sports arenas, racing facilities and amusement parks.
- (8) <u>Outdoor Sports and Recreation.</u> Outdoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include driving ranges, miniature golf courses, golf courses, swimming pools and tennis courts.
- (9) Outdoor Sports Club. Outdoor sports club refers to sports clubs using agricultural land or open space for hunting, shooting or fishing purposes. Typical uses include duck clubs, hunting clubs, skeet clubs and rifle ranges.
- (10) <u>Unlimited Gaming Facilities.</u> Unlimited gaming facilities refers to an establishment which contains fifteen (15) or more electronic gaming devices or operation of other gaming devices as authorized by the State of Nevada.
- (i) <u>Communication Facilities.</u> Communication facilities use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the transmission and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves. Typical uses include television stations, radio stations, satellite dishes, antennas and wireless communication facilities. Refer to Article 324, Communication Facilities, for subcategories of communication facilities.

- (i) Construction Sales and Services. Construction sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in construction activities and incidental storage, as well as the retail or wholesale sale from the premises, of materials used in the construction of buildings or other structures. This use type does not include retail sales of paint, fixtures and hardware, or those uses classified as one of the automotive and equipment use types. This use type does not refer to actual construction sites. Typical uses include contractors' office with or without an equipment yard, tool and equipment rental, or sales and building material stores.
- (i) (k) Continuum of Care Facilities, Seniors. Continuum of care facilities for seniors use type refers to commercial establishments that provide housing, activities and twenty-four-hour skilled nursing or medical care to allow for adults to age in place. The number of continuum of care units and parking standards shall be determined through the special use permit process. All other development standards shall apply. Facilities may include independent living, assisted living, nursing care, hospice care, accessory housing for staff, and medical facilities and services for residents.
- (k) (!) Convention and Meeting Facilities. Convention and meeting facilities use type refers to establishments which primarily provide convention and meeting facilities. Typical uses include convention facilities and wedding chapels.
- (M) Data Center. Data Center use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the storage/housing of equipment, such as computers, servers, switches, routers, data storage devices, and related equipment for the purpose of storing, managing, processing, and exchanging of digital data and information.
- (n) (e) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Eating and drinking establishments use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages for on-premises consumption, but excludes those uses classified under the liquor sales use type. The following are eating and drinking establishments use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the preparation and retail sale of food and beverages, have a short customer turnover rate (typically less than one hour), and may include sales of alcoholic beverages. Typical uses include drive-in and fast-food restaurants, ice cream parlors, sandwich shops and delicatessens.
  - (2) <u>Full Service.</u> Full service refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages on the premises, which generally have a customer turnover rate of one hour or longer, and which include sales of alcoholic beverages at the table or at a bar as an accessory or secondary service. Typical uses include full-service restaurants.
- (o) (p) <u>Financial Services.</u> Financial services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of financial and banking services. Typical uses include banks, savings and loan institutions, loan and lending activities, and check cashing facilities.

- (p) (q) Funeral and Interment Services. Funeral and interment services use type refers to provision of services involving the care, preparation or disposition of human dead. The following are funeral and interment services use types:
  - (1) <u>Cemeteries.</u> Cemeteries refers to undertaking services and services involving the keeping of bodies provided on cemetery grounds. Typical uses include crematoriums, mausoleums and columbariums.
  - (2) <u>Undertaking.</u> Undertaking refers to services involving the preparation of the dead for burial and arranging and managing funerals. Typical uses include funeral homes or mortuaries.
- (q) (r) Gasoline Sales and Service Stations. Gasoline sales and service stations use type refers to retail sales of petroleum products from the premises of the establishment and incidental sale of tires, batteries, replacement items, lubricating services and minor repair services. Typical uses include automobile service stations.
- (r) (s) <u>Helicopter Services.</u> Helicopter services use type refers to areas used by helicopter or steep-gradient aircraft. The following are helicopter services use types:
  - (1) <u>Heliport.</u> Heliport refers to areas used by helicopters or by other steepgradient aircraft, which includes passenger and cargo facilities, maintenance and overhaul, fueling service, storage space, tie-down space, hangers and other accessory buildings, and open space.
  - (2) <u>Helistop.</u> Helistop refers to areas on a roof or on the ground used by helicopters or steep-gradient aircraft for the purpose of picking up or discharging passengers or cargo, but not including fueling service, maintenance or overhaul.
- (s) (t) <u>Liquor Manufacturing.</u> Liquor manufacturing refers to the brewing, distillation, making, and/or manufacture of intoxicating liquors on the premises of the establishment. The resulting liquor products may be sold at retail to the public for on-site consumption and/or for off-site consumption. The liquor products may also be sold to licensed importer and/or wholesaler liquor dealers, with or without sales to the public. Liquor manufacturing may be in conjunction with another commercial use type, such as a full service eating and drinking establishment. Typical uses include brew pubs, breweries, craft distilleries, and wine makers.
- (t) (u) <u>Liquor Sales.</u> Liquor sales use type refers to retail sales of alcoholic beverages, as defined in Chapter 30 of County Code (Intoxicating Liquor and Gaming Licenses and Regulations), to the public. The following are liquor sales use types:
  - (1) Off-Premises. Off-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for off-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the retail sales use type. Typical uses include stores that sell packaged liquor.
  - (2) On-Premises. On-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for on-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the eating and drinking establishments use type. Typical uses include bars, taverns, cabarets, and casino service bars.

- (u) (v) Lodging Services. Lodging services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of lodging on a less-than-weekly basis with incidental food, drink, and other sales or services intended for the convenience of guests, including common facilities, but excludes those establishments classified under residential group home, short-term rental and commercial recreation. The following are lodging services use types:
  - (1) Bed and Breakfast Inns. Bed and breakfast inns refers to single family dwellings with guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.
  - (2) Condominium Hotel. Condominium hotel refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing, and when the hotel rooms are owned as separate real estate; and the remainder of the property including amenities, open space, etc. is either owned in common by the hotel room owners and managed by an association, or owned by a separate entity in which a fee for use of the amenities, open space, etc. may or may not be charged the hotel room owners.
  - (3) <u>Hostels.</u> Hostels refers to supervised transient facilities offering dormitory type lodging, usually with a minimum of facilities.
  - (4) <u>Hotels and Motels.</u> Hotels and motels refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing.
  - (5) <u>Vacation Time Shares.</u> Vacation time shares refers to real properties that are subject to a time share program.
- (w) Marijuana Establishments. A marijuana establishment, as defined and authorized by NRS 453A and NRS 453D, refers to commercial establishments, facilities, or places of business primarily engaged in the cultivation, production, acquisition, testing, supply, sale or distribution of marijuana products and related supplies and services, either for medical or adult recreational use. All marijuana establishments must be licensed by the Department of Taxation ("Department"). A business may be licensed with the Department to act as more than one of the marijuana establishment use types listed below in subsections one (1) through five (5). The following are marijuana establishment use types:
  - (1) Marijuana Cultivation Facility. A marijuana cultivation facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana cultivation facility or as a marijuana cultivation facility, or both, which is authorized to cultivate, process, and package marijuana, to have marijuana tested by a marijuana testing facility, and to sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers.
  - (2) Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility. A marijuana product manufacturing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a facility for the production of edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products, and/or as a marijuana product manufacturing facility, which is authorized to purchase marijuana, manufacture, process, and package marijuana and marijuana products, and sell marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.

- (3) <u>Marijuana Testing Facility.</u> A marijuana testing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a medical marijuana independent testing laboratory and/or as a marijuana testing facility, which is authorized to test marijuana and marijuana products, including for potency and contaminants.
- (4) Retail Marijuana Store/Medical Dispensary. A retail marijuana store/medical dispensary, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana dispensary or as a retail marijuana store, or both, which is authorized to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, and to sell marijuana and marijuana products to consumers. In order to operate as a retail marijuana store / medical dispensary for adult recreational use, the business must retain State licensure as a medical marijuana dispensary to continue business operations in the unincorporated County.
- (5) Marijuana Distributor. A marijuana distributor, as defined by NRS 453D and WCC 25.708(2), refers to a business licensed to transport marijuana from a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment. A marijuana distributor license provides for the transport of both medical and recreational (adult use) marijuana, marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia to marijuana establishments located within the unincorporated County.
  - (a) A retail marijuana store / medical dispensary is not required to obtain a marijuana distributor license to transport marijuana or marijuana products directly to consumers.
  - (b) Marijuana distributors will only transport marijuana, marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia following the provisions of NRS Chapter 453D and NAC Chapter 453D.
  - (c) Wholesale intoxicating liquor dealers licensed pursuant to NRS Chapter 369 applying for a marijuana distributor license must possess a valid and current County Importer / Wholesaler intoxicating liquor license.
  - (d) A marijuana distributor business is not allowed as a home-based business.
- (w) (x) Medical Services. Medical services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of personal health services ranging from prevention, diagnosis and treatment, or rehabilitation services provided by physicians, dentists, nurses and other health personnel as well as the provision of medical testing and analysis services, but excludes those classified as any civic use type. Typical uses include medical offices, dental laboratories, health maintenance organizations, immediate care facilities or sports medicine facilities.
- (x) (y) Nursery Sales. Nursery sales use type refers to the sales of plants, flowers and related nursery items. The following are nursery sales use types:
  - (1) Retail. Retail refers to retail sale of plants and flowers and related nursery items. Typical uses include retail nurseries and home garden stores.
  - (2) <u>Wholesale.</u> Wholesale refers to wholesaling of plants and flowers, with incidental retail sales. Typical uses include wholesale nurseries.

- (y) (z) Personal Services. Personal services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of informational, instructional, personal improvement and similar services of a non-professional nature, but excludes services classified as commercial recreation or lodging services. Typical uses include photography studios, driving schools or weight loss centers.
- (z) (aa) Personal Storage. Personal storage use type refers to storage services primarily for personal effects and household goods within an enclosed storage area having individual access, but excludes workshops, hobby shops, manufacturing or commercial activity. Typical uses include mini-warehouses.
- (aa) (bb) Professional Services. Professional services use type refers to establishments which provide professional services to individuals or businesses, but excludes offices servicing walk-in customers which are classified under the administrative offices use type. Typical uses include law offices, real estate offices, insurance offices and architectural firms.
- (bb) (cc) Recycle Center. Recycle center use type refers to facilities for the collection, as a commercial enterprise, of household recyclables such as newspapers, bottles and cans. Recycle centers do not include recycle facilities existing as a part of a refuse pickup service or recycle bins used for donations to non-profit organizations. The following are recycle center use types:
  - (1) <u>Full Service Recycle Center.</u> Full service recycle center refers to large, fully attended recycle centers accepting paper, plastic and glass household recyclables and may include processing or sorting of the recyclables.
  - (2) Remote Collection Facility. Remote collection facility refers to a center for the acceptance, by redemption or purchase, of recyclable materials from the public. Such a facility does not process the recyclables on site. Typical uses include reverse vending machines.
  - (3) Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center. Residential hazardous substance recycle center refers to specialized recycling centers that receive household hazardous substances such as household paint, household cleaners and automobile engine oil.
- (cc) (dd) Repair Services, Consumer. Repair services, consumer use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of repair services to individuals and households rather than firms, but excludes automotive repair. Typical uses include appliance repair shops, apparel repair firms or instrument repair firms.
- (dd) (ee) Retail Sales. Retail sales use type refers to retail sales of commonly used goods and merchandise, either free-standing or within a commercial center, but excludes those uses classified under other use types. The following are retail sales use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments which provide a limited number of frequently or recurrently needed personal items or services for residents of an immediate neighborhood. Typical uses include convenience stores, small grocery stores, barber shops, beauty parlors, dry cleaners and self-service laundromats.

- (2) <u>Specialty Stores.</u> Specialty stores refers to establishments which provide a variety of retail or personal services needs for residents in the larger community area. Typical uses include supermarkets, super drugs stores, clothing boutiques, antiques, bookstores, furniture stores and auto parts.
- (3) <u>Comparison Shopping Centers.</u> Comparison shopping centers refers to retail establishments that provide a wide variety of retail and personal services that cater to the regional needs. Typical uses include full-line department stores and warehouse-styled retail outlets.
- (ee) <u>Secondhand Sales.</u> Secondhand sales use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the sale of goods and merchandise which are not being sold for the first time, but excludes those classified as animal sales and services and automotive and equipment. Typical uses include secondhand stores and thrift shops.
- (ff) <u>Transportation Services.</u> Transportation services use type refers to establishments which provide private transportation of persons and goods. Typical uses include taxi services and commercial postal services.
- (gg) Winery. The Winery use type refers to a facility comprising the building(s) or space used to make wine as an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural content of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar. A winery includes crushing of fruit, fermenting, bottling, blending, bulk and bottle storage, aging, shipping and receiving of wine making materials, laboratory equipment, associated maintenance equipment, and administrative office functions related to the operation of the winery. A winery may or may not have a vineyard associated with it and may include a public tasting room and the sale of merchandise related directly to the winery. A winery may only sell at retail by the bottle or serve by the glass, on its premises, wine produced, blended, or aged on site by the winery subject to any limitations set forth in NRS 597.240.

A winery may be established as a stand-alone principal use type or in combination with residential or other authorized use types. The growing of grapes for use in a winery use type or in wine making is classified as Crop Production, a separate Agricultural Use Type. Wine making in the urban, commercial or industrial regulatory zones, or in conjunction with the manufacture of other types of intoxicating liquor, is classified as Liquor Manufacturing, a separate Commercial Use Type. Any allowed winery use type requires the issuance of the appropriate Washoe County business and liquor licenses pursuant to Chapters 25 and 30 of this Code. The business license application process for an allowed winery shall include the noticing of all adjacent property owners within 500 feet of the subject parcel, homeowners associations or Architectural Control Committees that are registered with the Building and Safety Division which have an interest in the subject parcel, and any properties that share a privately maintained access road to the subject parcel. Review and approval of a business license application to establish a winery shall include, at a minimum, review by the Washoe County Health District, the fire department of jurisdiction, and any General Improvement District with jurisdiction.

<u>Winery with Special Events</u>. Except in the Suburban Residential regulatory zone, a winery approved through an Administrative Permit may include, as part of the Administrative Permit application, provisions for conducting recurring special events as ancillary uses to the principal Winery use. "Special event" means an

assembly of less than 100 persons on any one day of the event. Such recurring special events may include, but are not limited to, weddings, tours, promotional events, entertainment (indoor or outdoor), wine and food pairings, and craft fairs. Recurring special events proposed in conjunction with a Winery use must be included in the Administrative Permit application authorizing the Winery use. New or amended proposals for special events shall require either an amendment to the existing Administrative Permit (i.e. Amendment of Conditions) or a separate application for a Temporary Special Event Business License pursuant to Chapter 25 of this Code through the Business License division.

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[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord.1288, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1481, provisions eff. 2/3/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1712, provisions eff. 6/27/14, Ord 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff 4/20/18; Ord. 1665, provisions eff 4/15/21; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]
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<u>Section 110.304.30 Industrial Use Types.</u> Industrial use types include the on-site production of goods by methods not agricultural in nature, including certain accessory uses.

- (a) <u>Aggregate Facilities.</u> Aggregate facilities use type refers to the extraction and processing of sand, gravel and rock from the ground. Typical uses include sand and gravel pit and ancillary uses such as concrete and asphalt batch plants.
- (b) Caretaker's Residence. Caretaker's residence refers to a permanent on-site residential unit for an industrial use. The purpose of this unit is to provide security for the industrial use and the site on which it is located. It shall be occupied only while a valid business license for an industrial use is in effect and only by an employee of the company which operates the industrial use and at no time shall it be rented to any party other than someone directly employed by the industrial use operator. The caretaker's residence and industrial use are permitted to share access to the site. A caretaker's residence should provide a permanent kitchen, toilet facilities, sleeping, eating, and living facilities, all separate from the industrial use, and must be permitted by all applicable state and local agencies. Two (2) standard parking spaces shall be reserved for use by the residents of the caretaker's residence. The floor area of the unit shall not exceed two thousand (2,000) square feet. A minimum lot size of one (1) acre is required. Any solid fuel burning device is prohibited. Upon cessation of the industrial use, the use of the caretaker's residence must cease. The following are caretaker's residence use types:
  - (1) <u>Attached.</u> Caretaker's residence attached must be attached to or located within the main structure for the industrial use. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per structure, regardless of the number of businesses located in that structure. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per employer and per parcel, regardless of the number of businesses located on that parcel.
  - (2) <u>Detached.</u> Caretaker's residence detached must be sited within the developed industrial area, and must be visually integrated with the industrial use. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per employer and per parcel, regardless of the number of businesses located on that parcel.

- (c) <u>Custom Manufacturing.</u> Custom manufacturing use type refers to the on-site production of goods by hand manufacturing or artistic endeavor which involves only the use of hand tools or domestic mechanical equipment and the incidental sale of these goods directly to consumers. Typical uses include ceramic studios, custom cabinet making, candle making shops and custom jewelry manufacturers.
- (d) <u>Energy Production.</u> Energy production use type refers to the commercial production of electricity.
  - (1) <u>Non-Renewable Energy Production.</u> Non-Renewable energy production use type refers to the commercial production of energy utilizing any non-renewable source of energy.
  - (2) Renewable Energy Production. Renewable energy production use type refers to the commercial production of energy utilizing solar, geothermal, wind, hydroelectric, and biomass sources of energy.
- (e) <u>General Industrial.</u> General industrial use type refers to the on-site production of goods other than those that are agricultural or extractive in nature, but excludes those uses classified under custom manufacturing and high technology use types. The following are general industrial use types:
  - (1) <u>Limited.</u> Limited refers to production processes which use already manufactured components to assemble, print or package a product such as cloth, paper, plastic, leather, wood, glass or stones, but not including such operations as paper, saw or planing mills, steel, iron or other metalworks, rolling mills, or any manufacturing uses involving primary production of commodities from raw materials. By the nature of the activity performed and/or the scale of operation, these uses can be located near residential or commercial uses with minimal impact to adjacent uses. Typical uses include apparel manufacturing, paper products finishing, furniture production and production of fabricated metal products.
  - (2) Intermediate. Intermediate refers to production processes which can be located near residential or commercial uses only if special control measures are taken to mitigate the land use conflicts which can result from such operations. Typical uses include production of food substances, household appliance manufacturing, prefabrication of manufactured buildings, and major repair/reconstruction and storage of fabricated housing.
  - (3) Heavy. Heavy refers to production processes which should not be located near residential or commercial uses due to the intensive nature of the industrial activity and/or the scale of operation. These uses may be located near other manufacturing uses exhibiting similar characteristics although special control measures may be required for some extremely intensive operations to ensure compatibility with similar industrial uses. Typical uses include motor vehicle assembly, sawmills, textile dyeing, leather tanning, hazardous chemical production, petroleum refining, primary metal processing, storage of manufactured homes and production of explosives or propellants.
- (f) <u>High Technology Industry.</u> High technology industry use type refers to the research, development and controlled production of high-technology electronic,

- industrial or scientific products. Typical uses include biotechnology firms and computer component manufacturers.
- (g) <u>Inoperable Vehicle Storage</u>. Inoperable vehicle storage use type refers to premises devoted to the parking and/or storage of inoperable vehicles. Typical uses include buildings, storage yards, and auto wrecking facilities devoted to the parking and/or storage of inoperable vehicles.
- (h) <u>Laundry Services</u>. Laundry services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of large scale laundering, dry cleaning or dying services other than those classified as personal services. Typical uses include laundry agencies, diaper services or linen supply services.
- (i) Mining Operations. Mining operations use type refers to the extraction and processing of rocks and minerals from the ground, but excludes uses classified under the petroleum gas extraction use type. Typical uses include the mining of precious metals and industrial minerals.
- (j) <u>Petroleum Gas Extraction.</u> Petroleum gas extraction use type refers to the extraction of oil and natural gas from the ground and the temporary storage of oil at the well site. Typical uses include oil and gas wells.
- (k) <u>Salvage Yards.</u> Salvage yards use type refers to the collection, storage or sale of rags, scrap metal or discarded material; or the collection, dismantling, storage, salvaging or demolition of vehicles, machinery or other materials. Typical uses include junkyards and auto wrecking facilities.
- (I) Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution. Wholesaling, storage and distribution use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in wholesaling, storage and bulk sale distribution including, but not limited to, openair handling of material and equipment other than live animals and plants. The following are wholesaling, storage and distribution use types:
  - (1) <u>Light.</u> Light refers to wholesaling, storage and warehousing services within enclosed structures. Typical uses include wholesale distributors, storage warehouses, or moving and storage firms.
  - (2) <u>Heavy.</u> Heavy refers to distribution and handling of materials and equipment. Typical uses include monument sales, stone yards or open storage yards.

[Amended by Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 1039, provisions eff. 11/1/98; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1443, provisions eff. 7/26/10; Ord. 1494, provisions eff. 8/9/12; Ord. 1504, provisions eff. 3/8/13.]

<u>Section 110.304.35 Agricultural Use Types.</u> Agricultural use types include the on-site production of plant and animal products by agricultural methods.

(a) <u>Agricultural Processing.</u> Agricultural processing use type refers to the processing of foods and beverages from agricultural commodities, but excludes animal slaughtering. Typical uses include canning of fruits and vegetables, processing of dairy products, and the production of prepared meats from purchased carcasses.

- (b) <u>Agricultural Sales.</u> Agricultural sales use type refers to the sale of agricultural supplies such as feed, grain and fertilizers. Typical uses include feed and grain stores.
- (c) <u>Animal Production.</u> Animal production use type refers to raising of animals or production of animal products, such as eggs or dairy products, on an agricultural or commercial basis, but excluding commercial slaughtering. Typical uses include grazing, ranching, dairy farming, poultry farming and aquaculture.
- (d) <u>Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural.</u> Agricultural animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be used in making meat products on the same premises.
- (e) <u>Animal Slaughtering, Commercial.</u> Commercial animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be sold to others or to be used in making meat products on the same premises. Typical uses include slaughter houses.
- (f) <u>Animal Slaughtering, Mobile.</u> Mobile animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be sold to others or to be used in making meat products, within a fully-enclosed mobile slaughtering facility approved by the US Food and Drug Administration, for a duration of not more than fourteen (14) days off-site on any one parcel within a calendar year. Typical uses include mobile commercial slaughtering units.
- (g) <u>Crop Production.</u> Crop production use type refers to raising and harvesting of tree crops, row crops or field crops on an agricultural or commercial basis, including packing and processing.
- (h) <u>Forest Products.</u> Forest products use type refers to commercial timber harvesting uses and facilities. Typical uses include production of forest products, sawmills and lumber camps.
- (i) <u>Game Farms.</u> Game farms use type refers to boarding or breeding of exotic animals generally considered as wild or not normally domesticated.
- (j) <u>Produce Sales.</u> Produce sales use type refers to the on-site sale of farm produce and/or shell eggs from property owned, rented or leased by the farmers who grow or produce all or part of the farm produce or shell eggs offered for sale. Typical uses include produce stands, and fruit and vegetable stands.
  - (1) Only products grown or produced on-site may be sold. A minimum lot size of forty (40) acres is required to establish produce sales as an allowed use in the General Rural (GR) regulatory zone. A valid business license pursuant to Chapter 25 of County Code must be obtained prior to any sales.
  - (2) Temporary produce sales, for a maximum duration of thirty (30) days in any one (1) calendar year, are allowed in all regulatory zones; however, a valid business license pursuant to Chapter 25 of County Code must be obtained prior to any sales.

[Amended by Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1540, provisions effective 9/5/14.]

# Article 406

# BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS

#### Sections:

| 110.406.00 | Purpose  |
|------------|--|
|            | •  |
| 110.406.05 | General  |
| 110.406.10 | TRPA Standards   |
| 110.406.12 | Industrial Standards for Residential Adjacency                       |
| 110.406.15 | Double Counting Yards  |
| 110.406.20 | Combining Lots   |
| 110.406.23 | Variance or Modification of Certain Building Placement Standards on  |
|            | Commercial or Industrial Parcels in Conjunction with Special Use     |
|            | Permit or Tentative Map Applications                                 |
| 110.406.24 | Modification of Building Placement Standards for Front Yard          |
|            | Setbacks on Parcels Adjacent to Local Residential Streets' Right-of- |
|            | Way (ROW) Located More than 20 Feet from Front Property Line         |
| 110.406.25 | Unobstructed Yards   |
| 110.406.30 | Front Yards  |
| 110.406.35 | Side Yards   |
| 110.406.40 | Rear Yards   |
| 110.406.45 | Lot Width  |
| 110.406.50 | Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting                                  |
|            | ·  |

<u>Section 110.406.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 406, Building Placement Standards, is to set forth the regulations governing the placement of buildings on a lot.

Section 110.406.05 General. The yard requirements and setback dimensions are set forth in Part Three of Table 110.406.05.1. These requirements may be modified pursuant to Article 408, Common Open Space Development. All required yard setbacks are measured from the property line with the following exceptions: (1) when an access easement traverses a portion of a property and has a total width of more than twenty (20) feet, the required yard setback is measured from the edge of the easement closest to the proposed structure; or, (2) when a Washoe County-maintained road is located outside of a recorded right-of-way or easement, regardless of the roadway width, the required yard setback shall be measured from the edge of the road. If a lot does not meet the minimum lot size for the regulatory zoning for the lot, the yard requirements and setback dimensions shall be based on the lot size for the next densest regulatory zone for which the lot does meet minimum size for lots in that zone.

#### Table 110.406.05.1

#### **STANDARDS**

| Part One: Density/Intensity Standards |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
|                                       | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU |
| Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)        | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1   | 2     | 3h  | 4h    | 7a  | 10b | 21c |
| Height (feet)                         | 35  | 35  | 35  | 35  | 35    | 35  | 35    | 35  | 40  | 70  |

| Part One: Density/Intensity Standards (continued) |     |     |    |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|---|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
|   | HDU | GC  | NC | тс  | ı   | PSP | PR  | os  | GR    | GRA   |
| Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)                    | 42c | n/a | 5  | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0.025 | 0.025 |
| Height (feet)                                     | 70  | 80  | 60 | 45  | 65  | 65  | 65  | n/a | 35    | 35    |

Notes:

- a 7 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 9 dwelling units per acre for attached single-family and mobile home parks
- b 10 dwelling units per acre for single-family detached; 14 dwelling units per acre for multi-family and 12 units per acre for mobile home parks
- c Multi-family
- h 3 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 5 dwelling units per acre for both single-family attached and manufactured home parks within areas designated as Trailer (TR) Overlay zone in effect prior to May 26, 1993

| Part Two: Lot Size   |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |      |     |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|------|-----|
|  | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU  | MDU |
| Minimum Lot Area<br>(1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise<br>indicated) | 8ac | 4ac | 2ac | 35  | 17.5  | 12  | 9     | 5   | 3.7d | 8e  |
| Minimum Lot Width (feet)   | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100   | 80  | 70    | 60  | 60   | 60  |

| Part Two: Lot Size (continued)   |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
|  | HDU | GC | NC | тс  | I   | PSP | PR  | os  | GR   | GRA  |
| Minimum Lot Area<br>(1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise<br>indicated) | 8f  | 10 | 10 | 10  | 10  | n/a | n/a | n/a | 40ac | 40ac |
| Minimum Lot Width (feet)   | 60  | 75 | 75 | 100 | 100 | 100 | n/a | n/a | 660  | 660  |

Notes:

- d 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with two (2) attached single-family dwelling units
- e 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with four (4) multi-family units
- f 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with eight (8) multi-family units
- g 40 acres nominally = 1/16 section

#### Table 110.406.05.1 (continued)

#### **STANDARDS**

| Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
|   | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU |
| Front Yard (feet)                       | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30    | 20  | 20    | 20  | 15  | 15  |
| Side Yards (feet)                       | 50  | 15  | 15  | 12  | 10    | 8   | 7     | 5   | 5   | 5   |
| Rear Yard (feet)                        | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30    | 20  | 20    | 20  | 10  | 20  |

| Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions (continued) |     |    |    |    |    |     |    |     |    |     |
|---|-----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
|   | HDU | GC | NC | тс | ı  | PSP | PR | os  | GR | GRA |
| Front Yard (feet)                                   | 20  | 10 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20  | 20 | n/a | 30 | 30  |
| Side Yards (feet)                                   | 5   | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 15  | 15 | n/a | 50 | 50  |
| Rear Yard (feet)                                    | 20  | 10 | 20 | 10 | 15 | 20  | 20 | n/a | 30 | 30  |

Source: Sedway Cooke Associates

[Amended by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01; Ord. 1290, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1458, provisions eff. 2/4/11; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12; Ord 1618, provisions eff 5/4/18, Ord. 1639, provisions eff 7/19/19.]

<u>Section 110.406.10 TRPA Standards.</u> Requirements for development occurring in the Tahoe area including, but not limited to, building placement standards shall be the most restrictive of Tahoe Regional Planning Agency standards and Washoe County standards.

<u>Section 110.406.12 Industrial Standards for Residential Adjacency.</u> The following standards shall pertain to any uses within an industrial regulatory zone that is adjacent to residential regulatory zone parcels. These standards may be varied upon the approval of a director's modification of standards by the Director of Planning and Building.

- (a) Setbacks. A minimum fifty (50) foot buffer shall be maintained from the residential regulatory zone shared property lines to any structure, roadway, parking or other development on industrial regulatory zone parcels. The buffer area shall be maintained and meet Article 412, Landscaping requirements.
- (b) Screening. An eight (8) foot screening element shall be constructed in the setback area adjacent to any residential regulatory zone parcels. This screening element may consist of any of the following:
  - (1) solid decorative wall
  - (2) berm
  - (3) solid decorative fencing constructed of durable materials, such as stone, concrete, metal, synthetic or vinyl
  - (4) combination of any of the following as long as the total height from top of wall/fence/berm to bottom of wall/fence/berm is at least eight (8) feet in height

- (c) Lighting. Light standards that are within 100 feet from a residential zone parcel shall comply with Article 414. Lighting structures that are more than one hundred (100) feet from a residential regulatory zone parcel shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet in height.
- (d) Loading and service areas. Loading docks and trash areas on parcels that are one (1) acre or more shall be located a minimum of 100 feet from the shared property line of residential zoned parcels.

[Added by Ord. 1658, provisions eff. 10/23/2020.]

<u>Section 110.406.15</u> <u>Double Counting Yards.</u> No required yard or open space around any building shall be considered a yard or open space for any other building on an adjoining lot or parcel.

<u>Section 110.406.20 Combining Lots.</u> If two (2) or more lots must be combined to meet the minimum yard requirements of this article, the lots shall be legally merged into one (1) lot before a building permit will be issued.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93.]

Section 110.406.23 Variance or Modification of Certain Building Placement Standards on Commercial or Industrial Parcels in Conjunction with Special Use Permit or Tentative Map Applications. Building placement standards including setbacks, minimum lot size, or minimum lot width may be varied or modified for commercial and industrial regulatory zone parcels in conjunction with the approval of a special use permit or tentative subdivision map applicable to the subject property and without the need to file a separate application for a variance or modification, provided that the standards to be varied or modified are included in the notice for the hearing on the special use permit or tentative map application.

[Added by Ord. 1646, provisions eff. 3/20/2020.]

Section 110.406.24 Modification of Building Placement Standards for Front Yard Setbacks on Parcels Adjacent to Local Residential Streets' Right-of-Way (ROW) Located More than 20 Feet from Front Property Line. The Director of the Planning and Building Division may approve a modification of standards (Director's Modification) to reduce the front yard setback (as otherwise required by the underlying regulatory zone) by up to 10 feet when the edge of pavement or curb of the adjacent public right-of-way (ROW) of a local residential street is more than 20 feet from the property line. The Director's Modification must include a finding that the adjacent ROW is not planned for a future road expansion and must consider roadway safety and snow storage. Additionally, the County Engineer may request that Washoe County be released from any liability relating to street maintenance operations.

[Added by Ord. 1679, provisions eff. 12/27/2021.]

<u>Section 110.406.25 Unobstructed Yards.</u> Any yard required by the Development Code shall be open and unobstructed from the ground to the sky except as provided in this article.

Section 110.406.30 Front Yards. Front yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) Through Lots. On through lots, either end lot line may be considered the front line, except when the access would be from a street classified as a collector or an arterial. The minimum rear yard shall not be less than the required front yard in the regulatory zone in which such lot is located. After development of the lot has occurred, the yard chosen as the front yard shall remain the front yard for all further development on the lot.
- (b) Interior Lots. On any interior lot in any residential land use category or, in General Rural or General Rural Agricultural land use categories, the front yard requirement shall be fifteen (15) feet where the slope of the front half of the lot is greater than a two (2) foot rise (or fall) above (or below) the established street grade for every ten (10) feet of horizontal distance. Plans submitted must be specific enough to establish conformance with these provisions.
- (c) <u>Corner Lots.</u> On a corner lot, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards. Corner lots are required to have a side yard.
- (d) Obstructions to Vision. There shall be no fences or other obstruction to vision more than eighteen (18) inches higher than curb level within the visibility triangle defined in Section 110.412.30, Public Safety.
- (e) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required front yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (f) <u>Detached Garages.</u> Detached garages may be located behind the required front setback.
- (g) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for front yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12.]

Section 110.406.35 Side Yards. Side yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) <u>Outside Stairs.</u> Outside stairs or landing places, if unroofed or unenclosed, may extend into a required side yard for a distance not to exceed three (3) feet.
- (b) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required side yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (c) <u>Accessory Structures.</u> Accessory structures may be located in a side yard as provided in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures, except that a guest building shall not be located in a side yard.
- (d) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for side yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98, Ord. 1639, provisions eff 7/19/19.]

<u>Section 110.406.40 Rear Yards.</u> Rear yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) <u>Outside Stairs.</u> Outside stairs or landing places, if unroofed or unenclosed, may extend into a required rear yard for a distance of not to exceed five (5) feet.
- (b) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required rear yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (c) <u>Accessory Structures.</u> Accessory structures may be located in a rear yard as provided in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures.
- (d) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for rear yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95.]

#### Section 110.406.45 Lot Width.

- (a) Modification of Standards. The Community Development Director may modify the standards of lot width to a lesser standard when, in his determination, there are compelling environmental considerations of topography or geology which necessitate a minor variation and do not result in parcel configurations inconsistent with the intent of these regulations. Such constraints may include: hillsides, creeks, wetlands, faults, rock outcroppings or other major constraints. The modification of the standard must facilitate superior building sites. This modification may not be granted for subsequent divisions of the same parcel.
- (b) <u>Flag Lots.</u> The "pole" portion of any lot shall not be included either in the required minimum lot size or width calculations. The "pole" portion shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet in width and a maximum of thirty (30) feet in width.

[Added by Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01.]

#### Section 110.406.50 Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting.

- (a) Residential Use Types. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting is limited to four-and-one-half (4.5) feet in the required front yard setback except as noted by Section 110.406.30, Front Yards. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting for the remainder of the residential property is six (6) feet. Where two (2) or more of a property's frontages constitute front yards on a corner lot, one (1) of the yards shall be deemed to be the main entrance and all other yards with street frontage shall be considered modified side yards where fences, walls or perimeter planting can have a maximum height of six (6) feet as long as such fences, walls or perimeter planting are located at least ten (10) feet from the modified side yard property line. Barbed wire or razor wire livestock fencing in front yards is allowed only on lots with a size greater than one (1) acre.
- (b) <u>Commercial and Industrial Use Types.</u> The fences, walls or perimeter planting in commercial and industrial development adjoining residential uses shall be at least six (6) feet but not more than eight (8) feet in height, in accordance with Article 412, Landscaping. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining a street may

- be a maximum of six (6) feet in height. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining non-residential uses may be a maximum of eight (8) feet in height.
- (c) <u>Specialty Fences.</u> Specialty fences are permitted in all regulatory zones with the following provisions:
  - (1) A specialty fence shall only be for the purposes of enclosing a tennis court, racquetball court, basketball court or other court-type recreational activity, and for exotic animals when a fence is pursuant to the issuance of a permit from the Washoe County Exotic Animal Board.
  - (2) A specialty fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The court or enclosure for which the fence is erected shall be located entirely to the side or rear of the main structure permitted on the property.
    - (ii) The fence may not be greater than ten (10) feet in height.
    - (iii) The fence may not prevent viewing through the fence. It may not be solid.
    - (iv) The fence must be of a color that blends with the background and in no instance may it be of a reflective material.
    - (v) The fence shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the side or rear property lines.
  - (3) A specialty fence may be up to 30 feet in height for a baseball or softball backstop. A specialty fence may be any height, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, only when the fence is constructed for a civic use, such as a sports field.
- (d) <u>Entry Gate and Entry Columns.</u> An entry gate and entry columns are permitted in all regulatory zones and are subject to the following provision:
  - (a) An entry gate and entry columns may exceed the allowable height of the fencing on adjacent fence panels by a maximum of eighteen (18) inches. Lighting fixtures may be placed on top of the entry column in excess of the height limitation.
- (e) Security Fences. Security Fences are permitted in all regulatory zones on parcels of land that do not have a main use established, subject to compliance with all of the following standards:
  - (1) A security fence shall only be for the purpose of enclosing a vacant parcel of land to control access to that parcel of land.
  - (2) The allowable height of a security fence is defined at WCC 110.460.50.
  - (3) A building permit is required for construction of a security fence.
  - (2) A security fence shall comply with the following provisions:

- (i) The security fence shall only be located on the perimeter of the subject site, or adjacent to a public access easement.
- (ii) The security fence shall be constructed only of chain link and shall not prevent viewing through it. No slats are allowed. It shall not be solid.
- (iii) Construction of a security fence using any material other than chain link may be permitted, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, when the alternative material provides an equivalent level of security and does not inhibit view of the parcel of land. It shall not be solid.
- (iv) The security fence must be supported by steel pipes, and those supports must be set securely in the ground and stabilized with concrete.

[Added by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95. Amended by Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98.]

[Section 110.406.45 entitled "Visual Obstructions" amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94 and repealed by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95.]

# Article 902 **DEFINITIONS**

#### Sections:

| 110.902.00 | Purpose                 |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 110.902.05 | Applicability           |
| 110.902.10 | Rules of Interpretation |
| 110.902.15 | General Definitions     |

<u>Section 110.902.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 902, Definitions, is to promote consistency and precision in the interpretation of the Development Code.

<u>Section 110.902.05 Applicability.</u> The meaning and construction of words and phrases as set forth therein shall apply throughout the Development Code, except where the context of such words and phrases clearly indicates a different meaning or construction. Definitions contained in the adopted version of the International Building Code shall be applicable except when in conflict with definitions contained in the Development Code, in which case the Development Code definitions shall control. Additional definitions which apply only within one article or section may be contained within that article or section.

[Amended by Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07.]

<u>Section 110.902.10</u> Rules of Interpretation. The following general rules of interpretation shall apply to the textual provisions of the Development Code:

- (a) Article and Section References. "Article" means an article of the ordinance codified in this Development Code unless some other ordinance is specifically mentioned. "Section" means a section of the ordinance codified in this Development Code unless some other ordinance is specifically mentioned. "Subsection" means a subsection of the section in which the term occurs unless some other section is specifically mentioned.
- (b) <u>Definitions</u>. The Director of Community Development shall have the authority to determine the applicable definition source (e.g. Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, International Building Code, International Fire Code, etc.) in the event of a conflict.
- (c) <u>Headings.</u> Section and subsection headings contained herein shall not be deemed to govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of any provision of this Development Code.
- (d) <u>Illustrations.</u> In case of any differences of meaning or implication between the text of any section or article and any illustration, the text shall control.
- (e) <u>Gender.</u> The masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter.
- (f) Number. The singular number includes the plural, and the plural the singular.
- (g) <u>Tense.</u> The present tense includes the past and future tenses, and the future tense includes the present tense.

- (h) Oath and Affirmation. "Oath" includes "affirmation."
- (i) <u>Shall and May.</u> "Shall" is mandatory and "may" is permissive.
- (j) <u>Signature or Subscription and Mark.</u> "Signature" or "subscription" includes "mark" when the signer or subscriber cannot write, such signer's or subscriber's name being written near the mark by a witness who writes his own name near the signer's or subscriber's name; but a signature or subscription by mark can be acknowledged or can serve as a signature or subscription to a sworn statement only when two (2) witnesses so sign their own names thereto.
- (k) <u>Statutory References.</u> Whenever reference is made to any portion of the ordinance codified in this Development Code, or of any other ordinance of this County or of any law of this state, the reference applies to all amendments and additions now or hereafter made.

[Amended by Ord. 873, provisions eff. 6/7/93; Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07.]

<u>Section 110.902.15</u> <u>General Definitions.</u> Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions shall be applicable throughout the Development Code:

<u>A-Weighted Sound Level.</u> "A-weighted sound level" means the sound pressure level in decibels as measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighing filter network. Sounds measured with an A-weighted filter are abbreviated dba or db(a).

<u>Accessory Structure.</u> "Accessory structure" means a subordinate structure, the use of which is incidental to that of the main structure or potential main structure, or main dwelling.

Accessway. "Accessway" means vehicular ingress and egress to a property or use.

Adequate Public Facilities Management. "Adequate public facilities management" means a method for ensuring that the infrastructure necessary to support a development project will be available concurrently with the impacts of that development, without causing the level of service provided by said infrastructure to fall below adopted standards.

<u>Affordable Housing.</u> "Affordable housing" means housing which is affordable to low-income households (not exceeding eighty (80) percent of the County median income) or moderate-income households (not exceeding one-hundred twenty (120) percent of County median income).

Agricultural Building. "Agricultural building" is a structure designed and constructed to store farm implements and equipment or hay, grain, poultry, livestock, fruit and other agricultural products. Cold storage warehouses are not agricultural buildings. An agricultural building shall not be used for human habitation; processing, treating, packaging agricultural products; or as a place used by the public. The term shall not include dwellings, but does include greenhouses.

<u>Approved Access.</u> "Approved access" means a way or means of approach to a parcel from either an abutting public road or from a private road, street or right-of-way approved by the County.

<u>Area of Shallow Flooding.</u> "Area of shallow flooding" means a designated AO or AH Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The base flood depths range from 1 to 3 feet, a clearly defined channel does not exist, the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and velocity flow may be evident.

<u>Area Plan.</u> "Area plan" means plans adopted by Washoe County which cover specific subareas of the unincorporated County. These plans provide basic information on the natural features, resources and physical constraints that affect the development of the planning area. They also specify detailed land use

designations which are then used to review specific development proposals and to plan services and facilities.

Arterial. "Arterial" means a main highway that is a through street.

Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Attached accessory dwelling unit" means a portion of or an addition to a single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceiling and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or one thousand (1,000) square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Attached accessory dwellings are often referred to as guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."

<u>Base Flood Calculation.</u> "Base flood calculation" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. See "Flood, One Hundred (100) Year."

<u>Basement.</u> "Basement" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling, which is partly below and partly above grade, but so located that the vertical distance from grade to the floor below is less than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Bed and Breakfast Establishment.</u> "Bed and breakfast establishment" means a single-family dwelling containing not more than five (5) guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.

Berm. "Berm" means a mound or embankment of earth.

<u>Billboard.</u> "Billboard" means an outdoor advertisement making a material or services known, such advertisement being remote from the point of sale of such material or service.

Board. "Board" refers to the Board of County Commissioners of Washoe County.

<u>Boardinghouse.</u> "Boardinghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided for more than three (3) guests.

<u>Breezeway.</u> A "breezeway" means a covered walkway, passageway, or corridor that has at least one (1) side entirely or partially open (except for necessary supporting columns), is not intended nor designed as habitable space, and which may or may not be connected to a structure.

<u>Building.</u> "Building" means any structure having a permanent foundation, a roof supported by columns or walls and used for the enclosure of persons, animals or chattels, but not including a trailer (mobile home) or tent.

<u>Building Envelope.</u> "Building envelope" means the area to be occupied by any structure and associated development.

<u>Building Height.</u> "Building height" is the vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. As illustrated in Figure 110.902.15.BH1, the reference datum shall be selected by either of the following, whichever yields a greater height of building:

- (a) The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a five (5) foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.
- (b) An elevation ten (10) feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground surface described in Item 1 above is more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.

The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.

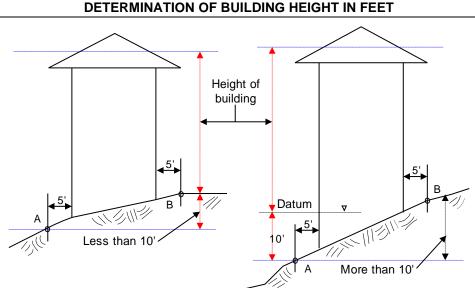


Figure 110.902.15.BH1

Source: International Building Code Interpretation Manual.

<u>Building Intensity.</u> "Building intensity" refers to the bulk and concentration of physical development of uses permitted in a district. Lot coverage and height are examples of measures of building intensity.

<u>Cargo Container.</u> "Cargo Container" means an Intermodal Container, Sea-land Container, ISO Container, or Conex Box that is not designed for independent or "In-tow Trailer" highway use, and that was originally designed and constructed as a standardized, reusable storage and shipping vessel to be loaded on a truck, rail car or ship.

<u>Cellar.</u> "Cellar" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling which is wholly or partially below grade and so located that vertical distance from grade to the floor below is equal to or greater than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Certificated Water Rights.</u> "Certificated water rights" means the right to put surface water or groundwater to beneficial use that is identified by a record document issued by the Nevada State Engineer after satisfactory proof of "perfection of application" for a permitted water right has been filed in accordance with NRS Chapter 533.

<u>Child Care Institution.</u> "Child care institution" means a facility which provides care and shelter during the day and night and provides developmental guidance to sixteen (16) or more children who do not routinely return to the homes of their parents or guardians. Such an institution may also provide, without limitation:

- (a) Education to the children according to a curriculum approved by the Department of Education;
- (b) Services to children who have been diagnosed as severely emotionally disturbed as defined in NRS 433B.080, including, without limitation, services relating to mental health and education; or
- (c) Emergency shelter to children who have been placed in protective custody pursuant to Chapter 432B of NRS.

<u>Climatic Adaptive Planting Material.</u> "Climatic adaptive planting material" means vegetation which is adapted to the climate or microclimate of the planting site and can flourish given the soil and water environment surrounding its roots. Microclimates, large bodies of water, soil drainage, soil pH, adequate moisture, the presence of soil salts, and both summer and winter wind affect a plant's ability to grow and survive.

Cluster or Clustered Development. See "Common Open Space Development."

<u>Collector</u>. "Collector" means the highest order of residential streets.

<u>Commercial Coach.</u> "Commercial coach" means structure without motive power which is designed and equipped for human occupancy for industrial, professional or commercial purposes.

<u>Commercial Vehicle.</u> "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle designed, maintained or used for business, commercial, construction or industrial purposes that infringes on the residential character of residential districts; or for the transportation of property in furtherance of commercial enterprise; or having more than two (2) axles on the road; or, any vehicle in excess of eight thousand (8,000) pounds unladen weight. Commercial vehicles includes, but is not limited to: a cement truck, commercial tree-trimming equipment, construction equipment, dump truck, garbage truck, panel truck, semi-tractor, semi-trailer, stake bed truck, step delivery van, tank truck, tar truck, and other vehicles customarily used for commercial purposes.

Commission. "Commission" means the Washoe County Planning Commission.

Common Interest Community. "Common interest community" means real estate in which a person, by virtue of ownership of a unit, is obligated to pay for real estate other than that unit. "Ownership of a unit" does not include holding a leasehold interest of less than twenty (20) years in a unit, including options to renew.

<u>Common Open Space Development.</u> "Common open space development" means a technique whereby minimum lot sizes may be reduced below the regulatory zone requirements for residential and commercial use types, if compensating amounts of open space are provided within the same development (also called "cluster development"). This type of development allows for structures to be grouped on smaller lots, provided the total density for the development is not exceeded.

<u>Company Town.</u> "Company town" means employee housing and supporting commercial, office, recreational, professional, administrative and other ancillary uses associated with the functioning of an isolated industrial, mining, energy production, utilities, resorts or agricultural based use. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

Consistency. "Consistency" means free from variation or contradiction.

Constraints. "Constraints" mean limitations or actions which cannot be taken or which must be taken.

Construct. "Construct" includes "erect," "reconstruct," "alter," "move in" and "move upon."

<u>Contiguous Parcel of Land.</u> "Contiguous parcel of land" means a parcel of land either abutting directly on the boundary or separated by a street, alley, public right-of-way, creek, river or the right-of-way of a railroad or other public service corporation of another parcel of land.

<u>Continuum of Care Unit</u>. A unit that is within a continuum of care facility that includes living and sleeping facilities as defined by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

Corner Lot. See "Lot, Corner."

<u>Cost.</u> "Cost" means the price paid or what is given up in order to acquire, produce, accomplish or maintain anything.

<u>County.</u> "County" refers to the unincorporated area of Washoe County, Nevada.

<u>County Standards.</u> "County standards" means improvement standards set forth in this Development Code or adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>Cross-Section.</u> "Cross-section" is a drawing or photograph showing a cutting through something, especially at right angles to its axis. A cross section of a roadway usually indicates the width of the street, the number of lanes, and the width of any median, parkways, sidewalks and bicycle lanes.

<u>Cumulative Impact.</u> "Cumulative impact" means an effect which is a result of several related projects. Each increment from each project may not be noticeable but cumulative impacts may be noticeable when all increments are considered.

<u>Cut.</u> "Cut" means shaping of the land surface by removing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Decibel.</u> "Decibel" means a unit for describing the amplitude of sound, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten (10) of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals (20 micronewtons per square meter).

<u>Density or Residential Density.</u> "Density" or "residential density" means the number of dwelling units per gross acre for residential uses as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System.

<u>Density Bonus.</u> "Density bonus" means an increase in residential density over and above the density specified in the Development Code. A "density bonus unit" is one of the additional housing units built as a result of granting a density bonus.

<u>Destination Resort.</u> "Destination resort" is a self-contained development that provides for visitor-oriented accommodations and developed recreational facilities in a setting with high natural amenities. Visitor-oriented accommodations are overnight lodging and facilities designed for visitors, not permanent residents, and overnight lodging excludes RV and mobile home parks. Visitor accommodations must include meeting rooms and restaurants.

<u>Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit.</u> "Detached accessory dwelling unit" means a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS)

Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Detached accessory dwelling unit are also commonly referred to as guest houses, second units, detached "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

<u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> Except as provided for under Section 110.306.15, "detached accessory structure" means a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions contained in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures. Typical uses include storage buildings, sheds, barns, and detached garages.

<u>Development.</u> "Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate including the construction of buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

<u>Development Agreement.</u> "Development agreement" means an agreement entered into by Washoe County and any person having a legal or equitable interest in land concerning the development of that land, pursuant to NRS Chapter 278.

<u>Development Code.</u> "Development Code" refers to Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code which incorporates all County development-related ordinances and standards to ensure conformity with the Master Plan.

<u>Division into Large Parcels.</u> "Division into large parcels" means division of land if each proposed lot is at least forty (40) acres in area including roads and easements or at least one-sixteenth (1/16) of a section as described by a government land office.

<u>Dog Training Center.</u> "Dog training center" means a facility where dogs are boarded and trained for a long-term period of time.

<u>Dog Training Services.</u> "Dog training services" means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training.

<u>Domestic Water.</u> "Domestic water" means water supplied to individual dwellings and other land uses which is suitable for drinking.

<u>Dormitory/Bunkhouse.</u> "Dormitory/bunkhouse" means a building or a portion of a building where, for compensation or a benefit of employment, meals and lodging are provided.

<u>Drainage</u>, <u>Natural</u>. "Natural drainage" means any channel, swale or depression which conducts water as part of the natural drainage pattern of a site.

<u>Driveway</u>, <u>Residential</u>. "Residential driveway" means a private paved or unpaved area used for ingress or egress of vehicles, and allowing access extending from a property line to a building or other structure or facility on the subject parcel.

<u>Dwelling.</u> "Dwelling" means any building or portion thereof used exclusively for residential purposes but does not include hotels, clubs, boardinghouses or rooming houses, fraternity or sorority houses, continuum of care facilities, or institutions.

<u>Dwelling Unit.</u> "Dwelling unit" means any building or portion thereof, including a fabricated home or portion thereof, which contains at a minimum permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities for residential use types as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities as required by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

<u>Electronic Notice</u>. "Electronic notice" means any notice required by law that is transmitted via electronic means and which provides a method of verifying receipt to the sender that the receiver has received the notice. Electronic includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, facsimile transmission that identify the receiver and have a time and date stamp.

<u>Endangered Species.</u> "Endangered species" means any species listed as such in the Federal Register which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Engineer. "Engineer" means a Nevada registered engineer pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Ephemeral Stream.</u> "Ephemeral stream" means a stream that flows only in direct response to precipitation, and thus discontinues its flow during dry seasons. Such flow is usually of short duration. Most of the dry washes of more arid regions may be classified as ephemeral streams.

<u>Erosion.</u> "Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil from the land surface by wind, water or gravity.

<u>Fabricated Home.</u> "Fabricated home" means a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site. Fabricated homes include modular homes, manufactured homes and mobile homes. The term "fabricated home" does not include a "recreational vehicle."

<u>Facility for Transitional Living for Released Offenders.</u> "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for persons who have been released from prison and who require assistance with reintegration into the community, other than such a residence that is operated or maintained by a state or local government or an agency thereof. The term does not include a halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers or a facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs. As used in this section, person who has been released from prison means:

- (a) A parolee.
- (b) A person who is participating in:
  - (1) A judicial program pursuant to NRS 209.4886 or 213.625; or
  - (2) A correctional program pursuant to NRS 209.4888 or 213.371.
- (c) A person who is supervised by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety through residential confinement.
- (d) A person who has been released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence.

<u>Family.</u> "Family" means one (1) or more persons related by blood, marriage or legal adoption, or a group of six (6) or fewer unrelated persons and two additional persons who act as house parents or guardians, living together in a dwelling unit.

<u>Fence.</u> "Fence" means a wall or barrier constructed of boards, masonry, wire or any other material for the purpose of enclosing space or separating parcels of land. The term "fence" does not include retaining walls, but does include fence gates and gateposts.

Fence, Security. "Security Fence" means a fence that is located on the property lines of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established and complies with WCC 110.406.50 (e).

Fill. "Fill" means shaping of the land surface by depositing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Final Map.</u> "Final map" means the map or recording instrument for subdivisions of land as described in Article 610. A final map may also be used to record an approved parcel map at the option of either the subdivider or the County.

<u>Fire Management.</u> "Fire management" means activities required for the protection of resources and values from fire, or the use of fire to meet land management goals and objectives.

<u>Flood or Flooding.</u> "Flood" or "flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow of inland waters; or the unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source.

<u>Flood, One Hundred (100) Year.</u> "One hundred (100) year flood" also called the "base flood" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The boundaries of the one hundred (100) year flood include both the floodway and the flood fringe areas as shown on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (Floodway).</u> "Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of flood hazard and the floodway.

<u>Flood Elevation</u>. "Flood elevation" means the elevation of the water surface of the base flood based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929.

<u>Flood Elevation, Increase In.</u> "Increase in flood elevation" means an increase in flood elevation of more than one (1) foot at any point.

<u>Flood Fringe.</u> "Flood fringe" means the area of the one hundred (100) year flood, exclusive of the floodway, as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, and any area determined by the Floodplain Administrator to have a one (1) percent or greater probability of flood in a given year.

<u>Flood Hazard Areas.</u> "Flood hazard areas" means the area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as being flooded by the base flood, and is designated as "Zone A, AO, AH, AE and A99" on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Height.</u> "Flood height" means the depth of the floodwater during the one hundred (100) year flood, computed as the difference between the elevation of the one hundred (100) year floodwater surface and the elevation ground surface at a given point in the flooded area.

<u>Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).</u> "Flood Insurance Rate Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated the flood hazard area, the limited flooding area and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

<u>Flood Insurance Study (FIS).</u> "Flood Insurance Study" means the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

<u>Floodplain</u>. "Floodplain" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source.

<u>Floodplain Administrator.</u> "Floodplain Administrator" means the person appointed to administer and implement the provisions of Article 416 of this Development Code.

<u>Floodplain Management.</u> "Floodplain management" means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage.

<u>Floodproofing.</u> "Floodproofing" means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

<u>Floodway.</u> "Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot. The floodway is delineated on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps.

<u>Floor Area Ratio (FAR).</u> "Floor area ratio" means the ratio of floor area permitted on a lot to the size of the lot. For example, a permitted FAR of 6.0 on a 10,000 square foot lot would allow a building with a total floor area of 60,000 square feet.

<u>Front Line.</u> "Front line" means the narrowest lot dimension fronting on a street.

Front Yards. See "Yard, Front."

<u>Fuel Management.</u> "Fuel management" means treating or controlling any vegetative material which adversely affects meeting fire management direction based upon resource management goals and objectives.

<u>Fuelbreak.</u> "Fuelbreak" means a strip of land, strategically placed for fighting anticipated fires, where hazardous fuels have been replaced with less burnable fuels (like grass). They divide fire-prone areas into smaller parcels for easier fire control and provide access for fire fighting.

<u>Fuels.</u> "Fuels" mean any material capable of sustaining or carrying a wildfire, usually natural material both live and dead.

<u>Gaming.</u> "Gaming" means any legally constituted gambling enterprise authorized under the laws of the State of Nevada other than slot machines when such machines are operated incidentally to the conduct of a licensed retail business.

<u>Geothermal Resource.</u> "Geothermal resource" means the natural heat of the earth and the energy associated with the natural heat, pressure and all dissolved or entrained minerals, but excluding hydrocarbons and helium, that may be obtained from the medium used to transfer that heat.

<u>Governing Body.</u> "Governing body" refers to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, unless otherwise clearly indicated.

<u>Government Patent Easement.</u> "Government patent easement" means an easement granted through a patent by the federal government for a public purpose, generally for public access and utility purposes.

<u>Grade.</u> "Grade" is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than 5 feet from the building, between the building and a line 5 feet from the building.

<u>Gradient.</u> "Gradient" is the slope of a lot measured as the difference in elevation of finished grade between the midpoint of the front property line and the farthest opposite point of the lot depth.

Grading. "Grading" means removal of trees and shrubs with surface soil grading for smoothness.

<u>Greenbelt.</u> "Greenbelt" means an area where measures such as fuel management, land use planning and development standards are applied to mitigate fire, flood and erosion hazard. More traditionally, an irrigated landscaped buffer zone between development and wildlands, usually put to additional uses (e.g. golf course, park, etc.).

Gross Density. "Gross density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the total site area.

<u>Ground Cover.</u> "Ground cover" means low, dense-growing plants such as shrubs or vines, or inert materials such as rock or bark used to cover bare ground.

<u>Ground Water Recharge.</u> "Ground water recharge" means the infiltration of water into the earth. It may increase the total amount of water stored underground or only replenish the groundwater supply depleted through pumping or natural discharge. The natural or intentional infiltration of surface water into the Zone of Saturation (i.e. into the Ground Water). Also, the inflow of water to a ground water reservoir (Zone of Saturation) from the surface. Infiltration of precipitation and its movement to the water table is one form of natural recharge.

<u>Group Foster Home.</u> "Group foster home" means a natural person, partnership, firm, corporation or association who provides full-time care for seven (7) to fifteen (15) children who are:

- (a) Under eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) Not related within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity to any natural person maintaining or operating the home; and received, cared for, and
- (c) Maintained for compensation or otherwise, including the provision of permanent free care.

<u>Halfway House for Recovering Alcohol and Drug Abusers.</u> "Halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for recovering alcohol and drug abusers and is operated to facilitate their reintegration into the community, but does not provide any treatment for alcohol or drug abuse. The term does not include a facility for transitional living for released offenders.

<u>Hallway.</u> "Hallway" means a completely enclosed corridor, passageway, or other similar enclosed space that connects two (2) separate rooms, or ingress and egress points, and which is not intended nor designed as habitable space. A hallway shall not be used to connect two (2) separate dwelling units.

<u>Hedge.</u> "Hedge" means a dense row of plant material, such as shrubs, which are arranged to form a boundary or screen.

<u>Highest Existing Grade.</u> "Highest existing grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

<u>Hillside Development.</u> "Hillside development" means any development including individual lots which has slopes greater than fifteen (15) percent on twenty (20) percent or more of the site.

<u>Historic Structure</u>. "Historic structure" means any structure that is:

- (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historic significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior to qualify as a registered historic district;
- (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
  - (1) By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
  - (2) Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

<u>Home for Individual Residential Care.</u> "Home for individual residential care" means a home in which a natural person furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision, for compensation, to not more than two (2) persons with mental retardation or with disabilities or who are aged or infirm, unless the persons receiving those services are related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the person providing those services. The term does not include:

- (a) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (b) A home in which supported living arrangement services are provided to assist individuals in maximizing his independence, including without limitation training and habitation services.

<u>Hoop House/High Tunnel.</u> "Hoop House" or "High Tunnel" means an enclosure that is used to cover and protect crops from sun, wind, excessive rainfall, or cold, to extend the growing season in an environmentally safe manner and having a life span of approximately 5 years. The coverings for these enclosures utilize flexible, not rigid materials.

<u>Hotel.</u> "Hotel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with an interior hall and lobby.

<u>House Construction Factory.</u> "House construction factory" means a building used for the construction of a single or multiple family dwelling, or the assembly of prefabricated single or multiple family dwelling components, or a combination of the above-described procedures, which results in a completed single or multiple family dwelling that can be transported to a lot for which service has been provided and which has been improved to accommodate the installation of the dwelling.

Household. "Household" means the person or persons occupying a housing unit.

<u>Impervious Surface.</u> "Impervious surface" means the surface through which water cannot penetrate, such as a roof, road, sidewalk or paved parking area.

<u>Incorporated City.</u> "Incorporated city" means a city incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

<u>Infrastructure</u>. "Infrastructure" means the basic facilities such as roads, schools, power plants, transmission lines, transportation and communication systems on which the continuance and growth of a community depends.

Inoperable Vehicle. "Inoperable vehicle" means a vehicle, as defined by NRS 482.135, which:

- (a) Does not display current license plates (from any state) registered to the vehicle; and,
- (b) Is visibly damaged, wrecked, dismantled, in serious disrepair, deteriorating (rusting, rotting) or missing major components, or is being salvaged, parted out, prepared for crushing, shredding or scrapping; and,
- (c) Is not awaiting disposition instructions as a result of a collision.

Interior Lot. See " Lot, Interior."

<u>Junkyard</u>. "Junkyard" means any space for storage, abandonment or sale of junk, scrap material or similar waste, including the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles, other vehicles, machinery or parts. Junkyard shall be synonymous with salvage yard.

<u>Kitchen.</u> "Kitchen" means a room or space within a room equipped with such electrical or gas hook up that would enable the installation of a range, oven, or like appliance using 220/40 volts or natural gas (or similar fuels, such as propane) for the preparation of food, and also containing either or both a refrigerator and sink for the washing and/or disposal of food.

<u>Landscaped Buffer.</u> "Landscaped buffer" means an area of landscaping which separates two (2) distinct land uses, or a land use and a public right-of-way, and which acts to soften or mitigate the effects of one (1) land use on the other.

<u>Landscaping.</u> "Landscaping" means an area devoted to and maintained with a mixture of existing or new native or exotic plants such as turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees, as well as additional complementary decorative features such as rocks, decorative pavement, fountains, pools, sculpture and decorative wall.

Ldn. "Ldn" means the average equivalent A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day obtained by adding ten decibels to the hourly noise levels measured during the night (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). In this way, Ldn takes into account the lower tolerance of people for noise during nighttime periods. Ldn noise level measurements are typically plotted onto a map to identify noise contours around a significant noise generator (e.g. freeways, airports, etc.).

<u>Limited Gaming.</u> "Limited gaming" means gaming enterprises authorized by the State Gaming Control Board whereby any person or gaming establishment may be issued a limited gaming license or have such conditions placed on a gaming license as necessary to protect the public interest.

#### Livestock. "Livestock" means:

- (a) All cattle or animals of the bovine species;
- (b) All horses, mules, burros and asses or animals of the equine species;
- (c) All goats or animals of the caprine species;
- (d) All swine or animals of the porcine species; and

(e) All sheep or animals of the ovine species.

<u>Loading Space</u>. "Loading space" means an off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a group of buildings for the temporary parking of vehicles while handling merchandise or materials.

<u>Lot.</u> "Lot" means a distinct part or parcel of land divided with the intent to transfer ownership or for building purposes, which abuts upon a permanent means of access and is assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Lot, Corner.</u> "Corner lot" means a lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets or a lot that abuts one (1) street that changes directions, curves or turns around the lot with an interior angle of 135 degrees or less.

<u>Lot</u>, <u>Interior</u>. "Interior lot" means either (a) a lot bounded by a street on only one (1) side; or, (b) a lot situated at the intersection of (2) streets having an interior angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more; or, (c) a lot that has continuous street frontage on only one (1) street and when the curvature of the lot along the street frontage exceeds one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more.

<u>Lot, Through.</u> "Through lot" means a lot bounded by two (2) streets that do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.

<u>Lot Coverage.</u> "Lot coverage" is a measure of intensity of land use which represents the portion of a site that is impervious (i.e. does not absorb water). This portion includes, but is not limited to, all areas covered by buildings, parking structures, driveways, roads, sidewalks, and any areas of concrete asphalt. In the case of lumberyards, areas where lumber is stored also constitutes impervious surfaces.

<u>Lot Depth.</u> "Lot depth" is the distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the mean direction of the side lines.

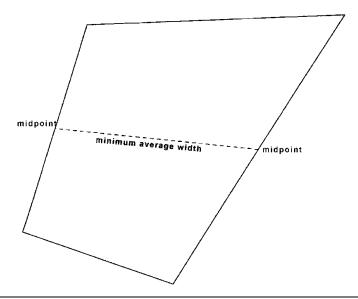
Lot Size. "Lot size" is the total square footage of a lot.

<u>Lot Width.</u> "Lot width" may be determined in one of the following three ways:

(a) The distance between the side lot lines measured at right angles to the lot depth at a point midway between the front and rear line (see Figure 110.902.15LW1);

Figure 110.902.15.LW1

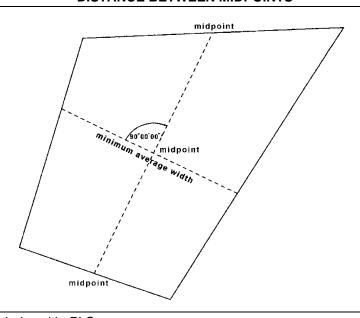
#### **DISTANCE BETWEEN SIDE LOT LINES**



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(b) The distance between the midpoints of the side lot lines (see Figure 110.902.15LW2); or Figure 110.902.15.LW2

## **DISTANCE BETWEEN MIDPOINTS**

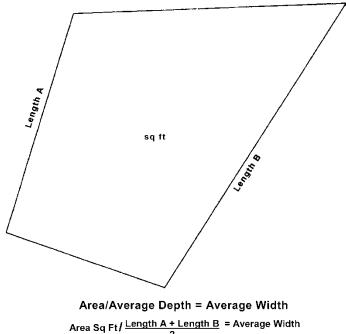


Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(c) Area/Average Depth = Average Width (see Figure 110.902.15LW3).

Figure 110.902.15.LW3

## **AREA/AVERAGE WIDTH**



Area Sq Ft  $\frac{\text{Length A} + \text{Length B}}{2}$  = Average Width

Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

Lowest Floor. "Lowest floor" means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements.

Main Building. "Main building" means a building devoted to the principal use of the lot on which it is situated.

Major Subdivision. "Major subdivision" means a subdivision which contains five (5) or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

Manufactured Home. "Manufactured home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing the label certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. A manufactured home is further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.113). A manufactured home is not a mobile home, nor a modular home.

Manufactured Home Park Site. "Manufactured home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a manufactured home park.

Manufactured Home Space. "Manufactured home space" is the area in a manufactured home park that is rented or leased to the occupant or occupants of a manufactured home.

Manufactured Home Subdivision. "Manufactured home subdivision" is a subdivision designed and/or intended for the sale of lots for siting manufactured homes.

Master Plan. "Master Plan" means the Washoe County Master Plan including both countywide elements and area plans, and a number of more detailed plans and studies related to the plans.

Median Income or County Median Income. "Median income" or "County median income" means the level of income in Washoe County whereby one-half (1/2) of the population earns greater than that level of income and one-half (1/2) of the population earns less than that level of income. Median income is determined on a yearly basis by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

<u>Military Installation.</u> "Military installation" means a base or facility at which or from which the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force Reserve, Army Reserve, Coast Guard Reserve, Marine Corps Reserve, Navy Reserve or National Guard conducts exercises, maneuvers, operations, patrols or training.

<u>Minor Subdivision</u>. "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision which contains four (4) or less lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Minute Action.</u> "Minute action" means an official final decision made by the Board of County Commissioners, as recorded in the County Clerk's minutes.

Mobile Home. "Mobile home" is a transportable, fabricated home, designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling and built prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, which became effective June 15, 1976. A mobile home, further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.120), does not bear an insignia of approval that the dwelling unit was built in compliance with NRS Chapter 461. A mobile home is not a manufactured home, nor a modular home

<u>Mobile Home Park.</u> "Mobile home park" means a tract of land under single ownership within which two (2) or more manufactured homes are occupied as residences on a permanent or semi-permanent basis. The homes are located on spaces that are rented or leased. Special facilities for the common use of the occupants may be included.

Mobile Home Park Site. "Mobile home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a mobile home park.

Modular Home. "Modular home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing a label certifying that it is built in compliance with local International Building Code standards and further meets all requirements of County Code Chapter 100. Modular homes shall be subject to the same permit process as site-built homes. A modular home is not a manufactured home, but includes what is commonly referred to as a panelized home.

<u>Motel.</u> "Motel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room or unit from an outside porch or landing (whether or not such outside porch or landing is enclosed with screen, glass, plastic or similar material).

<u>Mulch.</u> "Mulch" means an organic or inorganic material applied to landscaped areas to help minimize evaporation from the soil, reduce weeds, moderate soil temperatures and slow erosion.

<u>National Register of Historic Places.</u> "National Register of Historic Places" means the listing maintained by the U.S. National Park Service of areas which have been designated as historically significant. The Register includes places of local and state significance, as well as those of value to the nation in general.

<u>Natural Area.</u> "Natural area" means a land area which is unimproved and not occupied by any structures or man-made elements, and set aside for the conservation of permanent, undisturbed open space.

<u>Net Density.</u> "Net density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the site area minus the area of the streets, parking areas and undevelopable land.

Nevada Natural Heritage Site. "Nevada Natural Heritage Site" means areas of land or water which either:

- Have unusual flora, fauna, geological, scenic or similar features of scientific, educational or recreational interest; or
- (b) Retain some degree, or have re-established, a natural character (although it need not be completely undisturbed).

Non-municipal Air Strips and Glider Ports. "Non-municipal air strips and glider ports" means any Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recognized public use landing area, privately owned and operated for scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, where commercial uses and aviation related commerce can occur. Such use may include provision of landing privileges, hangar and tie-down lease/rental spaces, fuel and lubrication service, flight instruction, plane rental, mechanical repairs, or any other form of aviation commerce. Uses can also include scenic and sightseeing transportation service including helicopter rides, glider plane rides, air balloon rides, ultra-light and experimental aircraft activities and aircraft charters. The term "non-municipal air strips and glider ports" does not apply to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies. The term also does not apply to a personal landing field that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields.

NRS. "NRS" means Nevada Revised Statutes.

<u>Open Space, Common.</u> "Common open space" means the total land area, not individually owned or dedicated for public use, which is designed and intended for the common use or enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the development. Common open space includes swimming pools, putting greens and other recreational-leisure facilities; areas of scenic or natural beauty and habitat areas; hiking, riding or off-street bicycle trails; and landscaped areas adjacent to roads which are in excess of minimum required rights-ofway.

Open Space, Private. "Private open space" means the outdoor living area directly adjoining a dwelling unit or building which is intended for the private enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the dwelling unit or building and which is defined in such a manner that its boundaries are evident.

Open Space Use. "Open space use" means the current employment of land, the preservation of which use would conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, protect streams and water supplies or preserve sites designated as historic pursuant to law, provided such land has a greater value for another use than for open space use.

<u>Outdoor Storage.</u> "Outdoor Storage" means the outside placement of items and materials that are incidental to the existing principal use of the property, except as provided for under Section 110.306.35(d), for a period of more than seventy-two (72) consecutive hours. Outdoor storage is further defined and regulated in the Washoe County Nuisance Code (WCC Sections 50.300 to 50.310, inclusive).

Parcel Map. "Parcel map" means a map for a minor subdivision.

<u>Parcel of Land.</u> "Parcel of land" means any unit or contiguous units of land assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Parking Area.</u> "Parking area" means an open area, excluding a street or other public right-of-way, used for the parking of vehicles and available to the public, whether for free or for compensation.

<u>Permanent Employee Housing.</u> "Permanent employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees

occupy the housing on a permanent basis year round. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Permitted Water Rights.</u> "Permitted water rights" means the right, in accordance with NRS Chapter 533 and as approved by the Nevada State Engineer, to appropriate public waters, or to change the place of diversion, manner of use or place of use of water already appropriated.

<u>Perennial Stream.</u> "Perennial stream" means a stream that flows from source to mouth throughout the year. This definition does not apply to a man-made watercourse constructed for irrigation, aesthetic or other purposes.

Person. "Person" means a firm, association, corporation, partnership or an individual.

<u>Personal Landing Field.</u> "Personal landing field" means a private use aviation landing area that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable land uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields. Personal landing fields do not engage in scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, or in any scenic and sightseeing transportation service, or any other form of aviation commerce. The term "personal landing field" does not apply to "non-municipal air strips and glider ports," or to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies.

<u>Placement.</u> "Placement" means the issuance of a set-up permit by the Building and Safety Department for a manufactured home or mobile home.

<u>Planting Area.</u> "Planting area" means an area devoted to or maintained predominantly with native or exotic plants including turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees with a limited portion of complementary decorative features.

<u>Plumbing Fixture.</u> A "plumbing fixture" is a receptacle, device, or appliance that is supplied with water or which receives liquid or liquid-borne wastes, and which discharges into a drainage system to which it may be directly or indirectly connected.

<u>Police Powers.</u> "Police powers" means powers reserved to the states by the U.S. Constitution and delegated to cities and counties through the Nevada Constitution and the Nevada Revised Statutes; it is the authority to create and enforce ordinances and regulations that are not in conflict with general laws in order to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the public.

<u>Print.</u> "Print" means and includes a blueprint, photostat, direct process print or other copy which reproduces exactly the original drawing from which it was made.

<u>Private Communication Antenna.</u> "Private communication antenna" means any system of wires or poles or similar devices, excluding satellite dish antennas, used for the transmission or reception of electromagnetic waves by federally licensed amateur radio or citizen band radio operators, which system is external to or attached to the exterior of any building.

<u>Private Garage</u>. "Private garage" means a space intended for or used by the private automobiles of families resident upon the lot.

<u>Public Garage.</u> "Public garage" means a building for the repair, storage or hire of motor vehicles.

<u>Rear Line.</u> "Rear line" means the lot line most directly opposite the front line. A parcel of land may have only one (1) rear line.

Rear Yard. See "Yard, Rear."

<u>Recreational Vehicle.</u> "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular structure that is primarily designed as temporary living quarters for travel, recreation and camping uses. A recreational vehicle can be self-propelled, mounted on, or towed by a separate vehicle.

<u>Recreational Vehicle Park.</u> "Recreational vehicle park" means a tract of land for the transient use by two or more recreational vehicles.

Regional Plan. "Regional Plan" means the Truckee Meadows Regional Plan.

Required Area. "Required area" means the minimum area of a lot or parcel necessary to permit its use under the provisions of the Development Code. Required area refers to:

- (a) Any lot shown as part of a subdivision recorded as a final plat in the manner provided by law;
- (b) Any parcel of land separated as a lot prior to the adoption and effective date of the original Washoe County Land Use Ordinance or the adoption of additional regulatory zones; or
- (c) Any lot or parcel of land which has an area not less than that required in the respective regulatory zone.

Residential Facility for Groups. "Residential facility for groups" means an establishment that furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision to a person with mental retardation or with a disability or a person who is aged or infirm. The term includes, without limitation, an assisted living facility. The term does not include:

- (a) An establishment which provides care only during the day;
- (b) A natural person who provides care for no more than two (2) persons in his or her own home;
- (c) A natural person who provides care for one (1) or more persons related to him or her within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity;
- (d) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (e) A facility funded by a division or program of the Department of Health and Human Services.

<u>Revegetation.</u> "Revegetation" means stabilizing disturbed or graded soils after construction by replanting with indigenous or natural appearing plants.

<u>Ridgeline.</u> "Ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, running center and parallel to the long axis of the ridge and from which all water drains down.

<u>Ridgeline, Significant.</u> "Significant ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, as identified on the Development Suitability map for each planning area included in Volume Two: Area Plans of the Washoe County Master Plan.

<u>Right-of-Way.</u> "Right-of-way" is a strip of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a publicly dedicated street, including the pavement, sidewalks and parkways, crosswalk, railroad, electric transmission line, oil or gas pipeline, water main, sanitary or storm sewer main, shade streets or other special use.

Riparian. "Riparian" means related to or located on the bank of a natural water course.

Riparian Habitat. "Riparian habitat" means the land and plants bordering a watercourse or lake.

<u>Room.</u> "Room" is space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet compartments, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas, are not considered habitable space and therefore, not a room.

Roominghouse. "Roominghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, lodging is provided for more than three (3) guests.

Runoff. "Runoff" means that part of precipitation which flows over the land without filtering into the soil.

<u>Rural Regulatory Zones.</u> "Rural regulatory zones" means the Low Density Rural Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Rural Regulatory Zone, and High Density Rural Regulatory Zone.

<u>Satellite Dish Antenna.</u> "Satellite dish antenna" means a devise incorporating a reflective surface that is solid, open mesh or bar configured and is in the shape of a shallow dish, cone, horn or cornucopia. Such device shall be used to transmit and/or receive radio or electromagnetic waves between terrestrially and/or orbitally based uses. This definition is meant to include, but not be limited to, what are commonly referred to as satellite earth stations, TVROs (television reception only satellite dish antennas), and satellite microwave antennas.

<u>Scenic Corridor.</u> "Scenic corridor" means a roadway with recognized high quality visual amenities that include background vistas of mountains, open country or city.

<u>School.</u> "School" means an institution of learning which offers instructions in the several branches of learning required to be taught in the public schools of the State of Nevada.

<u>Screen.</u> "Screen" means to provide physical separation and complete visual obscuration of one area from another on all sides and in all seasons. Such separation must be at least six (6) feet high and includes, but is not limited to, the combination or individual use of a fence, decorative wall, structure, earth berm or dense landscaping.

Section 404 (Clean Water Act). "Section 404 (Clean Water Act)" means that section of the Clean Water Act delineating restrictions on the dredging and filling (only) of Wetlands in the United States. While Section 404 Permits are issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), Section 404 regulations are written by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit.</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit" means the Wetland dredge and fill permit issued under regulations written to conform to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The permit is actually granted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE).

<u>Sedimentation.</u> "Sedimentation" means the act or process of depositing sediment from suspension in water. All the processes whereby particles of rock material are accumulated to form sedimentary deposits. Sedimentation, as commonly used, involves not only aqueous but also glacial, aeolian, and organic agents. (Water Quality) Letting solids settle out of wastewater by gravity during treatment.

<u>Service Standards.</u> "Service standards" means a measurement of municipal services used to monitor or compare services provided by the County and other service providers.

<u>Setback.</u> "Setback" means the required distance between every structure and the lot line of the lot on which the structure(s) is located.

<u>Shrubs.</u> "Shrubs" means a self-supporting woody species of plants characterized by persistent stems and branches springing from the base.

Side Yard. See "Yard, Side."

<u>Site-Built Home.</u> "Site-built home" means a dwelling unit where the major components are fabricated and assembled at the building site or a dwelling unit constructed at a house construction factory located within Washoe County. Site-built homes shall comply with Washoe County building codes and other adopted local codes.

<u>Slope.</u> "Slope" means an inclined ground surface expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Agricultural</u>. "Agricultural slaughter house" means a building used as an ancillary structure on a farm or ranch for the non-profit slaughtering of animals raised on-site and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

<u>Slaughter House, Commercial.</u> "Commercial slaughter house" means a building used for the for-profit slaughtering of animals that are either raised on-site or transported to the building and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

Solar Energy. "Solar energy" means energy derived from the sun's rays.

<u>Specific Plan.</u> "Specific plan" means a plan prepared for a portion of an area plan which prescribes uses and development standards for that portion.

Story. "Story" is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than six (6) feet above grade as defined herein for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter or is more than twelve (12) feet above grade as defined herein at any point, such usable or unused under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

Story, First. "First story" is the lowest story in a building which qualifies as a story, as defined herein, except that a floor level in a building having only one (1) floor level shall be classified as a first story, provided such floor level is not more than four (4) feet below grade, as defined herein, for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter, or more than eight (8) feet below grade, as defined herein, at any point.

<u>Stream.</u> "Stream" means a general term for a body of flowing water; natural watercourse containing water at least part of the year. In hydrology, the term is generally applied to the water flowing in a natural channel as distinct from a canal. Some classifications of streams include, in relation to time:

- (a) <u>Ephemeral Streams</u>. Streams that flow only in direct response to precipitation and whose channel is at all times above the water table.
- (b) <u>Intermittent or Seasonal Streams.</u> Streams that flow only at certain times of the year when it receives water from springs, rainfall, or from surface sources such as melting snow.
- (c) <u>Perennial Streams.</u> Streams that flow continuously.

<u>Streambanks</u>. "Streambanks" mean the usual boundaries, not the flood boundaries, of a stream channel. Right and left banks are named facing downstream (in the direction of flow).

<u>Street.</u> "Street" means a public right-of-way or easement which affords a primary means of access to abutting property.

<u>Structure.</u> "Structure" means a walled and roofed building or manufactured home, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is primarily above ground. "Structure" does not include a tent, trailer or vehicle.

<u>Subdivider.</u> "Subdivider" means any person or persons, firm, corporation, partnership or association that causes land to be divided into a subdivision for himself or itself or for others. A consultant, engineer or surveyor who does not hold title to the land is not considered a subdivider.

<u>Subdivision.</u> "Subdivision" means any land, vacant or improved, which is divided or proposed to be divided vacant or improved, into two (2) or more lots, parcels, sites, units or plots for the purposes of any transfer, development or any proposed transfer or development unless exempted by one of the following provisions:

- (a) "Subdivision" does not apply to any division of land which creates lots, parcels, sites, units or plots of land each of which comprise forty (40) or more acres of land, or 1/16 of a section, including roads and roadway easements, which is subject to the provisions of Article 612.
- (b) Any joint tenancy or tenancy in common shall be deemed a single interest in land.
- (c) Unless a method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this Development Code or would have the effect of evading this Development Code, the term "subdivision" does not apply to:
  - (1) Any division of land which is ordered by any court in this state or created by operation of law;
  - (2) A lien, mortgage, deed of trust or any other security instrument;
  - (3) A security or unit of interest in any investment trust regulated under the laws of this state or any other interest in an investment entity;
  - (4) Cemetery lots; or
  - (5) An interest in oil, gas, minerals or building materials which are not or hereafter severed from the surface ownership or real property.
- (d) "Subdivision" does not apply to creation of parcels of more than (10) acres for agricultural purposes if a street, road or highway opening, widening or easement of any kind is not involved.
- (e) For the purposes of the definition "subdivision," any interest in land created or established as joint tenancy or a tenancy in common shall be a single interest and not an interest in common, if, and only if, the use or development or the proposed use or development of such land would not be a subdivision as defined in this section if undertaken or proposed by a single entity, whether corporate or an individual. See "Major Subdivision" and "Minor Subdivision."

<u>Substantial Improvement.</u> "Substantial improvement" means any repair, reconstruction, additions or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure either before the improvement or addition is started or, if the structure has been damaged, before the damage occurred, regardless of the actual repair work performed. For the purpose of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other

structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. "Substantial improvement" does not include:

- (a) Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications; or
- (b) Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.
  - (1) "Substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure; and
  - "Substantial improvement" does not include improvement of a structure solely to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications, or any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

<u>Suburban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Suburban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Suburban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Surface Runoff.</u> "Surface runoff" means water that results from precipitation which is not absorbed by the soil, evaporated into the atmosphere or entrapped by ground surface depressions and vegetation, and which flows over the ground surface to adjoining properties, storm drains or waterways.

Surveyor. "Surveyor" means a land surveyor registered pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Temporary Employee Housing.</u> "Temporary employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a seasonal basis not more than six (6) months per year. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Tentative Parcel Map.</u> "Tentative parcel map" means a map which is filed pursuant to Article 606, conforming to the standards and requirements set forth therein.

<u>Tentative Subdivision Map.</u> "Tentative subdivision map" means a preliminary map made to show lot lines, roads, buildings, rights-of-ways and other design factors of a proposed subdivision.

<u>Terrace</u>. "Terrace" means a relatively level step constructed in the face of a graded slope surface for drainage, maintenance and/or development purposes.

<u>Threatened Species.</u> "Threatened species" means any species which is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future and which has been designated in the Federal Register as a threatened species.

Through Lot. See "Lot, Through."

<u>Topography</u>. "Topography" means configuration of a surface, including its relief and the position of natural and man-made features.

<u>Topsoil.</u> "Topsoil" means the upper part of the soil profile that is relatively rich in humus, known in agronomy as the "A-horizon."

<u>Total Developed Land Area.</u> "Total developed land area" means that portion of a property which is disturbed for development purposes including, but not limited to, areas covered by buildings, landscaping, impervious surfaces and other areas graded or excavated to support the development.

Trailer Coach. See "Mobile Home."

Travel Trailer. See "Recreational Vehicle."

<u>Tree.</u> "Tree" means a large, woody perennial plant with one main trunk or multiple trunks, and many branches.

<u>Unladen Weight.</u> "Unladen weight" means the weight of any vehicle without load, but fully equipped with accessories and appliances belonging to and used by such vehicle in the transportation of persons or property.

<u>Uplighting.</u> "Uplighting" means a source of light where the center of the light beam is at an angle greater than the horizontal.

<u>Urban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Urban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Urban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Urban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Urban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Use or Land Use.</u> "Use" or "land use" means the primary or primary and secondary use(s) of land such as single family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, industrial, agriculture, etc. The description of a particular land use should convey the dominant character of a geographic area and, thereby, establish types of activities which are appropriate and compatible with primary use(s).

<u>Used.</u> "Used" includes "arranged," "designed" or "intended to be used."

<u>Vegetation, Native.</u> "Native vegetation" means plants that grow naturally in Washoe County, Nevada and have adapted to the climate, soil, location and rainfall patterns of their area.

<u>Vegetation</u>, <u>Natural.</u> "Natural vegetation" means plants which exist on a site before clearing or grading.

Viewshed. "Viewshed" means the surface area that can be seen from a specific viewpoint.

<u>Vista.</u> "Vista" means an area of high ground or projecting earth from which there is a dominant and unobstructed view of surrounding areas.

<u>Watercourse.</u> "Watercourse" means any natural or artificial watercourse, stream, river, creek, ditch, channel, canal, conduit, culvert, drain, gully, ravine, arroyo or wash in which water flows in a definite channel, bed or bank.

<u>Waters of the State (Defined) (Nevada Revised Statutes 445A.415)</u>. "Waters of the State" means all waters situated wholly or partly within or bordering upon the State of Nevada, including, but not limited to:

- (a) All streams, lakes, ponds, impounding reservoirs, marshes, water courses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation systems and drainage systems; and
- (b) All bodies or accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial.

<u>Wetland.</u> "Wetland" means an area that is periodically inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater on an annual or seasonal basis, that displays hydric soils, and that typically supports or is capable of supporting hydrophytic vegetation.

Wetlands (COE and EPA) (Regulatory). "Wetlands (COE and EPA)" means the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have adopted a regulatory definition for administering the Section 404 permit program of the Clean Water Act (CWA) as follows: [Wetlands are] those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

<u>Wetlands (NRCS) (Technical)</u>. "Wetlands (NRCS)" mean the (U.S. Department of Agriculture) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) [formerly the Soil Conservation Service (SCS)] uses the following definition for identifying wetlands on agricultural land in assessing farmer eligibility for U.S. Department of Agriculture program benefits under the "Swampbuster" provision of the Food Security Act (FSA) of 1985. As amended in 1990, the FSA states that the term "wetland," except when such term is part of the term "converted wetland," means land that:

- (a) Has a predominance of hydric soils;
- (b) Is inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and
- (c) Under normal circumstances does support a prevalence of such vegetation.

<u>Will Serve Letter.</u> "Will serve letter" means a letter from a utility purveyor assuring the provision of services for proposed development.

<u>Yard.</u> "Yard" means an open space on the same lot or parcel used with the building, extending from the setback line to the nearest lot line, to be unoccupied and unobstructed except as provided in the Development Code.

<u>Yard, Front.</u> "Front yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the front lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. In the case of either a corner lot or an interior lot with multiple street frontages, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards.

<u>Yard, Rear.</u> "Rear yard" means a yard between the setback line and the rear lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. On a corner lot, the side opposite the shortest front yard width is considered the rear yard of the lot.

<u>Yard, Side.</u> "Side yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the side lot line and extending from the front yard line to the rear yard line.

<u>Zone or Regulatory Zone.</u> "Zone" or "Regulatory Zone" means a portion of the unincorporated area of Washoe County which is specifically designated in Article 106 of this Development Code.

[Amended by Ord. 867, provisions eff. 5/27/93; Ord. 873, provisions eff. 6/7/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 893, provisions eff. 3/4/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 916, provisions eff. retro. to 5/26/93; Ord. 942, provisions eff. 4/1/96; Ord. 965, provisions eff. 10/1/96; Ord. 1076, provisions eff. 10/1/99; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1089, provisions eff. retro to 1/1/00; Ord. 1091, provisions eff. 4/28/00; Ord. 1102, provisions eff. 8/11/00; Ord. 1112, provisions eff. 2/15/01; Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1234, provisions eff. 05/21/04; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1288 and 1290, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1504, provisions eff. 3/8/13; Ord 1584, provisions eff. 8/19/16; Ord 1587, provisions eff. 11/25/16, Ord. 1640, provisions eff. 7/19/19; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]

Attachment B

WORKING COPY
INFORMATION ONLY

REGULAR TEXT: NO CHANGE IN LANGUAGE

STRIKEOUT TEXT: DELETE LANGUAGE

UNDERLINE TEXT: NEW LANGUAGE

Notice: Per NRS 239B.030, this document does not contain

personal information as defined in NRS 603A.040

THEWASHOE COUNTY CODE Summary: **AMENDS** AT CHAPTER (DEVELOPMENT CODE) WITHIN ARTICLE 302 ALLOWED USES, ARTICLE 304 USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, ARTICLE 902 BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS, AND ARTICLE DEFINITIONS TO ADD AND/OR MODIFY CERTAIN DEVELOPMENT AND **DEFINITIONS** REGULATIONS AND ΤO CLARIFY APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN STANDARDS AND DEFINITIONS.

| BILL NO   | •   |
|-----------|-----|
|           |     |
| ORDINANCE | NO. |

#### Title:

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE WASHOE COUNTY CODE AT CHAPTER 110 (DEVELOPMENT CODE) WITHIN ARTICLE 302 ALLOWED USES, ARTICLE 304 USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, ARTICLE 406 BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS, AND ARTICLE 902 DEFINITIONS TO: PROVIDE CLARITY ON SINGLE-FAMILY ACCESSORY USES; ALLOW CHILD CARE, FAMILY DAYCARE USE TYPE WITHIN THE GENERAL RURAL AND NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL REGULATORY ZONES; ALLOW LARGE-FAMILY DAYCARE USE TYPE WITH AN ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT INSTEAD OF A SPECIAL USE PERMIT IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL REGULATORY ZONE; ALLOW PERSONAL SERVICES USE TYPE WITHIN THE INDUSTRIAL AND PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC FACILITIES REGULATORY ZONES; INCLUDE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES USE TYPE; INCLUDE CONTRACTORS' OFFICE WITH OR WITHOUT AN EQUIPMENT YARD AS AN EXAMPLE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SALES AND SERVICES USE TYPE; CREATE A DEFINITION FOR "SECURITY FENCE" AND PROVIDE STANDARDS FOR ALLOWING SECURITY FENCING ON PARCELS OF LAND THAT DO NOT HAVE AN ESTABLISHED MAIN USE; ALLOW FOR TALL SPECIALTY FENCING FOR USES SUCH AS BALLPARKS AND SPORTS FIELDS; COMMUNICATION FACILITIES IN THE"CIVIC" RATHER THAN THE

"COMMERCIAL" USE TABLE; AND ALL MATTERS NECESSARILY CONNECTED THEREWITH AND PERTAINING THERE TO.

#### WHEREAS:

- A. This Commission desires to amend Articles 302, 304, 406 and 902 of the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) in order to add and /or modify certain development regulation and definitions and to clarify the applicability of certain standards and definitions throughout the Development Code,
- B. The Washoe County Planning Commission held a duly noticed public hearing on April 4, 2023, at which the Planning Commission initiated and recommended adoption of the proposed amendments to Washoe County Code Chapter 110, by Resolution Number XX-23 (WDCA22-0014); and
- C. The amendments and this ordinance were drafted in concert with the District Attorney; and
- D. Following a first reading and publication as required by NRS 244.100 (1), and after a second reading at a duly noticed public hearing, this Commission desires to adopt this Ordinance; and
- E. This Commission has determined that this ordinance is being adopted pursuant to requirements set forth in Chapter 278 of NRS, therefore it is not a "rule" as defined in NRS 237.060 requiring a business impact statement.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF WASHOE COUNTY DOES HEREBY ORDAIN:

SECTION 1. Section 110.302.05 of the Washoe County Development Code, (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code), in Tables 110.302.05.1, 110.302.05.2, and 110.302.05.3 are hereby amended as follows:

<u>Section 110.302.05 Table of Uses.</u> The uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone are set forth in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5. The regulatory zones are indicated in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 as follows:

- (a) Low Density Rural is indicated as "LDR";
- (b) Medium Density Rural is indicated as "MDR";
- (c) High Density Rural is indicated as "HDR";
- (d) Low Density Suburban is indicated as "LDS";
- (e) Medium Density Suburban is indicated as "MDS";
- (f) High Density Suburban is indicated as "HDS";
- (g) Low Density Urban is indicated as "LDU";
- (h) Medium Density Urban is indicated as "MDU";
- (i) High Density Urban is indicated as "HDU";
- (j) General Commercial is indicated as "GC";
- (k) Neighborhood Commercial/Office is indicated as "NC";
- (I) Tourist Commercial is indicated as "TC";
- (m) Industrial is indicated as "I";
- (n) Public/Semi-Public Facilities is indicated as "PSP";
- (o) Parks and Recreation is indicated as "PR";
- (p) Open Space is indicated as "OS";
- (q) General Rural is indicated as "GR"; and
- (r) General Rural Agricultural is indicated as "GRA."

### Table 110.302.05.1

# TABLE OF USES (Residential Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Residential Use Types (Section 110.304.15) | LDR | MDR |    |    | MDS/<br>MDS 4  |   | LDU | MDU   | HDU            | GC | NC             | тс | I | PSP | PR | os | GR | GRA |
|--|-----|-----|----|----|----------------|---|-----|-------|----------------|----|----------------|----|---|-----|----|----|----|-----|
| Family Residential                         |     |     |    |    |                |   |     |       |                |    |                |    |   |     |    |    |    |     |
| Attached Accessory Dwelling                | A   | A   | A  | A  | A              | A | A   | A     | A              | 1  | 1              | 1  | 1 | -   | 1  | 1  | A  | Α   |
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                | AR  | AR  | AR | AR | <del>S</del> 2 | - | 1   | -     | 1              | -  | -              | -  | - | -   | -  | -  | A  | A   |
| Detached Accessory Structure               | A   | A   | A  | A  | A              | A | A   | A     | A              | 1  | A              | 1  | - | -   | -  | -  | A  | A   |
| Duplex                                     |     |     |    | Р  | Р              | Р | Р   | Р     | Α              | 1  | $s_2$          | 1  | - |     | 1  | 1  | 1  |     |
| Multi Family                               |     | -   |    |    | -              |   | Р   | Р     | Α              | 1  | $s_2$          | 1  | 1 |     | 1  | 1  | 1  |     |
| Single Family, Attached                    |     |     |    | Α  | Α              | Α | Α   | Α     | Α              | -  | S <sub>2</sub> | -  | - |     | Р  | -  | -  | Α   |
| Single Family, Detached                    | Α   | Α   | Α  | Α  | Α              | Α | Α   | $S_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |    | $s_2$          |    |   |     | Р  |    | Α  | Α   |

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| Attached Accessory Dwelling                                  | A              | A         | A         | A         | A          | A       | <u>A</u>       | A        | A        | <u>-</u>       | <u>-</u>       | <u>-</u>       | <u>-</u>       |                |          |         | A              | <u>A</u> |
|--|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------|----------------|----------|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|---------|----------------|----------|
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                                  | <u>AR</u>      | <u>AR</u> | <u>AR</u> | <u>AR</u> | <u>s</u> 2 | =       | =              | =        | =        | <u>-</u>       | =              | =              | =              | =              | <u>-</u> | <u></u> | A              | A        |
| Detached Accessory Structure                                 | A              | A         | A         | <u>A</u>  | A          | A       | <u>A</u>       | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u>       | A              | -111           | -111           | -11            | <u>-</u> | -11     | <u>A</u>       | A        |
| Non-municipal Air Strips and<br>Glider Ports (Accessory Use) | s <sub>2</sub> | ı         | ı         | ı         | 1          | ı       |                | 1        | 1        |                | 1              | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |          | 1       | s <sub>2</sub> |          |
| Personal Landing Field (Accessory Use)                       | s <sub>2</sub> |           |           |           |            |         |                |          |          |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |          |         | s <sub>2</sub> |          |
| Manufactured Home Parks                                      | *              | *         | *         | *         | *          | $s_2$   | s <sub>2</sub> | *        | *        |                | -              |                |                |                |          | -       | *              |          |
| Group Home   | Α              | Α         | Α         | Α         | Α          | Α       | А              | Α        | Α        |                | s <sub>2</sub> | -              |                |                | Р        |         | Α              | Α        |
| Short-Term Rental (see Article 319)                          |                | e: All    | of the    | below     | v STR      | Γiers r | equire         | the is   | ssuan    | ce of a        | an ST          | R perr         | nit, re        | gardle         | ess of   | requir  | ed rev         | /iew     |
| Tier 1   | Α              | Α         | Α         | Α         | Α          | Α       | Α              | Α        | Α        | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |                |          |         | Α              | Α        |
| Tier 2   | AR             | AR        | AR        | AR        | AR         | AR      | AR             | AR       | AR       | Α              | AR             | Α              | 1              |                |          |         | AR             | AR       |
| Tier 3   |                |           |           |           |            | (       | -              |          |          | S <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> |                | -              |          |         |                |          |

Key:

-- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; AR = Administrative Review; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit; \* = Allowed with a Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit in areas designated Trailer (TR) Overlay zone prior to adoption of this Development Code.

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

## Table 110.302.05.2

# TABLE OF USES (Civic Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Civic Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.20) | LDR                   | MDR             | HDR                   | LDS/<br>LDS 2   | MDS/<br>MDS 4   | HDS             | LDU             | MDU                   | HDU             | GC         | NC                    | тс             | ļ              | PSP            | PR             | os             | GR             | GRA             |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Administrative Services                 | -                     | -               |                       |                 | 1               |                 | Р               | Р                     | Р               | Α          | Α                     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |                | 1              |                 |
| Child Care                              |                       |                 |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Family Daycare                          | A                     | A               | Α                     | A               | A               | A               | A               | A                     | A               | 1          | ₽                     | -              | -              | -              | -              | -              | 1              | Α               |
| Family Daycare                          | <u>A</u>              | <u>A</u>        | <u>A</u>              | <u>A</u>        | <u>A</u>        | <u>A</u>        | <u>A</u>        | <u>A</u>              | <u>A</u>        | =          | <u>A</u>              | =              | =              | =              | =              | =              | <u>A</u>       | <u>A</u>        |
| Large-Family Daycare                    | <b>s</b> <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> | <b>s</b> <sub>2</sub> | \$ <sub>2</sub> |            | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | -              |                |                |                |                | ₽              | \$ <sub>2</sub> |
| Large-Family Daycare                    | <u>S</u> 2            | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2            | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>s</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2      | <u>S</u> 2            | <u>S</u> 2      | -          | <u>P</u>              | -              | =              | =              | =              | =              | <u>P</u>       | <u>S</u> 2      |
| Child Daycare                           | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>  | Р          | Р                     | Р              | Р              | Р              | S <sub>2</sub> |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                 |
| Communication Facilities                |                       |                 |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Commercial Antennas                     | <u>s</u> 2            | <u>s</u> 2      | <u>s</u> 2            | <u></u>         |                 | =               | <u> </u>        | <u>.</u>              | <u>-</u>        | <u>s</u> 2 | <u>s</u> 2            | =              | <u>s</u> 2     | <u>s</u> 2     | =              | <u></u>        | <u>s</u> 2     |                 |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                 | See                   | e Artic         | cle 32                | <u> 4</u>       |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Wireless Communication<br>Facilities    | <u>Sec</u>            | e Artic         | cle 32                | <u>24</u>       |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Community Center                        |                       |                 |                       |                 | 1               |                 | Р               | Р                     | Р               | Α          | S <sub>2</sub>        | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |                |                |                 |
| Community Garden                        | Α                     | Α               | Α                     | Α               | A               | Α               | Α               | Α                     | Α               | Α          | Α                     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α               |
| Convalescent Services                   |                       |                 |                       | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | Р               | Р                     | Р               | Р          | s <sub>2</sub>        |                |                | Р              |                |                |                |                 |
| Cultural and Library Services           | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | S <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | s <sub>2</sub>  | Α                     | Α               | Α          | Α                     | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |                | Α              | $s_2$           |
| Education                               |                       |                 |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Private School Facilities               | $s_2$                 | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | $S_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | S <sub>2</sub>        | $s_2$           | $s_2$      | $S_2$                 | S <sub>2</sub> | )2             | $S_2$          | $s_2$          |                | $S_2$          | $S_2$           |
| Public School Facilities                | Α                     | Α               | Α                     | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α                     | Α               | Α          | Α                     | Α              |                | Α              | Α              |                | Α              | Α               |
| Group Care Facility                     | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$                 | $s_2$           | Р          | Р                     |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                 |
| Hospital Services                       |                       | -               |                       | _               | <u></u>         |                 |                 | -                     |                 | Α          | $s_2$                 |                |                | Α              |                |                |                | $s_2$           |
| Major Services and Utilities            |                       |                 |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Utility Services                        | s <sub>2</sub>        | $s_2$           | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | $s_2$                 | $s_2$           | $s_2$      | s <sub>2</sub>        | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |                 |
| Major Public Facilities                 |                       | -               |                       |                 |                 |                 | 1               |                       |                 | $s_2$      |                       | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |                | $s_2$          |                 |
| Nature Center                           |                       |                 | -                     |                 | -               |                 |                 |                       |                 | $S_2$      |                       | $s_2$          |                |                | $s_2$          |                | $S_2$          |                 |
| Parks and Recreation                    |                       | Ì               |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |
| Active Recreation                       | PR                    | PR              | PR                    | PR              | PR              | PR              | PR              | PR                    | PR              | PR         | PR                    | PR             | PR             | Α              | Α              |                | PR             | $s_2$           |
| Passive Recreation                      | Α                     | Α               | Α                     | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α               | Α                     | Α               | Α          | Α                     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α               |
| Postal Services                         | -                     | -               | 4                     | <i>y-</i>       | -               |                 | Р               | Р                     | Р               | Α          | Α                     | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |                |                |                 |
| Public Parking Services                 |                       |                 |                       |                 | -               |                 |                 | Α                     | Α               | Α          | Α                     | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |                |                |                 |
| Public Service Yard                     |                       |                 |                       |                 |                 |                 |                 |                       |                 |            |                       |                | Α              | $s_2$          |                |                | $s_2$          | Α               |
| Religious Assembly                      | $s_2$                 | $s_2$           | $s_2$                 | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | $s_2$           | S <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | $s_2$           | Р          | Р                     | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              |                | $s_2$          | Α               |
| Safety Services                         | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$           | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$                 | s <sub>2</sub>  | $s_2$      | s <sub>2</sub>        | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |                | $s_2$          |                 |

Key: --- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

Table 110.302.05.3

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)                         | LDR            | MDR            | HDR            |                | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс             | I              | PSP | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| Administrative Offices   |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α   | Р              |    |                |                |
| Adult Characterized Business (see<br>Chapter 25, Washoe County Code) |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     | -              |    |                |                |
| Animal Sales and Services  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Kennels   | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |     |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |
| Commercial Stables   | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |     | $S_2$          |    | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                | ee             |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                | e 226          |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                | Varm           |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                | ings<br>cels.  |
| Dog Training Services (see<br>Article 330                            | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | А              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | А   | Α              | Α  | A              | Α              |
| Grooming and Pet Stores  |                |                |                | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              |                |                |     | -              |    |                |                |
| Pet Cemeteries   | Р              | Р              | Р              |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                |                |                | Α   | 4              | 1  | Р              |                |
| Veterinary Services, Agricultural                                    | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              | -              | 1              |                |                | 1              | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                |     | 1              | 1  | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Veterinary Services, Pets  |                |                |                | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $S_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | Α              | Α              |                | Р              |     | -              |    |                | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Automotive and Equipment   |                |                |                |                |                | /              |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Automotive Repair  | -              | -              | 1              |                |                | -              | -              | Á              | 1              | Р              | -1             | -              | Α              |     | 1              | -  |                |                |
| Automotive Sales and Rentals   |                |                | -              |                |                | -              |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | A              | Α              | Α              |     | 1              |    |                |                |
| Cleaning   |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | А              | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Parking   |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Equipment Repair and Sales   |                |                |                |                | -              |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Fabricated Housing Sales   |                |                |                |                | 1              | -              | -              |                |                | Α              |                |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Storage of Operable Vehicles   | -              |                |                | -              |                | -              | -              |                |                | $S_2$          |                |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Truck Stops  | -              | -              |                | -              |                |                | -              |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |     |                |    |                |                |
| Building Maintenance Services  |                | -              | _              |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Α              |                | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Centers   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Neighborhood Centers   |                |                | 7-             | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              |     |                |    |                |                |
| Community Centers  |                |                | -              |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Regional Centers   | -              | -              |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Educational Services                                      |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              |                | Α              | Α   |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Recreation  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park                             |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |     | s <sub>2</sub> |    | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Destination Resorts  |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |                |     | $s_2$          |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Indoor Entertainment   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Р              | Α              |                | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Indoor Sports and Recreation   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> | Р   | Р              |    |                |                |

Key: --- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> =

Planning Commission Special Use Permit;  $S_2$  = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

<sup>\*</sup> The provisions listed in Table 110.302.05.3 requiring a special use permit for Commercial Stables [as defined in Section 110.304.25(c)(2)] in GR and GRA are hereby modified to be consistent with Article 226, Warm Springs Area.

# Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25) | LDR                   | MDR                   | HDR                   | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC              | NC                    | тс             | ı                     | PSP                   | PR    | os | GR                    | GRA            |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------|----|-----------------------|----------------|
| Limited Gaming Facilities                    |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р               | Р                     | Р              | $s_2$                 |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Marinas                                      |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р               |                       | Р              |                       | Р                     | Р     |    | Р                     | $s_2$          |
| Outdoor Entertainment                        |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub>        |                       | $s_2$ |    |                       |                |
| Outdoor Sports and Recreation                | $s_2$                 | $s_2$                 | $s_2$                 | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Р               | Р                     | Р              | Р                     | $s_2$                 | Р     |    | Р                     | $s_2$          |
| Outdoor Sports Club                          | $s_2$                 |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       | S <sub>2</sub> |                       | S <sub>2</sub>        | Р     |    | $s_2$                 | $s_2$          |
| Unlimited Gaming Facilities                  |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | 4               |                       | $s_2$          |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Communication Facilities                     |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Commercial Antennas                          | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | -              |                | _              | _              | -              | 7              | \$ <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | _              | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | _     | -  | <b>S</b> <sub>2</sub> | _              |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                      | Sec                   | e Artic               | le 324                | 1              |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Wireless Communication Facilities            | Sec                   | e Artic               | le 324                | 1              |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Construction Sales and Services              |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$           |                       | -              | Α                     | -                     |       |    |                       |                |
| Continuum of Care Facilities,<br>Seniors     |                       |                       |                       |                | s <sub>2</sub>  | s <sub>2</sub>        |                |                       |                       | -     |    |                       |                |
| Convention and Meeting Facilities            |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                | -              | Р               | Р                     | Р              |                       | Р                     | $s_2$ |    |                       |                |
| Data Center                                  |                       |                       |                       |                |                | -              |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub> | Α                     | $S_2$                 |       |    | S <sub>2</sub>        |                |
| Eating and Drinking Establishments           |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       | _                     |       |    |                       |                |
| Convenience                                  |                       | -                     |                       |                | \              | 7              | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S2             | Α               | Α                     | Α              | Р                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Full Service                                 |                       |                       | _                     |                |                | 7              | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Α               | Α                     | Α              | Р                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Financial Services                           | -                     |                       |                       | _              |                | \              | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Α               | Α                     | А              | Р                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Funeral and Internment Services              |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                | Ť              |                | _              |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Cemeteries                                   | Р                     | Р                     | Р                     |                |                |                | \              |                |                | S <sub>2</sub>  |                       |                |                       | Α                     |       |    | Р                     | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Undertaking                                  |                       |                       | _                     |                | -              |                |                | Ţ              |                | A               | Α                     |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Gasoline Sales and Service Stations          | -                     | -                     | 7                     | _              |                | -              | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Α               | Α                     | Α              | Α                     |                       |       |    | S <sub>2</sub>        |                |
| Helicopter Services                          |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                | _              |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    | _                     |                |
| Heliport                                     |                       | 1                     | -                     |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub>  |                       |                | S <sub>2</sub>        | $s_2$                 |       |    | $S_2$                 |                |
| Helistop                                     | S <sub>2</sub>        |                       | -                     |                |                | <b>—</b>       |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub>  | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>        |       |    | S <sub>2</sub>        |                |
| Liquor Manufacturing                         |                       |                       | 7-                    | \              |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | A               | P                     | A              | A                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Liquor Sales                                 |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Off-Premises                                 | -                     |                       | -                     | 7              |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α               | Α                     | Α              | Р                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| On-Premises                                  |                       | -                     |                       |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α               | Р                     | Α              | Р                     |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Lodging Services                             |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       |                |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Bed and Breakfast Inns                       | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub>  |                       | Р              |                       |                       |       |    | S <sub>2</sub>        | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Condominium Hotel                            |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | A               | S <sub>2</sub>        | Α              |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Hostels                                      |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       | Р              |                       |                       | Р     |    |                       |                |
| Hotels and Motels                            |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α               | s <sub>2</sub>        | Α              |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |
| Vacation Time Shares                         |                       |                       |                       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                 |                       | Р              |                       |                       |       |    |                       |                |

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## Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)   | LDR            | MDR            | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4            | HDS   | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC             | NC       | тс       | I              | PSP | PR   | os | GR    | GRA     |
|--|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|----------|----------------|-----|------|----|-------|---------|
| Marijuana Establishments                       |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                |                |          |          |                |     |      |    |       |         |
| Marijuana<br>Cultivation Facility              |                |                |       |                | -                        |       |                |                |                | Α              |          |          | Α              |     | 1    |    |       | -       |
| Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility       |                |                |       |                | -                        |       |                |                |                | Α              |          |          | Α              |     | 1    |    |       |         |
| Marijuana Testing<br>Facility                  |                |                |       |                | ŀ                        |       |                |                |                | Α              | 4        | ŀ        | Α              |     | 1    |    |       | -       |
| Retail Marijuana Store/<br>Medical Dispensary  |                |                |       |                | 1                        |       |                |                |                | A              | A        | А        | Α              |     | 1    |    |       |         |
| Marijuana Distributor                          |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                | Α              |          |          | Α              |     | -    |    |       |         |
| Medical Services                               |                |                |       |                | -                        |       | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | Α              | Α        |          |                | Α   | 1    |    |       |         |
| Nursery Sales                                  |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                |                |          |          |                |     |      |    |       |         |
| Retail   |                |                |       |                | -                        | -     |                |                |                | Α              | Α        |          | Α              | 1   | 1    |    |       |         |
| Wholesale                                      | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |                | -                        |       | 1              | 1              |                | Α              |          |          | Α              | -   | J    |    | $s_2$ | Α       |
| Personal Services                              | _              | _              | _     | _              | -                        | _     | ₽              | ₽              | ₽              | A              | A        | A        |                | _   |      | -  | _     |         |
| Personal Services                              | ==             | ==             | ==    | =              | <mark>-!</mark>          | ==    | <u>P</u>       | <u>P</u>       | <u>P</u>       | A              | <u>A</u> | <u>A</u> | A              | A   | - 11 | -  | ==    | <u></u> |
| Personal Storage                               |                |                |       |                |                          | 1     | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | $s_2$    |          | Α              |     |      |    |       |         |
| Professional Services                          |                |                |       |                |                          | -     | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α        |          | Р              |     |      |    |       |         |
| Recycle Center                                 |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                |                |          |          |                |     |      |    |       |         |
| Full Service Recycle Center                    |                |                | 4     |                |                          | -     |                |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> |          |          | Α              |     |      |    |       |         |
| Remote Collection Facility                     | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub>           | $s_2$ | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р        | Р        | Α              | Р   | Р    |    |       |         |
| Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center |                |                | `     | ) )            |                          |       | -              |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> |          |          | s <sub>2</sub> |     |      |    |       |         |
| Repair Services, Consumer                      |                | 4              | -     |                |                          | 1     | -              | 1              |                | Α              | Α        |          | Α              |     |      |    |       |         |
| Retail Sales                                   |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                |                |          |          |                |     |      |    |       |         |
| Convenience                                    | -              | 1              | -     | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub>           | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | Α              | Α        | Α        | Α              |     | -    |    | -     |         |
| Specialty Stores                               | -              | 1              | -     | -1             | 4                        |       |                |                |                | Α              | Р        | Α        |                |     | 1    |    | -     | -       |
| Comparison Shopping Centers                    |                | -              | -     |                | $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ | -     |                |                |                | Α              |          | Α        |                |     |      |    |       |         |
| Secondhand Sales                               |                |                | \-    |                | 1                        | -     |                |                |                | Α              |          |          |                |     | -    |    |       |         |
| Transportation Services                        |                |                |       |                |                          |       |                |                |                | Α              | Α        | Α        | Α              |     |      |    |       |         |
| Winery   | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р              | Р                        |       |                |                |                | -              |          |          |                |     | -    |    | Α     | Α       |
| Winery with Special Events                     | Р              | Р              | Р     |                |                          |       |                |                |                |                |          |          |                |     | -    |    | Р     | Р       |

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Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

## **TABLE OF USES (Industrial Use Types)** (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Industrial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.30) | LDR   | MDR            | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU | HDU | GC             | NC    | тс    | ı              | PSP   | PR | os             | GR    | GRA   | SP |
|--|-------|----------------|-------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|----|----------------|-------|-------|----|
| Aggregate Facilities                         |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Permanent                                    | $s_2$ |                | -     |               |               |     |     | -   |     | -              | -     | 1     | $s_2$          | 1     |    | -              | $s_2$ | 1     | -  |
| Temporary                                    | See   | e Article      | 332   |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Caretaker's Residence                        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Attached                                     | 1     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | -              | -     | 1     | Α              | 1     |    | -              | -     | 1     | SP |
| Detached                                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       | Р              |       |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Custom Manufacturing                         | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |               |               |     |     |     |     | S <sub>2</sub> | -     | $s_2$ | Α              | -     | -  | -              | $s_2$ | -     | SP |
| Energy Production                            |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                | K     |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Non-Renewable*                               | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     |     | -   |                |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | -     |    |
| Renewable*                                   | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     | 4   | -   | $s_2$          |       | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | SP |
| General Industrial                           |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Limited                                      |       |                |       |               |               |     | 4   | -   |     |                |       | 1     | Α              | 1     |    |                |       | -     | SP |
| Intermediate                                 |       |                |       |               |               |     | -   | 1   |     |                | -     | 1     | Α              | 1     | -  |                |       |       | SP |
| Heavy  |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | /              |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> |       | -  | -              |       | -     |    |
| High Technology Industry                     | -     |                |       |               |               | ľ   |     |     | -   | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | 1     | Α              | -     | -  | 1              | $s_2$ | -     | SP |
| Inoperable Vehicle Storage                   | 1     |                |       |               |               |     | 1   |     |     | 1              | 4     | 1     | $s_2$          | -     | 1  | 1              | 1     | 1     | SP |
| Laundry Services                             | 1     |                |       |               |               |     | 1   | 1   | 1   | Р              |       | 1     | Α              | 1     |    | -              | -     | 1     | SP |
| Mining Operations                            | $S_2$ |                | 1     |               |               | 1   |     | 1   | 1   | -              |       | 1     | S <sub>2</sub> | -     |    |                | $S_2$ |       |    |
| Petroleum Gas Extraction                     |       |                | /1    | -             |               | -   | -   |     | -   | 1              | 1     | 1     | $s_2$          | -     |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $S_2$ |       |    |
| Salvage Yards                                | -     |                | -     | -             |               |     | -   |     |     | -              | Į,    | 1     | $s_2$          | -     |    |                |       | -     |    |
| Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       |                |       |    |                |       |       |    |
| Light  |       | 1              |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |                |       |       | Α              |       |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Heavy  | -     |                | -     |               | -             |     | 1   | 1   | -   |                |       | -     | Р              |       |    |                |       | -     |    |

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Note: \* If a special use permit for an energy production project meets the criteria for a project of regional significance, that special use permit will be reviewed by the Washoe County Planning Commission.

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

#### Table 110.302.05.5

# TABLE OF USES (Agricultural Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Agricultural Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.15) | LDR   | MDR   | HDR            | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU | HDU | GC | NC | тс | I              | PSP | PR    | os    | GR    | GRA            |
|--|-------|-------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Agricultural Processing                        |       |       |                |               |               |     |     |     |     |    |    |    | Α              |     |       |       | $s_2$ | Α              |
| Agricultural Sales                             | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$         |               | -   |     |     |     | Α  |    |    | Α              |     |       |       | $s_2$ | Α              |
| Animal Production                              | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α             |               |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |                |     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | Α     | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural              | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α             |               |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |                |     | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering,<br>Commercial             |       |       |                |               |               |     |     |     |     |    | -  | -  | s <sub>2</sub> |     |       |       |       |                |
| Animal Slaughtering, Mobile                    | $s_2$ | $S_2$ | $S_2$          | $S_2$         |               |     |     |     | /   |    |    |    |                |     |       |       | $s_2$ | $s_2$          |
| Crop Production                                | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α             | Α             |     |     |     | 4   | Α  | Α  | 1  |                |     | PR    | Α     | Α     | Α              |
| Forest Products                                | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          |               |               |     | -   | -   |     |    |    | H  | 1              |     |       | $s_2$ | Р     |                |
| Game Farms                                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |               |               |     | -   |     |     |    |    |    | -              | -   |       | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Produce Sales                                  | S2    | S2    | S2             | S2            |               |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |                |     |       |       | Α     | Α              |

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Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1039, provisions eff. 11/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1378, provisions eff. 8/1/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1443, provisions eff. 7/26/10; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1494, provisions eff. 8/9/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1513, provisions eff. 7/12/13; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1532, provisions eff. 6/27/14; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord 1561, provisions eff. 7/3/15; Ord 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff. 4/20/18; Ord 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18; Ord 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21; Ord. 1686, provisions eff. 5/20/22.]

SECTION 2. Section 110.304.20 of the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) is hereby amended as follows:

<u>Section 110.304.20 Civic Use Types.</u> Civic use types include the performance of utility, educational, cultural, medical, protective, governmental and other uses which are strongly vested with public or social importance.

- (a) <u>Administrative Services.</u> Administrative services use type refers to consulting, record keeping, clerical or public contact services that deal directly with the citizen, together with incidental storage of necessary equipment and vehicles.
- (b) <u>Child Care.</u> Child care use type refers to the use of a building or a portion thereof for the daytime care of individuals under eighteen (18) years of age. Child care use types are subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services. This use type includes nursery schools, preschools, daycare centers and similar uses, but excludes those classified under education. The following are childcare use types:

- (1) Family Daycare. Family daycare refers to daycare services provided for six (6) or fewer full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years, except that care may also be provided for up to three (3) additional part-time children for three (3) hours before school and three (3) hours after school, but only during periods when schools are in session, subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services.
- (2) <u>Large-Family Daycare</u>. Large-family daycare refers to daycare services provided for more than six (6) full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years.
- (3) <u>Child Daycare.</u> Child daycare refers to services providing non-medical care to any number of children in need of personal services or supervision, on less than a twenty-four (24) hour basis, but excluding services provided in a private dwelling.
- (c) Communication Facilities. Communication facilities use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the transmission and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves. Typical uses include television stations, radio stations, satellite dishes, antennas and wireless communication facilities. Refer to Article 324, Communication Facilities, for subcategories of communication facilities.
- (c) (d) Community Center. Community center use type refers to recreational, social or multipurpose uses within buildings with no fixed seats and occupancy limited to five hundred (500) or fewer. Typical uses include public or private, non-commercial clubs.
- (d) (e) Community Garden. Community garden use type refers to an area of land managed and maintained by a group to grow and harvest food crops, non-food crops (such as native plants), or ornamental crops (such as flowers), for personal or group use, consumption, or donation. Commercial sale of any crops produced in the community garden is prohibited. A community garden may be established in any regulatory zone subject to the following conditions:
  - (1) A signed affidavit shall be submitted to the division stating that the property owners, or the owners designated agent, agree to the proposed use. All liability considerations are the responsibility of the property owner and the users of the property.
  - (2) A site plan shall be submitted to the division showing the areas to be cultivated, the location of any structures associated with the use, access points, how and where water will be obtained, and parking locations (if applicable).
  - (3) Structures smaller than or equal to two-hundred (200) square feet may be established on-site to support operation and maintenance of the community garden, provided they are located at least five (5) feet from any property line, do not block any easements, and do not impede sight visibility from or onto public streets. All tools, equipment, chemicals, or fertilizers stored on site shall be within a locked structure.
  - (4) Activities at the garden site shall be limited to daylight hours. The use of motorized equipment is limited to the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. No exterior lighting or illumination shall occur.
  - (5) Once all outdoor crops have been harvested for the current growing season, the area utilized shall be cleaned of any dead vegetation or supporting materials within thirty

- (30) days of the final harvest or by November 15, whichever comes first. Tilling of the dead vegetation back into the soil is allowed and meets this requirement.
- (e) (f) Convalescent Services. Convalescent services use type refers to provision of bed care and inpatient services for persons requiring regular medical attention, but excludes a facility providing surgical or emergency medical services and a facility providing care for alcohol or drug addiction.
- (f) (a) <u>Cultural and Library Services.</u> Cultural and library services use type refers to non-profit, museum-like preservation and exhibition of objects of permanent interest in one or more of the arts and sciences, gallery exhibition of works of art or library collection of books, manuscripts, etc., for study and reading.
- (g) (h) Education. Education use type refers to educational services provided by public, private or parochial institutions, but excludes uses classified under commercial education services. Typical uses include elementary, junior high, and senior high schools, and junior colleges. Curriculum must be approved by the State Department of Education. This use type does not refer to home schooling of children who live on-site.
  - (1) <u>Private School Facilities</u>. Private School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily by means other than tax revenue.
  - (2) <u>Public School Facilities</u>. Public School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily with tax revenue.
- (h) (i) Group Care Facility. Group care facility use type refers to an establishment that provides housing and living environment on a weekly or longer basis, for a group of persons not defined as a family or a group home. These facilities may provide life skill training, living assistance and supervised care service, but excludes medical treatment or uses classified under hospital services. This term includes specifically the following types of uses:
  - Child Care Institution;
  - (2) Facility for transitional living for released offenders;
  - (3) Group home use types which accommodate more persons than permitted as a group home.
- (i) Hospital Services. Hospital services use type refers to medical, psychiatric or surgical services for sick or injured persons primarily on an in-patient basis, including ancillary facilities for outpatient and emergency medical services, diagnostic services, training, research, administration and services to patients, employees or visitors.
- (i) (k) Major Services and Utilities.
  - (1) <u>Utility Services.</u> Utility services use type refers to the provision of electricity, water or other liquids, or gas, through wires, pipes or ditches through utility services involving major structures that have flexibility in location. Typical uses include natural gas transmission lines and substations, petroleum pipelines, and irrigation water ditches.
  - (2) <u>Major Public Facilities.</u> Major public facilities use type refers to public facilities that provide a significant service and have a substantial impact on the

community. Typical uses are sanitary landfills, airports, and detention and correction facilities.

- (k) (1) Nature Center. Nature center use type refers to an area set aside for the public viewing and display of indigenous or exotic wildlife and/or indigenous or exotic plant life on either a for-profit or non-profit basis in a structured setting. Typical uses include zoos, wildlife sanctuaries, arboretums and gardens.
- (h) Parks and Recreation. Parks and recreation use type refers to publicly owned parks or private not for profit recreation facilities and open space facilities within the recreation areas. These may be operated by a concessionaire. The following are park and recreation use types:
  - (1) <u>Active Recreation.</u> Active recreation refers to public park recreational uses that may have a potential impact on the area or adjacent land uses. Uses include participant sports and developed family recreational areas. Typical uses include group picnicking, tennis courts, swimming pools, softball diamonds, group campgrounds, and community centers operated by a public entity.
  - (2) <u>Passive Recreation.</u> Passive recreation refers to public park recreational uses that have no or a minimal impact on the area and adjacent land uses. Uses include hiking, nature study, wildlife refuge, fishing and viewing. No active uses, such as group picnicking, camping and sporting activities, are included.
- (m) Postal Services. Postal services use type refers to mailing services, excluding major processing, as provided by the United States Postal Service, including branch post offices and public and private facilities.
- (n) O Public Parking Services. Public parking services use type refers to parking services involving building and lots which may be privately and/or publicly owned and operated and is assigned to meet a parking demand. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use.
- (e) (p) Public Service Yard. Public service yard use type refers to the use of a property operated by a governmental agency for the purposes of storing equipment and materials and includes ancillary office and meeting space for public service projects. A public service yard is limited to operations involving public road construction, road maintenance, snow removal and operations supporting public parks construction and maintenance.
- (p) (q) Religious Assembly. Religious assembly use type refers to religious services involving public assembly such as customarily occurs in synagogues, temples and churches.
- (q) (r) Safety Services. Safety services use type refers to public safety and emergency services, including police and fire protection services, and emergency medical and ambulance services.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord. 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18.]

 $\underline{\text{SECTION 3.}}$  Section 110.304.25 of the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) is hereby amended as follows:

<u>Section 110.304.25</u> Commercial Use Types. Commercial use types include the distribution and sale or rental of goods, and the provision of services other than those classified as civic or industrial use types. All permanent commercial uses are required to operate from a commercial structure.

- (a) Administrative Offices. Administrative offices use type refers to offices or private firms or organizations which are primarily used for the provision of executive, management or administrative services. Typical uses include administrative offices and services including travel, secretarial services, telephone answering, photo-copying and reproduction, information technology services, and business offices of public utilities, organizations and associations, or other use classifications when the service rendered is that customarily associated with administrative office services.
- (b) <u>Adult Characterized Business.</u> Adult characterized business use type refers to uses defined in Washoe County Code, Chapter 25.
- (c) <u>Animal Sales and Services.</u> Animal sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in animal-related sales and services. Animals kept as domestic pets or as accessory uses to a residential use are regulated by the accessory use provisions of Article 330, Domestic Pets and Livestock. The following are animal sales and services use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Kennels.</u> Commercial kennels refers to kennel services for dogs, cats and similar animals. Typical uses include commercial animal breeding with four (4) or more animals (dogs), boarding kennels, pet motels, or dog training centers. Commercial kennels require a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone within which it is located.
  - (2) <u>Commercial Stables.</u> Commercial stables refers to boarding or raising of three (3) or more horses, but excludes horses used primarily for agricultural operations which are classified under animal production. Typical uses include commercial stables, riding clubs and riding instruction facilities.
  - (3) <u>Grooming and Pet Stores.</u> Grooming and pet stores refers to grooming or selling of dogs, cats and similar small animals. Typical uses include dog bathing and clipping salons, pet grooming shops, or pet stores and shops.
  - (4) Pet Cemeteries. Pet cemeteries refers to services involving the preparation of dead animals for burial and the keeping of animal bodies on cemetery grounds as well as cremation of dead animals. Regardless of the regulatory zone in which it is located, a pet cemetery must be located on a parcel at least two-and-one-half (2.5) acres in size. Cremation of dead animals shall take place in an area designated only for the cremation of pets and which complies with any applicable federal or state statute or regulation or local ordinance.
  - (5) Veterinary Services, Agricultural. Veterinary services, agricultural refers to veterinary services specializing in the care and treatment of large animals. Veterinary services for small animals including pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals may be included to provide full veterinary services. Veterinary services and agriculture requires a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone within which it is located. Typical uses include veterinary offices for livestock.

- (6) <u>Veterinary Services, Pets.</u> Veterinary services, pets refers to veterinary services for small animals. Typical uses include pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals.
- (7) <u>Dog Training Services.</u> Dog training services use type means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training classes.
- (d) <u>Automotive and Equipment.</u> Automotive and equipment use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in automotive-related or heavy equipment sales or services. The following are automotive and equipment use types:
  - (1) <u>Automotive Repair.</u> Automotive repair refers to repair of automobiles and the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts. Typical uses include muffler shops, automobile repair garages or automobile glass shops.
  - (2) <u>Automotive Sales and Rentals.</u> Automotive sales and rentals refers to on-site sales and/or rentals of automobiles, non-commercial trucks, motorcycles, motor homes and trailers together with incidental maintenance. Typical uses include automobile dealers, car rental agencies, or recreational vehicle sales and rental agencies.
  - (3) <u>Cleaning.</u> Cleaning refers to washing and polishing of automobiles. Typical uses include automobile laundries or car washes.
  - (4) <u>Commercial Parking.</u> Commercial parking refers to parking of operable motor vehicles on a temporary basis within a privately owned off-street parking area with or without a fee. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use. Typical uses include commercial parking lots or garages.
  - (5) Equipment Repair and Sales. Equipment repair and sales refers to repair of motor vehicles such as aircraft, boats, recreational vehicles, trucks, etc.; the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts; and body repair, painting and steam cleaning. Typical uses include truck transmission shops, body shops, storage of manufactured homes, motor freight maintenance groups or agricultural equipment sales.
  - (6) <u>Fabricated Housing Sales.</u> Fabricated housing sales refers to the sales of new and used modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes; and ancillary minor repair of modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes sold from the same location as the new or used units. Typical uses include mobile homes sales lots and minor repairs of units sold on site that do not include changes in walls and do not include changes in undercarriage plumbing or support systems.
  - (7) Storage of Operable Vehicles. Storage of operable vehicles refers to storage of operable vehicles, recreational vehicles and boat trailers. Typical uses include storage areas within personal storage facilities and storage yards for commercial vehicles.
  - (8) <u>Truck Stops.</u> Truck stops refers to businesses engaged in the sale of fuel and lubricants primarily for trucks, routine repair and maintenance of trucks, and associated uses such as selling food and truck accessories.

- (e) <u>Building Maintenance Services.</u> Building maintenance services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of maintenance and custodial services to firms rather than individuals. Typical uses include janitorial, landscape maintenance or window cleaning services.
- (f) <u>Commercial Centers.</u> Commercial centers use type refers to a group of unified commercial establishments built on a site which is planned, developed, owned and managed as an operating unit. The following are commercial center use types:
  - (1) Neighborhood Centers. Neighborhood centers refers to sales of convenience goods (foods, drugs and sundries) and personal services, those which meet the daily needs of an immediate neighborhood trade area. A neighborhood center typically includes convenience retail and services a population of 2,500 to 40,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one-half to one-and-one-half miles, and has a typical range of 15,000 to 50,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (2) <u>Community Centers.</u> Community centers refers to shopping establishments containing some services of the neighborhood center plus other services providing a greater depth and range of merchandise than contained in the neighborhood center. A community center may be built around a department store or a variety store as the major tenant. A community center generally serves a trade area population of 40,000 to 50,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one to three miles, and has a typical range of 50,000 to 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (3) Regional Centers. Regional centers refers to centers that provide shopping goods, general merchandise, apparel, furniture and home furnishings in full depth and variety. They usually are built around more than one department store. Typical design uses the pedestrian mall, either open or enclosed, as a connector between major anchor stores. A regional center serves as a major commercial center for the entire region and typically has more than 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
- (g) <u>Commercial Educational Services.</u> Commercial educational services use type refers to educational services provided by private institutions or individuals with the primary purpose of preparing students for jobs in trade or profession. Typical uses include business and vocational schools, music schools and hair styling schools.
- (h) <u>Commercial Recreation.</u> Commercial recreation use type refers to commercial establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the provision of sports, entertainment or recreation for participants or spectators. The following are commercial recreation use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park.</u> Commercial campground facilities/RV park refers to areas and services for two (2) or more campsites, accommodating camping vehicles and tents, which are used by the general public as temporary living quarters for recreational purposes. Typical uses include recreational vehicle campgrounds.
  - (2) <u>Destination Resorts.</u> Destination resorts refers to commercial enterprises for recreation that can include lodging. Typical uses include ski resorts, dude ranches, and hunting and fishing lodges.

- (3) <u>Indoor Entertainment.</u> Indoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator uses conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include motion picture theaters, meeting halls and dance halls.
- (4) <u>Indoor Sports and Recreation.</u> Indoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include bowling alleys, billiard parlors, ice and roller skating rinks, indoor racquetball courts and athletic clubs.
- (5) <u>Limited Gaming Facilities.</u> Limited gaming facilities refers to establishments which contains no more than fifteen (15) slot machines (and no other game or gaming device) where the operation of the slot machine is incidental to the primary business of the establishment.
- (6) <u>Marinas.</u> Marinas refers to docking, storage, rental and minor repair of recreational and fishing boats. Typical uses include recreational boat marinas and boat rental establishments.
- (7) <u>Outdoor Entertainment.</u> Outdoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator-type uses conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include sports arenas, racing facilities and amusement parks.
- (8) <u>Outdoor Sports and Recreation.</u> Outdoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include driving ranges, miniature golf courses, golf courses, swimming pools and tennis courts.
- (9) <u>Outdoor Sports Club.</u> Outdoor sports club refers to sports clubs using agricultural land or open space for hunting, shooting or fishing purposes. Typical uses include duck clubs, hunting clubs, skeet clubs and rifle ranges.
- (10) <u>Unlimited Gaming Facilities.</u> Unlimited gaming facilities refers to an establishment which contains fifteen (15) or more electronic gaming devices or operation of other gaming devices as authorized by the State of Nevada.
- (i) <u>Communication Facilities.</u> Communication facilities use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the transmission and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves. Typical uses include television stations, radio stations, satellite dishes, antennas and wireless communication facilities. Refer to Article 324, Communication Facilities, for subcategories of communication facilities.
- (i) Construction Sales and Services. Construction sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in construction activities and incidental storage, as well as the retail or wholesale sale from the premises, of materials used in the construction of buildings or other structures. This use type does not include retail sales of paint, fixtures and hardware, or those uses classified as one of the automotive and equipment use types. This use type does not refer to actual construction sites. Typical uses include contractors' office with or without an equipment yard, tool and equipment rental, or sales and building material stores.

- (i) (k) Continuum of Care Facilities, Seniors. Continuum of care facilities for seniors use type refers to commercial establishments that provide housing, activities and twenty-four-hour skilled nursing or medical care to allow for adults to age in place. The number of continuum of care units and parking standards shall be determined through the special use permit process. All other development standards shall apply. Facilities may include independent living, assisted living, nursing care, hospice care, accessory housing for staff, and medical facilities and services for residents.
- (k) (l) Convention and Meeting Facilities. Convention and meeting facilities use type refers to establishments which primarily provide convention and meeting facilities. Typical uses include convention facilities and wedding chapels.
- (I) (n) <u>Data Center.</u> Data Center use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the storage/housing of equipment, such as computers, servers, switches, routers, data storage devices, and related equipment for the purpose of storing, managing, processing, and exchanging of digital data and information.
- (e) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Eating and drinking establishments use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages for on-premises consumption, but excludes those uses classified under the liquor sales use type. The following are eating and drinking establishments use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the preparation and retail sale of food and beverages, have a short customer turnover rate (typically less than one hour), and may include sales of alcoholic beverages. Typical uses include drive-in and fast-food restaurants, ice cream parlors, sandwich shops and delicatessens.
  - (2) <u>Full Service.</u> Full service refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages on the premises, which generally have a customer turnover rate of one hour or longer, and which include sales of alcoholic beverages at the table or at a bar as an accessory or secondary service. Typical uses include full-service restaurants.
- (n) (p) <u>Financial Services.</u> Financial services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of financial and banking services. Typical uses include banks, savings and loan institutions, loan and lending activities, and check cashing facilities.
- (o) (q) Funeral and Interment Services. Funeral and interment services use type refers to provision of services involving the care, preparation or disposition of human dead. The following are funeral and interment services use types:
  - (1) <u>Cemeteries.</u> Cemeteries refers to undertaking services and services involving the keeping of bodies provided on cemetery grounds. Typical uses include crematoriums, mausoleums and columbariums.
  - (2) <u>Undertaking.</u> Undertaking refers to services involving the preparation of the dead for burial and arranging and managing funerals. Typical uses include funeral homes or mortuaries.
- (p) (r) Gasoline Sales and Service Stations. Gasoline sales and service stations use type refers to retail sales of petroleum products from the premises of the establishment and

incidental sale of tires, batteries, replacement items, lubricating services and minor repair services. Typical uses include automobile service stations.

- (g) (s) <u>Helicopter Services.</u> Helicopter services use type refers to areas used by helicopter or steep-gradient aircraft. The following are helicopter services use types:
  - (1) <u>Heliport.</u> Heliport refers to areas used by helicopters or by other steep-gradient aircraft, which includes passenger and cargo facilities, maintenance and overhaul, fueling service, storage space, tie-down space, hangers and other accessory buildings, and open space.
  - (2) <u>Helistop.</u> Helistop refers to areas on a roof or on the ground used by helicopters or steep-gradient aircraft for the purpose of picking up or discharging passengers or cargo, but not including fueling service, maintenance or overhaul.
- (r) (t) <u>Liquor Manufacturing.</u> Liquor manufacturing refers to the brewing, distillation, making, and/or manufacture of intoxicating liquors on the premises of the establishment. The resulting liquor products may be sold at retail to the public for on-site consumption and/or for off-site consumption. The liquor products may also be sold to licensed importer and/or wholesaler liquor dealers, with or without sales to the public. Liquor manufacturing may be in conjunction with another commercial use type, such as a full service eating and drinking establishment. Typical uses include brew pubs, breweries, craft distilleries, and wine makers.
- (s) (u) <u>Liquor Sales.</u> Liquor sales use type refers to retail sales of alcoholic beverages, as defined in Chapter 30 of County Code (Intoxicating Liquor and Gaming Licenses and Regulations), to the public. The following are liquor sales use types:
  - (1) Off-Premises. Off-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for off-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the retail sales use type. Typical uses include stores that sell packaged liquor.
  - On-Premises. On-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for on-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the eating and drinking establishments use type. Typical uses include bars, taverns, cabarets, and casino service bars.
- (t) (v) <u>Lodging Services.</u> Lodging services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of lodging on a less-than-weekly basis with incidental food, drink, and other sales or services intended for the convenience of guests, including common facilities, but excludes those establishments classified under residential group home, short-term rental and commercial recreation. The following are lodging services use types:
  - (1) <u>Bed and Breakfast Inns.</u> Bed and breakfast inns refers to single family dwellings with guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.
  - (2) <u>Condominium Hotel.</u> Condominium hotel refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing, and when the hotel rooms are owned as separate real estate; and the remainder of the property including amenities, open space, etc. is either owned in common by the hotel room owners and managed by an association, or owned by a separate entity in which a fee for use of the amenities, open space, etc. may or may not be charged the hotel room owners.

- (3) <u>Hostels.</u> Hostels refers to supervised transient facilities offering dormitory type lodging, usually with a minimum of facilities.
- (4) <u>Hotels and Motels.</u> Hotels and motels refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing.
- (5) <u>Vacation Time Shares.</u> Vacation time shares refers to real properties that are subject to a time share program.
- (w) Marijuana Establishments. A marijuana establishment, as defined and authorized by NRS 453A and NRS 453D, refers to commercial establishments, facilities, or places of business primarily engaged in the cultivation, production, acquisition, testing, supply, sale or distribution of marijuana products and related supplies and services, either for medical or adult recreational use. All marijuana establishments must be licensed by the Department of Taxation ("Department"). A business may be licensed with the Department to act as more than one of the marijuana establishment use types listed below in subsections one (1) through five (5). The following are marijuana establishment use types:
  - (1) Marijuana Cultivation Facility. A marijuana cultivation facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana cultivation facility or as a marijuana cultivation facility, or both, which is authorized to cultivate, process, and package marijuana, to have marijuana tested by a marijuana testing facility, and to sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers.
  - (2) Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility. A marijuana product manufacturing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a facility for the production of edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products, and/or as a marijuana product manufacturing facility, which is authorized to purchase marijuana, manufacture, process, and package marijuana and marijuana products, and sell marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.
  - (3) Marijuana Testing Facility. A marijuana testing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a medical marijuana independent testing laboratory and/or as a marijuana testing facility, which is authorized to test marijuana and marijuana products, including for potency and contaminants.
  - (4) Retail Marijuana Store/Medical Dispensary. A retail marijuana store/medical dispensary, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana dispensary or as a retail marijuana store, or both, which is authorized to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, and to sell marijuana and marijuana products to consumers. In order to operate as a retail marijuana store / medical dispensary for adult recreational use, the business must retain State licensure as a medical marijuana dispensary to continue business operations in the unincorporated County.
  - (5) <u>Marijuana Distributor.</u> A marijuana distributor, as defined by NRS 453D and WCC 25.708(2), refers to a business licensed to transport marijuana from a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment. A marijuana distributor license provides for the transport of both medical and recreational (adult use) marijuana,

marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia to marijuana establishments located within the unincorporated County.

- (a) A retail marijuana store / medical dispensary is not required to obtain a marijuana distributor license to transport marijuana or marijuana products directly to consumers.
- (b) Marijuana distributors will only transport marijuana, marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia following the provisions of NRS Chapter 453D and NAC Chapter 453D.
- (c) Wholesale intoxicating liquor dealers licensed pursuant to NRS Chapter 369 applying for a marijuana distributor license must possess a valid and current County Importer / Wholesaler intoxicating liquor license.
- (d) A marijuana distributor business is not allowed as a home-based business.
- (x) Medical Services. Medical services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of personal health services ranging from prevention, diagnosis and treatment, or rehabilitation services provided by physicians, dentists, nurses and other health personnel as well as the provision of medical testing and analysis services, but excludes those classified as any civic use type. Typical uses include medical offices, dental laboratories, health maintenance organizations, immediate care facilities or sports medicine facilities.
- (w) (y) Nursery Sales. Nursery sales use type refers to the sales of plants, flowers and related nursery items. The following are nursery sales use types:
  - (1) <u>Retail.</u> Retail refers to retail sale of plants and flowers and related nursery items. Typical uses include retail nurseries and home garden stores.
  - (2) <u>Wholesale.</u> Wholesale refers to wholesaling of plants and flowers, with incidental retail sales. Typical uses include wholesale nurseries.
- (x) (z) Personal Services. Personal services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of informational, instructional, personal improvement and similar services of a non-professional nature, but excludes services classified as commercial recreation or lodging services. Typical uses include photography studios, driving schools or weight loss centers.
- (y) (aa) Personal Storage. Personal storage use type refers to storage services primarily for personal effects and household goods within an enclosed storage area having individual access, but excludes workshops, hobby shops, manufacturing or commercial activity. Typical uses include mini-warehouses.
- (z) (bb) Professional Services. Professional services use type refers to establishments which provide professional services to individuals or businesses, but excludes offices servicing walk-in customers which are classified under the administrative offices use type. Typical uses include law offices, real estate offices, insurance offices and architectural firms.
- (aa) (cc) Recycle Center. Recycle center use type refers to facilities for the collection, as a commercial enterprise, of household recyclables such as newspapers, bottles and cans. Recycle centers do not include recycle facilities existing as a part of a refuse pickup

service or recycle bins used for donations to non-profit organizations. The following are recycle center use types:

- (1) <u>Full Service Recycle Center.</u> Full service recycle center refers to large, fully attended recycle centers accepting paper, plastic and glass household recyclables and may include processing or sorting of the recyclables.
- (2) Remote Collection Facility. Remote collection facility refers to a center for the acceptance, by redemption or purchase, of recyclable materials from the public. Such a facility does not process the recyclables on site. Typical uses include reverse vending machines.
- (3) Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center. Residential hazardous substance recycle center refers to specialized recycling centers that receive household hazardous substances such as household paint, household cleaners and automobile engine oil.
- (bb) (dd) Repair Services, Consumer. Repair services, consumer use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of repair services to individuals and households rather than firms, but excludes automotive repair. Typical uses include appliance repair shops, apparel repair firms or instrument repair firms.
- (cc) (ee) Retail Sales. Retail sales use type refers to retail sales of commonly used goods and merchandise, either free-standing or within a commercial center, but excludes those uses classified under other use types. The following are retail sales use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments which provide a limited number of frequently or recurrently needed personal items or services for residents of an immediate neighborhood. Typical uses include convenience stores, small grocery stores, barber shops, beauty parlors, dry cleaners and selfservice laundromats.
  - (2) <u>Specialty Stores.</u> Specialty stores refers to establishments which provide a variety of retail or personal services needs for residents in the larger community area. Typical uses include supermarkets, super drugs stores, clothing boutiques, antiques, bookstores, furniture stores and auto parts.
  - (3) <u>Comparison Shopping Centers.</u> Comparison shopping centers refers to retail establishments that provide a wide variety of retail and personal services that cater to the regional needs. Typical uses include full-line department stores and warehouse-styled retail outlets.
- (dd) (ee) Secondhand Sales. Secondhand sales use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the sale of goods and merchandise which are not being sold for the first time, but excludes those classified as animal sales and services and automotive and equipment. Typical uses include secondhand stores and thrift shops.
- (ee) (ff) <u>Transportation Services.</u> Transportation services use type refers to establishments which provide private transportation of persons and goods. Typical uses include taxi services and commercial postal services.
- (ff) (gg) Winery. The Winery use type refers to a facility comprising the building(s) or space used to make wine as an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural content of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar. A winery includes

crushing of fruit, fermenting, bottling, blending, bulk and bottle storage, aging, shipping and receiving of wine making materials, laboratory equipment, associated maintenance equipment, and administrative office functions related to the operation of the winery. A winery may or may not have a vineyard associated with it and may include a public tasting room and the sale of merchandise related directly to the winery. A winery may only sell at retail by the bottle or serve by the glass, on its premises, wine produced, blended, or aged on site by the winery subject to any limitations set forth in NRS 597.240.

A winery may be established as a stand-alone principal use type or in combination with residential or other authorized use types. The growing of grapes for use in a winery use type or in wine making is classified as Crop Production, a separate Agricultural Use Type. Wine making in the urban, commercial or industrial regulatory zones, or in conjunction with the manufacture of other types of intoxicating liquor, is classified as Liquor Manufacturing, a separate Commercial Use Type. Any allowed winery use type requires the issuance of the appropriate Washoe County business and liquor licenses pursuant to Chapters 25 and 30 of this Code. The business license application process for an allowed winery shall include the noticing of all adjacent property owners within 500 feet of the subject parcel, homeowners associations or Architectural Control Committees that are registered with the Building and Safety Division which have an interest in the subject parcel, and any properties that share a privately maintained access road to the subject parcel. Review and approval of a business license application to establish a winery shall include, at a minimum, review by the Washoe County Health District, the fire department of jurisdiction, and any General Improvement District with jurisdiction.

Winery with Special Events. Except in the Suburban Residential regulatory zone, a winery approved through an Administrative Permit may include, as part of the Administrative Permit application, provisions for conducting recurring special events as ancillary uses to the principal Winery use. "Special event" means an assembly of less than 100 persons on any one day of the event. Such recurring special events may include, but are not limited to, weddings, tours, promotional events, entertainment (indoor or outdoor), wine and food pairings, and craft fairs. Recurring special events proposed in conjunction with a Winery use must be included in the Administrative Permit application authorizing the Winery use. New or amended proposals for special events shall require either an amendment to the existing Administrative Permit (i.e. Amendment of Conditions) or a separate application for a Temporary Special Event Business License pursuant to Chapter 25 of this Code through the Business License division.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord.1288, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1481, provisions eff. 2/3/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1712, provisions eff. 6/27/14, Ord 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff 4/20/18; Ord. 1665, provisions eff 4/15/21; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]

 $\underline{\text{SECTION 4.}}$  Section 110.406.50 of the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) is hereby amended as follows:

## Section 110.406.50 Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting.

(a) Residential Use Types. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting is limited to four-and-one-half (4.5) feet in the required front yard setback except as noted

by Section 110.406.30, Front Yards. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting for the remainder of the residential property is six (6) feet. Where two (2) or more of a property's frontages constitute front yards on a corner lot, one (1) of the yards shall be deemed to be the main entrance and all other yards with street frontage shall be considered modified side yards where fences, walls or perimeter planting can have a maximum height of six (6) feet as long as such fences, walls or perimeter planting are located at least ten (10) feet from the modified side yard property line. Barbed wire or razor wire livestock fencing in front yards is allowed only on lots with a size greater than one (1) acre.

- (b) Commercial and Industrial Use Types. The fences, walls or perimeter planting in commercial and industrial development adjoining residential uses shall be at least six (6) feet but not more than eight (8) feet in height, in accordance with Article 412, Landscaping. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining a street may be a maximum of six (6) feet in height. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining non-residential uses may be a maximum of eight (8) feet in height.
- (c) <u>Specialty Fences.</u> Specialty fences are permitted in all regulatory zones with the following provisions:
  - (1) A specialty fence shall only be for the purposes of enclosing a tennis court, racquetball court, basketball court or other court-type recreational activity, and for exotic animals when a fence is <a href="required">required</a> pursuant to the issuance of a permit from the <a href="Washoe County Exotic Animal Board">Washoe County Regional Animal Services</a>.
  - (2) A specialty fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The court or enclosure for which the fence is erected shall be located entirely to the side or rear of the main structure permitted on the property.
    - (ii) The fence may not be greater than ten (10) feet in height.
    - (iii) The fence may not prevent viewing through the fence. It may not be solid.
    - (iv) The fence must be of a color that blends with the background and in no instance may it be of a reflective material.
    - (v) The fence shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the side or rear property lines.
  - (3) A specialty fence may be up to 30 feet in height for a baseball or softball backstop. A specialty fence may be any height, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, only when the fence is constructed for a civic use, such as a sports field.
- (d) <u>Entry Gate and Entry Columns.</u> An entry gate and entry columns are permitted in all regulatory zones and are subject to the following provision:
  - (a) An entry gate and entry columns may exceed the allowable height of the fencing on adjacent fence panels by a maximum of eighteen (18) inches. Lighting

fixtures may be placed on top of the entry column in excess of the height limitation.

- (e) Security Fences. Security Fences are permitted in all regulatory zones on parcels of land that do not have a main use established, subject to compliance with all of the following standards:
  - (1) A security fence shall only be for the purpose of enclosing a vacant parcel of land to control access to that parcel of land.
  - (2) The allowable height of a security fence is defined at WCC 110.460.50.
  - (3) A building permit is required for construction of a security fence.
  - (2) A security fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The security fence shall only be located on the perimeter of the subject site, or adjacent to a public access easement.
    - (ii) The security fence shall be constructed only of chain link and shall not prevent viewing through it. No slats are allowed. It shall not be solid.
    - (iii) Construction of a security fence using any material other than chain link may be permitted, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, when the alternative material provides an equivalent level of security and does not inhibit view of the parcel of land. It shall not be solid.
    - (iv) The security fence must be supported by steel pipes, and those supports must be set securely in the ground and stabilized with concrete.

[Added by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95. Amended by Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98.]

[Section 110.406.45 entitled "Visual Obstructions" amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94 and repealed by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95.]

SECTION 5. Section 110.902.15 of the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) is hereby amended as follows:

<u>Section 110.902.15</u> <u>General Definitions.</u> Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions shall be applicable throughout the Development Code:

<u>A-Weighted Sound Level.</u> "A-weighted sound level" means the sound pressure level in decibels as measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighing filter network. Sounds measured with an A-weighted filter are abbreviated dba or db(a).

<u>Accessory Structure</u>. "Accessory structure" means a subordinate structure, the use of which is incidental to that of the main structure or potential main structure, or main dwelling.

Accessway. "Accessway" means vehicular ingress and egress to a property or use.

Adequate Public Facilities Management. "Adequate public facilities management" means a method for ensuring that the infrastructure necessary to support a development project will be available concurrently with the impacts of that development, without causing the level of service provided by said infrastructure to fall below adopted standards.

<u>Affordable Housing.</u> "Affordable housing" means housing which is affordable to low-income households (not exceeding eighty (80) percent of the County median income) or moderate-income households (not exceeding one-hundred twenty (120) percent of County median income).

<u>Agricultural Building.</u> "Agricultural building" is a structure designed and constructed to store farm implements and equipment or hay, grain, poultry, livestock, fruit and other agricultural products. Cold storage warehouses are not agricultural buildings. An agricultural building shall not be used for human habitation; processing, treating, packaging agricultural products; or as a place used by the public. The term shall not include dwellings, but does include greenhouses.

<u>Approved Access.</u> "Approved access" means a way or means of approach to a parcel from either an abutting public road or from a private road, street or right-of-way approved by the County.

Area of Shallow Flooding. "Area of shallow flooding" means a designated AO or AH Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The base flood depths range from 1 to 3 feet, a clearly defined channel does not exist, the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and velocity flow may be evident.

<u>Area Plan.</u> "Area plan" means plans adopted by Washoe County which cover specific subareas of the unincorporated County. These plans provide basic information on the natural features, resources and physical constraints that affect the development of the planning area. They also specify detailed land use designations which are then used to review specific development proposals and to plan services and facilities.

Arterial. "Arterial" means a main highway that is a through street.

Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Attached accessory dwelling unit" means a portion of or an addition to a single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceiling and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or one thousand (1,000) square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Attached accessory dwellings are often referred to as guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."

<u>Base Flood Calculation.</u> "Base flood calculation" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. See "Flood, One Hundred (100) Year."

<u>Basement.</u> "Basement" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling, which is partly below and partly above grade, but so located that the vertical distance from grade to the floor below is less than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Bed and Breakfast Establishment.</u> "Bed and breakfast establishment" means a single-family dwelling containing not more than five (5) guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.

Berm. "Berm" means a mound or embankment of earth.

<u>Billboard.</u> "Billboard" means an outdoor advertisement making a material or services known, such advertisement being remote from the point of sale of such material or service.

Board. "Board" refers to the Board of County Commissioners of Washoe County.

<u>Boardinghouse.</u> "Boardinghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided for more than three (3) guests.

<u>Breezeway.</u> A "breezeway" means a covered walkway, passageway, or corridor that has at least one (1) side entirely or partially open (except for necessary supporting columns), is not intended nor designed as habitable space, and which may or may not be connected to a structure.

<u>Building.</u> "Building" means any structure having a permanent foundation, a roof supported by columns or walls and used for the enclosure of persons, animals or chattels, but not including a trailer (mobile home) or tent.

<u>Building Envelope</u>. "Building envelope" means the area to be occupied by any structure and associated development.

<u>Building Height.</u> "Building height" is the vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. As illustrated in Figure 110.902.15.BH1, the reference datum shall be selected by either of the following, whichever yields a greater height of building:

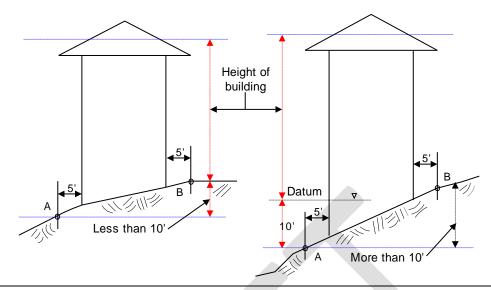
- (a) The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a five (5) foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.
- (b) An elevation ten (10) feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground surface described in Item 1 above is more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.

The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.

Figure 110.902.15.BH1

**DETERMINATION OF BUILDING HEIGHT IN FEET** 

DRAFT: February 15, 2023



Source: International Building Code Interpretation Manual.

<u>Building Intensity.</u> "Building intensity" refers to the bulk and concentration of physical development of uses permitted in a district. Lot coverage and height are examples of measures of building intensity.

<u>Cargo Container.</u> "Cargo Container" means an Intermodal Container, Sea-land Container, ISO Container, or Conex Box that is not designed for independent or "In-tow Trailer" highway use, and that was originally designed and constructed as a standardized, reusable storage and shipping vessel to be loaded on a truck, rail car or ship.

<u>Cellar.</u> "Cellar" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling which is wholly or partially below grade and so located that vertical distance from grade to the floor below is equal to or greater than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Certificated Water Rights.</u> "Certificated water rights" means the right to put surface water or groundwater to beneficial use that is identified by a record document issued by the Nevada State Engineer after satisfactory proof of "perfection of application" for a permitted water right has been filed in accordance with NRS Chapter 533.

<u>Child Care Institution.</u> "Child care institution" means a facility which provides care and shelter during the day and night and provides developmental guidance to sixteen (16) or more children who do not routinely return to the homes of their parents or guardians. Such an institution may also provide, without limitation:

- (a) Education to the children according to a curriculum approved by the Department of Education;
- (b) Services to children who have been diagnosed as severely emotionally disturbed as defined in NRS 433B.080, including, without limitation, services relating to mental health and education; or
- (c) Emergency shelter to children who have been placed in protective custody pursuant to Chapter 432B of NRS.

<u>Climatic Adaptive Planting Material.</u> "Climatic adaptive planting material" means vegetation which is adapted to the climate or microclimate of the planting site and can flourish given the soil and water environment surrounding its roots. Microclimates, large bodies of water, soil drainage, soil pH, adequate

moisture, the presence of soil salts, and both summer and winter wind affect a plant's ability to grow and survive.

Cluster or Clustered Development. See "Common Open Space Development."

<u>Collector</u>. "Collector" means the highest order of residential streets.

<u>Commercial Coach.</u> "Commercial coach" means structure without motive power which is designed and equipped for human occupancy for industrial, professional or commercial purposes.

Commercial Vehicle. "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle designed, maintained or used for business, commercial, construction or industrial purposes that infringes on the residential character of residential districts; or for the transportation of property in furtherance of commercial enterprise; or having more than two (2) axles on the road; or, any vehicle in excess of eight thousand (8,000) pounds unladen weight. Commercial vehicles includes, but is not limited to: a cement truck, commercial tree-trimming equipment, construction equipment, dump truck, garbage truck, panel truck, semi-tractor, semi-trailer, stake bed truck, step delivery van, tank truck, tar truck, and other vehicles customarily used for commercial purposes.

Commission. "Commission" means the Washoe County Planning Commission.

<u>Common Interest Community.</u> "Common interest community" means real estate in which a person, by virtue of ownership of a unit, is obligated to pay for real estate other than that unit. "Ownership of a unit" does not include holding a leasehold interest of less than twenty (20) years in a unit, including options to renew.

Common Open Space Development. "Common open space development" means a technique whereby minimum lot sizes may be reduced below the regulatory zone requirements for residential and commercial use types, if compensating amounts of open space are provided within the same development (also called "cluster development"). This type of development allows for structures to be grouped on smaller lots, provided the total density for the development is not exceeded.

<u>Company Town.</u> "Company town" means employee housing and supporting commercial, office, recreational, professional, administrative and other ancillary uses associated with the functioning of an isolated industrial, mining, energy production, utilities, resorts or agricultural based use. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

Consistency. "Consistency" means free from variation or contradiction.

Constraints. "Constraints" mean limitations or actions which cannot be taken or which must be taken.

Construct. "Construct" includes "erect," "reconstruct," "alter," "move in" and "move upon."

<u>Contiguous Parcel of Land.</u> "Contiguous parcel of land" means a parcel of land either abutting directly on the boundary or separated by a street, alley, public right-of-way, creek, river or the right-of-way of a railroad or other public service corporation of another parcel of land.

<u>Continuum of Care Unit</u>. A unit that is within a continuum of care facility that includes living and sleeping facilities as defined by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

Corner Lot. See "Lot, Corner."

<u>Cost.</u> "Cost" means the price paid or what is given up in order to acquire, produce, accomplish or maintain anything.

<u>County.</u> "County" refers to the unincorporated area of Washoe County, Nevada.

<u>County Standards.</u> "County standards" means improvement standards set forth in this Development Code or adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>Cross-Section.</u> "Cross-section" is a drawing or photograph showing a cutting through something, especially at right angles to its axis. A cross section of a roadway usually indicates the width of the street, the number of lanes, and the width of any median, parkways, sidewalks and bicycle lanes.

<u>Cumulative Impact.</u> "Cumulative impact" means an effect which is a result of several related projects. Each increment from each project may not be noticeable but cumulative impacts may be noticeable when all increments are considered.

<u>Cut.</u> "Cut" means shaping of the land surface by removing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Decibel.</u> "Decibel" means a unit for describing the amplitude of sound, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten (10) of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals (20 micronewtons per square meter).

<u>Density or Residential Density.</u> "Density" or "residential density" means the number of dwelling units per gross acre for residential uses as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System.

<u>Density Bonus.</u> "Density bonus" means an increase in residential density over and above the density specified in the Development Code. A "density bonus unit" is one of the additional housing units built as a result of granting a density bonus.

<u>Destination Resort.</u> "Destination resort" is a self-contained development that provides for visitor-oriented accommodations and developed recreational facilities in a setting with high natural amenities. Visitor-oriented accommodations are overnight lodging and facilities designed for visitors, not permanent residents, and overnight lodging excludes RV and mobile home parks. Visitor accommodations must include meeting rooms and restaurants.

Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Detached accessory dwelling unit" means a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Detached accessory dwelling unit are also commonly referred to as guest houses, second units, detached "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

<u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> Except as provided for under Section 110.306.15, "detached accessory structure" means a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water

and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions contained in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures. Typical uses include storage buildings, sheds, barns, and detached garages.

<u>Development.</u> "Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate including the construction of buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

<u>Development Agreement.</u> "Development agreement" means an agreement entered into by Washoe County and any person having a legal or equitable interest in land concerning the development of that land, pursuant to NRS Chapter 278.

<u>Development Code.</u> "Development Code" refers to Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code which incorporates all County development-related ordinances and standards to ensure conformity with the Master Plan.

<u>Division into Large Parcels.</u> "Division into large parcels" means division of land if each proposed lot is at least forty (40) acres in area including roads and easements or at least one-sixteenth (1/16) of a section as described by a government land office.

<u>Dog Training Center.</u> "Dog training center" means a facility where dogs are boarded and trained for a long-term period of time.

<u>Dog Training Services.</u> "Dog training services" means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training.

<u>Domestic Water.</u> "Domestic water" means water supplied to individual dwellings and other land uses which is suitable for drinking.

<u>Dormitory/Bunkhouse.</u> "Dormitory/bunkhouse" means a building or a portion of a building where, for compensation or a benefit of employment, meals and lodging are provided.

<u>Drainage</u>, <u>Natural</u>. "Natural drainage" means any channel, swale or depression which conducts water as part of the natural drainage pattern of a site.

<u>Driveway</u>, <u>Residential</u>. "Residential driveway" means a private paved or unpaved area used for ingress or egress of vehicles, and allowing access extending from a property line to a building or other structure or facility on the subject parcel.

<u>Dwelling.</u> "Dwelling" means any building or portion thereof used exclusively for residential purposes but does not include hotels, clubs, boardinghouses or rooming houses, fraternity or sorority houses, continuum of care facilities, or institutions.

<u>Dwelling Unit.</u> "Dwelling unit" means any building or portion thereof, including a fabricated home or portion thereof, which contains at a minimum permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities for residential use types as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities as required by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

<u>Electronic Notice.</u> "Electronic notice" means any notice required by law that is transmitted via electronic means and which provides a method of verifying receipt to the sender that the receiver has received the

notice. Electronic includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, facsimile transmission that identify the receiver and have a time and date stamp.

<u>Endangered Species.</u> "Endangered species" means any species listed as such in the Federal Register which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Engineer. "Engineer" means a Nevada registered engineer pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Ephemeral Stream.</u> "Ephemeral stream" means a stream that flows only in direct response to precipitation, and thus discontinues its flow during dry seasons. Such flow is usually of short duration. Most of the dry washes of more arid regions may be classified as ephemeral streams.

<u>Erosion.</u> "Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil from the land surface by wind, water or gravity.

<u>Fabricated Home.</u> "Fabricated home" means a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site. Fabricated homes include modular homes, manufactured homes and mobile homes. The term "fabricated home" does not include a "recreational vehicle."

<u>Facility for Transitional Living for Released Offenders.</u> "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for persons who have been released from prison and who require assistance with reintegration into the community, other than such a residence that is operated or maintained by a state or local government or an agency thereof. The term does not include a halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers or a facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs. As used in this section, person who has been released from prison means:

- (a) A parolee.
- (b) A person who is participating in:
  - (1) A judicial program pursuant to NRS 209.4886 or 213.625; or
  - (2) A correctional program pursuant to NRS 209.4888 or 213.371.
- (c) A person who is supervised by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety through residential confinement.
- (d) A person who has been released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence.

<u>Family.</u> "Family" means one (1) or more persons related by blood, marriage or legal adoption, or a group of six (6) or fewer unrelated persons and two additional persons who act as house parents or guardians, living together in a dwelling unit.

<u>Fence.</u> "Fence" means a wall or barrier constructed of boards, masonry, wire or any other material for the purpose of enclosing space or separating parcels of land. The term "fence" does not include retaining walls, but does include fence gates and gateposts.

Fence, Security. "Security Fence" means a fence that is located on the property lines of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established and complies with WCC 110.406.50 (e).

<u>Fill.</u> "Fill" means shaping of the land surface by depositing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Final Map.</u> "Final map" means the map or recording instrument for subdivisions of land as described in Article 610. A final map may also be used to record an approved parcel map at the option of either the subdivider or the County.

<u>Fire Management.</u> "Fire management" means activities required for the protection of resources and values from fire, or the use of fire to meet land management goals and objectives.

<u>Flood or Flooding.</u> "Flood" or "flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow of inland waters; or the unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source.

<u>Flood, One Hundred (100) Year.</u> "One hundred (100) year flood" also called the "base flood" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The boundaries of the one hundred (100) year flood include both the floodway and the flood fringe areas as shown on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (Floodway).</u> "Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of flood hazard and the floodway.

<u>Flood Elevation.</u> "Flood elevation" means the elevation of the water surface of the base flood based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929.

<u>Flood Elevation, Increase In.</u> "Increase in flood elevation" means an increase in flood elevation of more than one (1) foot at any point.

<u>Flood Fringe.</u> "Flood fringe" means the area of the one hundred (100) year flood, exclusive of the floodway, as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, and any area determined by the Floodplain Administrator to have a one (1) percent or greater probability of flood in a given year.

<u>Flood Hazard Areas.</u> "Flood hazard areas" means the area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as being flooded by the base flood, and is designated as "Zone A, AO, AH, AE and A99" on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Height.</u> "Flood height" means the depth of the floodwater during the one hundred (100) year flood, computed as the difference between the elevation of the one hundred (100) year floodwater surface and the elevation ground surface at a given point in the flooded area.

<u>Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).</u> "Flood Insurance Rate Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated the flood hazard area, the limited flooding area and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

<u>Flood Insurance Study (FIS).</u> "Flood Insurance Study" means the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

Floodplain. "Floodplain" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source.

<u>Floodplain Administrator.</u> "Floodplain Administrator" means the person appointed to administer and implement the provisions of Article 416 of this Development Code.

<u>Floodplain Management.</u> "Floodplain management" means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage.

<u>Floodproofing.</u> "Floodproofing" means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

<u>Floodway.</u> "Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot. The floodway is delineated on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps.

<u>Floor Area Ratio (FAR).</u> "Floor area ratio" means the ratio of floor area permitted on a lot to the size of the lot. For example, a permitted FAR of 6.0 on a 10,000 square foot lot would allow a building with a total floor area of 60,000 square feet.

Front Line. "Front line" means the narrowest lot dimension fronting on a street.

Front Yards. See "Yard, Front."

<u>Fuel Management.</u> "Fuel management" means treating or controlling any vegetative material which adversely affects meeting fire management direction based upon resource management goals and objectives.

<u>Fuelbreak.</u> "Fuelbreak" means a strip of land, strategically placed for fighting anticipated fires, where hazardous fuels have been replaced with less burnable fuels (like grass). They divide fire-prone areas into smaller parcels for easier fire control and provide access for fire fighting.

<u>Fuels.</u> "Fuels" mean any material capable of sustaining or carrying a wildfire, usually natural material both live and dead.

<u>Gaming.</u> "Gaming" means any legally constituted gambling enterprise authorized under the laws of the State of Nevada other than slot machines when such machines are operated incidentally to the conduct of a licensed retail business.

<u>Geothermal Resource.</u> "Geothermal resource" means the natural heat of the earth and the energy associated with the natural heat, pressure and all dissolved or entrained minerals, but excluding hydrocarbons and helium, that may be obtained from the medium used to transfer that heat.

<u>Governing Body.</u> "Governing body" refers to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, unless otherwise clearly indicated.

<u>Government Patent Easement.</u> "Government patent easement" means an easement granted through a patent by the federal government for a public purpose, generally for public access and utility purposes.

<u>Grade.</u> "Grade" is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than 5 feet from the building, between the building and a line 5 feet from the building.

<u>Gradient.</u> "Gradient" is the slope of a lot measured as the difference in elevation of finished grade between the midpoint of the front property line and the farthest opposite point of the lot depth.

<u>Grading.</u> "Grading" means removal of trees and shrubs with surface soil grading for smoothness.

<u>Greenbelt.</u> "Greenbelt" means an area where measures such as fuel management, land use planning and development standards are applied to mitigate fire, flood and erosion hazard. More traditionally, an

irrigated landscaped buffer zone between development and wildlands, usually put to additional uses (e.g. golf course, park, etc.).

Gross Density. "Gross density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the total site area.

<u>Ground Cover.</u> "Ground cover" means low, dense-growing plants such as shrubs or vines, or inert materials such as rock or bark used to cover bare ground.

<u>Ground Water Recharge.</u> "Ground water recharge" means the infiltration of water into the earth. It may increase the total amount of water stored underground or only replenish the groundwater supply depleted through pumping or natural discharge. The natural or intentional infiltration of surface water into the Zone of Saturation (i.e. into the Ground Water). Also, the inflow of water to a ground water reservoir (Zone of Saturation) from the surface. Infiltration of precipitation and its movement to the water table is one form of natural recharge.

<u>Group Foster Home.</u> "Group foster home" means a natural person, partnership, firm, corporation or association who provides full-time care for seven (7) to fifteen (15) children who are:

- (a) Under eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) Not related within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity to any natural person maintaining or operating the home; and received, cared for, and
- (c) Maintained for compensation or otherwise, including the provision of permanent free care.

<u>Halfway House for Recovering Alcohol and Drug Abusers.</u> "Halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for recovering alcohol and drug abusers and is operated to facilitate their reintegration into the community, but does not provide any treatment for alcohol or drug abuse. The term does not include a facility for transitional living for released offenders.

<u>Hallway</u>. "Hallway" means a completely enclosed corridor, passageway, or other similar enclosed space that connects two (2) separate rooms, or ingress and egress points, and which is not intended nor designed as habitable space. A hallway shall not be used to connect two (2) separate dwelling units.

<u>Hedge.</u> "Hedge" means a dense row of plant material, such as shrubs, which are arranged to form a boundary or screen.

<u>Highest Existing Grade.</u> "Highest existing grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

<u>Hillside Development.</u> "Hillside development" means any development including individual lots which has slopes greater than fifteen (15) percent on twenty (20) percent or more of the site.

Historic Structure. "Historic structure" means any structure that is:

- (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historic significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior to qualify as a registered historic district;

- (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
  - (1) By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
  - (2) Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

<u>Home for Individual Residential Care.</u> "Home for individual residential care" means a home in which a natural person furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision, for compensation, to not more than two (2) persons with mental retardation or with disabilities or who are aged or infirm, unless the persons receiving those services are related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the person providing those services. The term does not include:

- (a) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (b) A home in which supported living arrangement services are provided to assist individuals in maximizing his independence, including without limitation training and habitation services.

<u>Hoop House/High Tunnel.</u> "Hoop House" or "High Tunnel" means an enclosure that is used to cover and protect crops from sun, wind, excessive rainfall, or cold, to extend the growing season in an environmentally safe manner and having a life span of approximately 5 years. The coverings for these enclosures utilize flexible, not rigid materials.

<u>Hotel.</u> "Hotel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with an interior hall and lobby.

<u>House Construction Factory.</u> "House construction factory" means a building used for the construction of a single or multiple family dwelling, or the assembly of prefabricated single or multiple family dwelling components, or a combination of the above-described procedures, which results in a completed single or multiple family dwelling that can be transported to a lot for which service has been provided and which has been improved to accommodate the installation of the dwelling.

Household. "Household" means the person or persons occupying a housing unit.

<u>Impervious Surface.</u> "Impervious surface" means the surface through which water cannot penetrate, such as a roof, road, sidewalk or paved parking area.

Incorporated City. "Incorporated city" means a city incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

<u>Infrastructure.</u> "Infrastructure" means the basic facilities such as roads, schools, power plants, transmission lines, transportation and communication systems on which the continuance and growth of a community depends.

<u>Inoperable Vehicle.</u> "Inoperable vehicle" means a vehicle, as defined by NRS 482.135, which:

(a) Does not display current license plates (from any state) registered to the vehicle; and,

- (b) Is visibly damaged, wrecked, dismantled, in serious disrepair, deteriorating (rusting, rotting) or missing major components, or is being salvaged, parted out, prepared for crushing, shredding or scrapping; and,
- (c) Is not awaiting disposition instructions as a result of a collision.

Interior Lot. See " Lot, Interior."

<u>Junkyard.</u> "Junkyard" means any space for storage, abandonment or sale of junk, scrap material or similar waste, including the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles, other vehicles, machinery or parts. Junkyard shall be synonymous with salvage yard.

<u>Kitchen.</u> "Kitchen" means a room or space within a room equipped with such electrical or gas hook up that would enable the installation of a range, oven, or like appliance using 220/40 volts or natural gas (or similar fuels, such as propane) for the preparation of food, and also containing either or both a refrigerator and sink for the washing and/or disposal of food.

<u>Landscaped Buffer.</u> "Landscaped buffer" means an area of landscaping which separates two (2) distinct land uses, or a land use and a public right-of-way, and which acts to soften or mitigate the effects of one (1) land use on the other.

<u>Landscaping.</u> "Landscaping" means an area devoted to and maintained with a mixture of existing or new native or exotic plants such as turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees, as well as additional complementary decorative features such as rocks, decorative pavement, fountains, pools, sculpture and decorative wall.

<u>Ldn.</u> "Ldn" means the average equivalent A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day obtained by adding ten decibels to the hourly noise levels measured during the night (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). In this way, Ldn takes into account the lower tolerance of people for noise during nighttime periods. Ldn noise level measurements are typically plotted onto a map to identify noise contours around a significant noise generator (e.g. freeways, airports, etc.).

<u>Limited Gaming.</u> "Limited gaming" means gaming enterprises authorized by the State Gaming Control Board whereby any person or gaming establishment may be issued a limited gaming license or have such conditions placed on a gaming license as necessary to protect the public interest.

### Livestock. "Livestock" means:

- (a) All cattle or animals of the bovine species;
- (b) All horses, mules, burros and asses or animals of the equine species;
- (c) All goats or animals of the caprine species;
- (d) All swine or animals of the porcine species; and
- (e) All sheep or animals of the ovine species.

<u>Loading Space</u>. "Loading space" means an off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a group of buildings for the temporary parking of vehicles while handling merchandise or materials.

<u>Lot.</u> "Lot" means a distinct part or parcel of land divided with the intent to transfer ownership or for building purposes, which abuts upon a permanent means of access and is assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Lot, Corner.</u> "Corner lot" means a lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets or a lot that abuts one (1) street that changes directions, curves or turns around the lot with an interior angle of 135 degrees or less.

<u>Lot</u>, <u>Interior</u>. "Interior lot" means either (a) a lot bounded by a street on only one (1) side; or, (b) a lot situated at the intersection of (2) streets having an interior angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more; or, (c) a lot that has continuous street frontage on only one (1) street and when the curvature of the lot along the street frontage exceeds one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more.

Lot, Through. "Through lot" means a lot bounded by two (2) streets that do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.

<u>Lot Coverage.</u> "Lot coverage" is a measure of intensity of land use which represents the portion of a site that is impervious (i.e. does not absorb water). This portion includes, but is not limited to, all areas covered by buildings, parking structures, driveways, roads, sidewalks, and any areas of concrete asphalt. In the case of lumberyards, areas where lumber is stored also constitutes impervious surfaces.

<u>Lot Depth.</u> "Lot depth" is the distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the mean direction of the side lines.

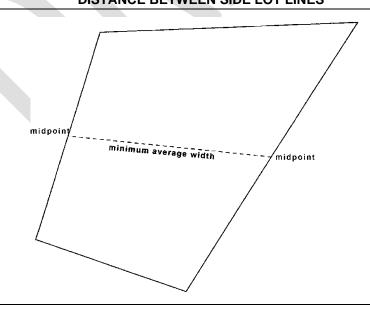
<u>Lot Size.</u> "Lot size" is the total square footage of a lot.

Lot Width. "Lot width" may be determined in one of the following three ways:

(a) The distance between the side lot lines measured at right angles to the lot depth at a point midway between the front and rear line (see Figure 110.902.15LW1);

Figure 110.902.15.LW1

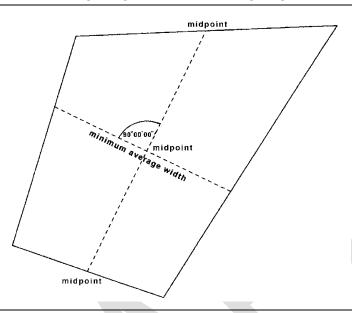
DISTANCE BETWEEN SIDE LOT LINES



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(b) The distance between the midpoints of the side lot lines (see Figure 110.902.15LW2); or Figure 110.902.15.LW2

### **DISTANCE BETWEEN MIDPOINTS**

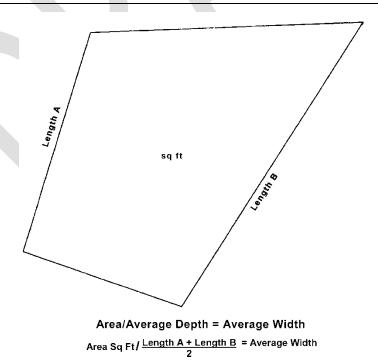


Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(c) Area/Average Depth = Average Width (see Figure 110.902.15LW3).

Figure 110.902.15.LW3

### **AREA/AVERAGE WIDTH**



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

<u>Lowest Floor.</u> "Lowest floor" means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements.

<u>Main Building.</u> "Main building" means a building devoted to the principal use of the lot on which it is situated.

<u>Major Subdivision.</u> "Major subdivision" means a subdivision which contains five (5) or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Manufactured Home.</u> "Manufactured home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing the label certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. A manufactured home is further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.113). A manufactured home is not a mobile home, nor a modular home.

<u>Manufactured Home Park Site.</u> "Manufactured home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a manufactured home park.

<u>Manufactured Home Space</u>. "Manufactured home space" is the area in a manufactured home park that is rented or leased to the occupant or occupants of a manufactured home.

<u>Manufactured Home Subdivision.</u> "Manufactured home subdivision" is a subdivision designed and/or intended for the sale of lots for siting manufactured homes.

<u>Master Plan.</u> "Master Plan" means the Washoe County Master Plan including both countywide elements and area plans, and a number of more detailed plans and studies related to the plans.

Median Income or County Median Income. "Median income" or "County median income" means the level of income in Washoe County whereby one-half (1/2) of the population earns greater than that level of income and one-half (1/2) of the population earns less than that level of income. Median income is determined on a yearly basis by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

<u>Military Installation.</u> "Military installation" means a base or facility at which or from which the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force Reserve, Army Reserve, Coast Guard Reserve, Marine Corps Reserve, Navy Reserve or National Guard conducts exercises, maneuvers, operations, patrols or training.

<u>Minor Subdivision.</u> "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision which contains four (4) or less lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Minute Action.</u> "Minute action" means an official final decision made by the Board of County Commissioners, as recorded in the County Clerk's minutes.

<u>Mobile Home.</u> "Mobile home" is a transportable, fabricated home, designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling and built prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, which became effective June 15, 1976. A mobile home, further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.120), does not bear an insignia of approval that the dwelling unit was

built in compliance with NRS Chapter 461. A mobile home is not a manufactured home, nor a modular home.

Mobile Home Park. "Mobile home park" means a tract of land under single ownership within which two (2) or more manufactured homes are occupied as residences on a permanent or semi-permanent basis. The homes are located on spaces that are rented or leased. Special facilities for the common use of the occupants may be included.

Mobile Home Park Site. "Mobile home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a mobile home park.

<u>Modular Home.</u> "Modular home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing a label certifying that it is built in compliance with local International Building Code standards and further meets all requirements of County Code Chapter 100. Modular homes shall be subject to the same permit process as site-built homes. A modular home is not a manufactured home, but includes what is commonly referred to as a panelized home.

<u>Motel.</u> "Motel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room or unit from an outside porch or landing (whether or not such outside porch or landing is enclosed with screen, glass, plastic or similar material).

<u>Mulch.</u> "Mulch" means an organic or inorganic material applied to landscaped areas to help minimize evaporation from the soil, reduce weeds, moderate soil temperatures and slow erosion.

<u>National Register of Historic Places.</u> "National Register of Historic Places" means the listing maintained by the U.S. National Park Service of areas which have been designated as historically significant. The Register includes places of local and state significance, as well as those of value to the nation in general.

<u>Natural Area.</u> "Natural area" means a land area which is unimproved and not occupied by any structures or man-made elements, and set aside for the conservation of permanent, undisturbed open space.

<u>Net Density.</u> "Net density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the site area minus the area of the streets, parking areas and undevelopable land.

Nevada Natural Heritage Site. "Nevada Natural Heritage Site" means areas of land or water which either:

- (a) Have unusual flora, fauna, geological, scenic or similar features of scientific, educational or recreational interest; or
- (b) Retain some degree, or have re-established, a natural character (although it need not be completely undisturbed).

Non-municipal Air Strips and Glider Ports. "Non-municipal air strips and glider ports" means any Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recognized public use landing area, privately owned and operated for scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, where commercial uses and aviation related commerce can occur. Such use may include provision of landing privileges, hangar and tie-down lease/rental spaces, fuel and lubrication service, flight instruction, plane rental, mechanical repairs, or any other form of aviation commerce. Uses can also include scenic and sightseeing transportation service including helicopter rides, glider plane rides, air balloon rides, ultra-light and experimental aircraft activities and aircraft charters. The term "non-municipal air strips and glider ports" does not apply to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies. The term also does not apply to a personal landing field that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable uses including, but not limited to, agricultural,

ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields.

NRS. "NRS" means Nevada Revised Statutes.

<u>Open Space, Common.</u> "Common open space" means the total land area, not individually owned or dedicated for public use, which is designed and intended for the common use or enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the development. Common open space includes swimming pools, putting greens and other recreational-leisure facilities; areas of scenic or natural beauty and habitat areas; hiking, riding or off-street bicycle trails; and landscaped areas adjacent to roads which are in excess of minimum required rights-of-way.

Open Space, Private. "Private open space" means the outdoor living area directly adjoining a dwelling unit or building which is intended for the private enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the dwelling unit or building and which is defined in such a manner that its boundaries are evident.

Open Space Use. "Open space use" means the current employment of land, the preservation of which use would conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, protect streams and water supplies or preserve sites designated as historic pursuant to law, provided such land has a greater value for another use than for open space use.

Outdoor Storage. "Outdoor Storage" means the outside placement of items and materials that are incidental to the existing principal use of the property, except as provided for under Section 110.306.35(d), for a period of more than seventy-two (72) consecutive hours. Outdoor storage is further defined and regulated in the Washoe County Nuisance Code (WCC Sections 50.300 to 50.310, inclusive).

Parcel Map. "Parcel map" means a map for a minor subdivision.

<u>Parcel of Land.</u> "Parcel of land" means any unit or contiguous units of land assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Parking Area.</u> "Parking area" means an open area, excluding a street or other public right-of-way, used for the parking of vehicles and available to the public, whether for free or for compensation.

<u>Permanent Employee Housing.</u> "Permanent employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a permanent basis year round. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Permitted Water Rights.</u> "Permitted water rights" means the right, in accordance with NRS Chapter 533 and as approved by the Nevada State Engineer, to appropriate public waters, or to change the place of diversion, manner of use or place of use of water already appropriated.

<u>Perennial Stream.</u> "Perennial stream" means a stream that flows from source to mouth throughout the year. This definition does not apply to a man-made watercourse constructed for irrigation, aesthetic or other purposes.

<u>Person.</u> "Person" means a firm, association, corporation, partnership or an individual.

<u>Personal Landing Field.</u> "Personal landing field" means a private use aviation landing area that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable land uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields. Personal landing fields do not

engage in scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, or in any scenic and sightseeing transportation service, or any other form of aviation commerce. The term "personal landing field" does not apply to "non-municipal air strips and glider ports," or to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies.

<u>Placement.</u> "Placement" means the issuance of a set-up permit by the Building and Safety Department for a manufactured home or mobile home.

<u>Planting Area.</u> "Planting area" means an area devoted to or maintained predominantly with native or exotic plants including turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees with a limited portion of complementary decorative features.

<u>Plumbing Fixture.</u> A "plumbing fixture" is a receptacle, device, or appliance that is supplied with water or which receives liquid or liquid-borne wastes, and which discharges into a drainage system to which it may be directly or indirectly connected.

<u>Police Powers.</u> "Police powers" means powers reserved to the states by the U.S. Constitution and delegated to cities and counties through the Nevada Constitution and the Nevada Revised Statutes; it is the authority to create and enforce ordinances and regulations that are not in conflict with general laws in order to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the public.

<u>Print.</u> "Print" means and includes a blueprint, photostat, direct process print or other copy which reproduces exactly the original drawing from which it was made.

<u>Private Communication Antenna.</u> "Private communication antenna" means any system of wires or poles or similar devices, excluding satellite dish antennas, used for the transmission or reception of electromagnetic waves by federally licensed amateur radio or citizen band radio operators, which system is external to or attached to the exterior of any building.

<u>Private Garage</u>. "Private garage" means a space intended for or used by the private automobiles of families resident upon the lot.

<u>Public Garage.</u> "Public garage" means a building for the repair, storage or hire of motor vehicles.

<u>Rear Line.</u> "Rear line" means the lot line most directly opposite the front line. A parcel of land may have only one (1) rear line.

Rear Yard. See "Yard, Rear."

<u>Recreational Vehicle.</u> "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular structure that is primarily designed as temporary living quarters for travel, recreation and camping uses. A recreational vehicle can be self-propelled, mounted on, or towed by a separate vehicle.

<u>Recreational Vehicle Park.</u> "Recreational vehicle park" means a tract of land for the transient use by two or more recreational vehicles.

Regional Plan. "Regional Plan" means the Truckee Meadows Regional Plan.

Required Area. "Required area" means the minimum area of a lot or parcel necessary to permit its use under the provisions of the Development Code. Required area refers to:

(a) Any lot shown as part of a subdivision recorded as a final plat in the manner provided by law;

- (b) Any parcel of land separated as a lot prior to the adoption and effective date of the original Washoe County Land Use Ordinance or the adoption of additional regulatory zones; or
- (c) Any lot or parcel of land which has an area not less than that required in the respective regulatory zone.

Residential Facility for Groups. "Residential facility for groups" means an establishment that furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision to a person with mental retardation or with a disability or a person who is aged or infirm. The term includes, without limitation, an assisted living facility. The term does not include:

- (a) An establishment which provides care only during the day;
- (b) A natural person who provides care for no more than two (2) persons in his or her own home;
- (c) A natural person who provides care for one (1) or more persons related to him or her within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity;
- (d) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (e) A facility funded by a division or program of the Department of Health and Human Services.

<u>Revegetation.</u> "Revegetation" means stabilizing disturbed or graded soils after construction by replanting with indigenous or natural appearing plants.

<u>Ridgeline.</u> "Ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, running center and parallel to the long axis of the ridge and from which all water drains down.

<u>Ridgeline, Significant.</u> "Significant ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, as identified on the Development Suitability map for each planning area included in Volume Two: Area Plans of the Washoe County Master Plan.

<u>Right-of-Way.</u> "Right-of-way" is a strip of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a publicly dedicated street, including the pavement, sidewalks and parkways, crosswalk, railroad, electric transmission line, oil or gas pipeline, water main, sanitary or storm sewer main, shade streets or other special use.

Riparian. "Riparian" means related to or located on the bank of a natural water course.

Riparian Habitat. "Riparian habitat" means the land and plants bordering a watercourse or lake.

<u>Room.</u> "Room" is space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet compartments, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas, are not considered habitable space and therefore, not a room.

<u>Roominghouse.</u> "Roominghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, lodging is provided for more than three (3) guests.

Runoff. "Runoff" means that part of precipitation which flows over the land without filtering into the soil.

<u>Rural Regulatory Zones.</u> "Rural regulatory zones" means the Low Density Rural Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Rural Regulatory Zone, and High Density Rural Regulatory Zone.

<u>Satellite Dish Antenna.</u> "Satellite dish antenna" means a devise incorporating a reflective surface that is solid, open mesh or bar configured and is in the shape of a shallow dish, cone, horn or cornucopia. Such device shall be used to transmit and/or receive radio or electromagnetic waves between terrestrially and/or orbitally based uses. This definition is meant to include, but not be limited to, what are commonly referred to as satellite earth stations, TVROs (television reception only satellite dish antennas), and satellite microwave antennas.

<u>Scenic Corridor.</u> "Scenic corridor" means a roadway with recognized high quality visual amenities that include background vistas of mountains, open country or city.

<u>School.</u> "School" means an institution of learning which offers instructions in the several branches of learning required to be taught in the public schools of the State of Nevada.

<u>Screen.</u> "Screen" means to provide physical separation and complete visual obscuration of one area from another on all sides and in all seasons. Such separation must be at least six (6) feet high and includes, but is not limited to, the combination or individual use of a fence, decorative wall, structure, earth berm or dense landscaping.

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act).</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act)" means that section of the Clean Water Act delineating restrictions on the dredging and filling (only) of Wetlands in the United States. While Section 404 Permits are issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), Section 404 regulations are written by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit.</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit" means the Wetland dredge and fill permit issued under regulations written to conform to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The permit is actually granted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE).

<u>Sedimentation.</u> "Sedimentation" means the act or process of depositing sediment from suspension in water. All the processes whereby particles of rock material are accumulated to form sedimentary deposits. Sedimentation, as commonly used, involves not only aqueous but also glacial, aeolian, and organic agents. (Water Quality) Letting solids settle out of wastewater by gravity during treatment.

<u>Service Standards.</u> "Service standards" means a measurement of municipal services used to monitor or compare services provided by the County and other service providers.

<u>Setback.</u> "Setback" means the required distance between every structure and the lot line of the lot on which the structure(s) is located.

<u>Shrubs.</u> "Shrubs" means a self-supporting woody species of plants characterized by persistent stems and branches springing from the base.

Side Yard. See "Yard, Side."

<u>Site-Built Home.</u> "Site-built home" means a dwelling unit where the major components are fabricated and assembled at the building site or a dwelling unit constructed at a house construction factory located within Washoe County. Site-built homes shall comply with Washoe County building codes and other adopted local codes.

<u>Slope.</u> "Slope" means an inclined ground surface expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Agricultural</u>. "Agricultural slaughter house" means a building used as an ancillary structure on a farm or ranch for the non-profit slaughtering of animals raised on-site and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Commercial</u>. "Commercial slaughter house" means a building used for the for-profit slaughtering of animals that are either raised on-site or transported to the building and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

Solar Energy. "Solar energy" means energy derived from the sun's rays.

<u>Specific Plan.</u> "Specific plan" means a plan prepared for a portion of an area plan which prescribes uses and development standards for that portion.

Story. "Story" is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than six (6) feet above grade as defined herein for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter or is more than twelve (12) feet above grade as defined herein at any point, such usable or unused under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

Story, First. "First story" is the lowest story in a building which qualifies as a story, as defined herein, except that a floor level in a building having only one (1) floor level shall be classified as a first story, provided such floor level is not more than four (4) feet below grade, as defined herein, for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter, or more than eight (8) feet below grade, as defined herein, at any point.

<u>Stream.</u> "Stream" means a general term for a body of flowing water; natural watercourse containing water at least part of the year. In hydrology, the term is generally applied to the water flowing in a natural channel as distinct from a canal. Some classifications of streams include, in relation to time:

- (a) <u>Ephemeral Streams</u>. Streams that flow only in direct response to precipitation and whose channel is at all times above the water table.
- (b) <u>Intermittent or Seasonal Streams.</u> Streams that flow only at certain times of the year when it receives water from springs, rainfall, or from surface sources such as melting snow.
- (c) <u>Perennial Streams</u>. Streams that flow continuously.

<u>Streambanks</u>. "Streambanks" mean the usual boundaries, not the flood boundaries, of a stream channel. Right and left banks are named facing downstream (in the direction of flow).

<u>Street.</u> "Street" means a public right-of-way or easement which affords a primary means of access to abutting property.

<u>Structure.</u> "Structure" means a walled and roofed building or manufactured home, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is primarily above ground. "Structure" does not include a tent, trailer or vehicle.

<u>Subdivider.</u> "Subdivider" means any person or persons, firm, corporation, partnership or association that causes land to be divided into a subdivision for himself or itself or for others. A consultant, engineer or surveyor who does not hold title to the land is not considered a subdivider.

<u>Subdivision.</u> "Subdivision" means any land, vacant or improved, which is divided or proposed to be divided vacant or improved, into two (2) or more lots, parcels, sites, units or plots for the purposes of any

transfer, development or any proposed transfer or development unless exempted by one of the following provisions:

- (a) "Subdivision" does not apply to any division of land which creates lots, parcels, sites, units or plots of land each of which comprise forty (40) or more acres of land, or 1/16 of a section, including roads and roadway easements, which is subject to the provisions of Article 612.
- (b) Any joint tenancy or tenancy in common shall be deemed a single interest in land.
- (c) Unless a method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this Development Code or would have the effect of evading this Development Code, the term "subdivision" does not apply to:
  - (1) Any division of land which is ordered by any court in this state or created by operation of law;
  - (2) A lien, mortgage, deed of trust or any other security instrument;
  - (3) A security or unit of interest in any investment trust regulated under the laws of this state or any other interest in an investment entity;
  - (4) Cemetery lots; or
  - (5) An interest in oil, gas, minerals or building materials which are not or hereafter severed from the surface ownership or real property.
- (d) "Subdivision" does not apply to creation of parcels of more than (10) acres for agricultural purposes if a street, road or highway opening, widening or easement of any kind is not involved.
- (e) For the purposes of the definition "subdivision," any interest in land created or established as joint tenancy or a tenancy in common shall be a single interest and not an interest in common, if, and only if, the use or development or the proposed use or development of such land would not be a subdivision as defined in this section if undertaken or proposed by a single entity, whether corporate or an individual. See "Major Subdivision" and "Minor Subdivision."

<u>Substantial Improvement.</u> "Substantial improvement" means any repair, reconstruction, additions or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure either before the improvement or addition is started or, if the structure has been damaged, before the damage occurred, regardless of the actual repair work performed. For the purpose of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. "Substantial improvement" does not include:

- (a) Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications; or
- (b) Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

- (1) "Substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure; and
- "Substantial improvement" does not include improvement of a structure solely to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications, or any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

<u>Suburban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Suburban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Suburban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Surface Runoff.</u> "Surface runoff" means water that results from precipitation which is not absorbed by the soil, evaporated into the atmosphere or entrapped by ground surface depressions and vegetation, and which flows over the ground surface to adjoining properties, storm drains or waterways.

Surveyor. "Surveyor" means a land surveyor registered pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Temporary Employee Housing.</u> "Temporary employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a seasonal basis not more than six (6) months per year. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Tentative Parcel Map.</u> "Tentative parcel map" means a map which is filed pursuant to Article 606, conforming to the standards and requirements set forth therein.

<u>Tentative Subdivision Map.</u> "Tentative subdivision map" means a preliminary map made to show lot lines, roads, buildings, rights-of-ways and other design factors of a proposed subdivision.

<u>Terrace</u>. "Terrace" means a relatively level step constructed in the face of a graded slope surface for drainage, maintenance and/or development purposes.

<u>Threatened Species.</u> "Threatened species" means any species which is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future and which has been designated in the Federal Register as a threatened species.

Through Lot. See "Lot, Through."

<u>Topography</u>. "Topography" means configuration of a surface, including its relief and the position of natural and man-made features.

<u>Topsoil.</u> "Topsoil" means the upper part of the soil profile that is relatively rich in humus, known in agronomy as the "A-horizon."

<u>Total Developed Land Area.</u> "Total developed land area" means that portion of a property which is disturbed for development purposes including, but not limited to, areas covered by buildings, landscaping, impervious surfaces and other areas graded or excavated to support the development.

Trailer Coach. See "Mobile Home."

Travel Trailer. See "Recreational Vehicle."

<u>Tree</u>. "Tree" means a large, woody perennial plant with one main trunk or multiple trunks, and many branches.

<u>Unladen Weight.</u> "Unladen weight" means the weight of any vehicle without load, but fully equipped with accessories and appliances belonging to and used by such vehicle in the transportation of persons or property.

<u>Uplighting.</u> "Uplighting" means a source of light where the center of the light beam is at an angle greater than the horizontal.

<u>Urban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Urban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Urban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Urban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Urban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Use or Land Use.</u> "Use" or "land use" means the primary or primary and secondary use(s) of land such as single family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, industrial, agriculture, etc. The description of a particular land use should convey the dominant character of a geographic area and, thereby, establish types of activities which are appropriate and compatible with primary use(s).

<u>Used.</u> "Used" includes "arranged," "designed" or "intended to be used."

<u>Vegetation, Native.</u> "Native vegetation" means plants that grow naturally in Washoe County, Nevada and have adapted to the climate, soil, location and rainfall patterns of their area.

<u>Vegetation</u>, <u>Natural.</u> "Natural vegetation" means plants which exist on a site before clearing or grading.

Viewshed. "Viewshed" means the surface area that can be seen from a specific viewpoint.

<u>Vista.</u> "Vista" means an area of high ground or projecting earth from which there is a dominant and unobstructed view of surrounding areas.

<u>Watercourse.</u> "Watercourse" means any natural or artificial watercourse, stream, river, creek, ditch, channel, canal, conduit, culvert, drain, gully, ravine, arroyo or wash in which water flows in a definite channel, bed or bank.

<u>Waters of the State (Defined) (Nevada Revised Statutes 445A.415)</u>. "Waters of the State" means all waters situated wholly or partly within or bordering upon the State of Nevada, including, but not limited to:

- (a) All streams, lakes, ponds, impounding reservoirs, marshes, water courses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation systems and drainage systems; and
- (b) All bodies or accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial.

<u>Wetland.</u> "Wetland" means an area that is periodically inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater on an annual or seasonal basis, that displays hydric soils, and that typically supports or is capable of supporting hydrophytic vegetation.

Wetlands (COE and EPA) (Regulatory). "Wetlands (COE and EPA)" means the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have adopted a regulatory definition for administering the Section 404 permit program of the Clean Water Act (CWA) as follows: [Wetlands are] those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

<u>Wetlands (NRCS) (Technical)</u>. "Wetlands (NRCS)" mean the (U.S. Department of Agriculture) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) [formerly the Soil Conservation Service (SCS)] uses the following definition for identifying wetlands on agricultural land in assessing farmer eligibility for U.S.

Department of Agriculture program benefits under the "Swampbuster" provision of the Food Security Act (FSA) of 1985. As amended in 1990, the FSA states that the term "wetland," except when such term is part of the term "converted wetland," means land that:

- (a) Has a predominance of hydric soils;
- (b) Is inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and
- (c) Under normal circumstances does support a prevalence of such vegetation.

<u>Will Serve Letter.</u> "Will serve letter" means a letter from a utility purveyor assuring the provision of services for proposed development.

<u>Yard.</u> "Yard" means an open space on the same lot or parcel used with the building, extending from the setback line to the nearest lot line, to be unoccupied and unobstructed except as provided in the Development Code.

<u>Yard, Front.</u> "Front yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the front lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. In the case of either a corner lot or an interior lot with multiple street frontages, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards.

<u>Yard, Rear.</u> "Rear yard" means a yard between the setback line and the rear lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. On a corner lot, the side opposite the shortest front yard width is considered the rear yard of the lot.

<u>Yard, Side.</u> "Side yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the side lot line and extending from the front yard line to the rear yard line.

<u>Zone or Regulatory Zone.</u> "Zone" or "Regulatory Zone" means a portion of the unincorporated area of Washoe County which is specifically designated in Article 106 of this Development Code.

[Amended by Ord. 867, provisions eff. 5/27/93; Ord. 873, provisions eff. 6/7/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 893, provisions eff. 3/4/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 916, provisions eff. retro. to 5/26/93; Ord. 942, provisions eff. 4/1/96; Ord. 965, provisions eff. 10/1/96; Ord. 1076, provisions eff. 10/1/99; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1089, provisions eff. retro to 1/1/00; Ord. 1091, provisions eff. 4/28/00; Ord. 1102, provisions eff. 8/11/00; Ord. 1112, provisions eff. 2/15/01; Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1234, provisions eff. 05/21/04; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1288 and 1290, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1504, provisions eff. 3/8/13; Ord 1584, provisions eff 8/19/16; Ord 1587, provisions eff. 11/25/16, Ord. 1640, provisions eff 7/19/19; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]

#### SECTION 6. General Terms.

1. All actions, proceedings, matters, and things heretofore taken, had and done by the County and its officers not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are ratified and approved.

- 2. The Chair of the Board and officers of the County are authorized and directed to take all action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this Ordinance. The District Attorney is authorized to make non-substantive edits and corrections to this Ordinance.
- 3. All ordinances, resolutions, bylaws and orders, or parts thereof, in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent only of such inconsistency. This repealer shall not be construed to revive any ordinance, resolution, bylaw or order, or part thereof, heretofore repealed.
- 4. Each term and provision of this Ordinance shall be valid and shall be enforced to the extent permitted by law. If any term or provision of this Ordinance or the application thereof shall be deemed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in violation of law or public policy, then it shall be deemed modified, ipso facto, to bring it within the limits of validity or enforceability, but if it cannot be so modified, then the offending provision or term shall be excised from this Ordinance. In any event, the remainder of this Ordinance, or the application of such term or provision to circumstances other than those to which it is invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected.

# 

|                           | Chair<br>Washoe County Comm | ission |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| ATTEST:                   |                             |        |
|                           |                             |        |
|                           |                             |        |
| Nancy Parent, County Cler | k                           |        |

This ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after the \_\_\_\_\_ day of the month of \_\_\_\_\_ of the year 2023.

# Article 302 ALLOWED USES

#### Sections:

| 110.302.00 | Purpose                           |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| 110.302.05 | Table of Uses                     |
| 110.302.10 | Use Classification System         |
| 110.302.15 | Types of Review                   |
| 110.302.20 | Projects of Regional Significance |
| 110.302.25 | Accessory Uses and Structures     |
| 110.302.30 | Temporary Uses and Structures     |
| 110.302.35 | Uses in Airport Critical Areas    |
| 110.302.40 | Uses in River Corridor            |

<u>Section 110.302.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 302, Allowed Uses, is to prescribe the uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone. Any variance to the Table of Uses (Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5) would constitute an action that would allow a land use in contravention to the applicable regulatory zone. Such actions are prohibited by Article 804, Variances, and a variance application cannot be accepted.

[Amended by Ord. 1040, provisions eff. 11/1/98.]

<u>Section 110.302.05 Table of Uses.</u> The uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone are set forth in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5. The regulatory zones are indicated in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 as follows:

- (a) Low Density Rural is indicated as "LDR";
- (b) Medium Density Rural is indicated as "MDR";
- (c) High Density Rural is indicated as "HDR";
- (d) Low Density Suburban is indicated as "LDS";
- (e) Medium Density Suburban is indicated as "MDS";
- (f) High Density Suburban is indicated as "HDS";
- (g) Low Density Urban is indicated as "LDU";
- (h) Medium Density Urban is indicated as "MDU";
- (i) High Density Urban is indicated as "HDU";

- (j) General Commercial is indicated as "GC";
- (k) Neighborhood Commercial/Office is indicated as "NC";
- (I) Tourist Commercial is indicated as "TC";
- (m) Industrial is indicated as "I";
- (n) Public/Semi-Public Facilities is indicated as "PSP";
- (o) Parks and Recreation is indicated as "PR";
- (p) Open Space is indicated as "OS";
- (q) General Rural is indicated as "GR"; and
- (r) General Rural Agricultural is indicated as "GRA."

#### Table 110.302.05.1

# TABLE OF USES (Residential Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Residential Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.15)             | LDR            | MDR    | HDR    |       | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU    | MDU            | HDU   | GC             | NC             | тс             | I              | PSP            | PR     | os     | GR             | GRA  |
|---|----------------|--------|--------|-------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|--------|----------------|------|
| Family Residential  |                |        |        |       |                |                |        |                |       |                |                |                |                |                |        |        |                |      |
| Duplex  |                |        | -      | Р     | Р              | Р              | Р      | Р              | Α     |                | s <sub>2</sub> | -              |                |                |        |        | -              |      |
| Multi Family  |                |        | 1      | 1     | -              |                | Р      | Р              | Α     |                | $s_2$          | 1              | 1              |                |        |        | 1              |      |
| Single Family, Attached                                   |                |        | -      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | Α              | Α     |                | S <sub>2</sub> | -              | -              |                | Р      |        | -              | Α    |
| Single Family, Detached                                   | Α              | Α      | Α      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                | Р      |        | Α              | Α    |
| Attached Accessory Dwelling                               | Α              | Α      | Α      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | Α              | Α     |                |                |                |                |                |        |        | Α              | Α    |
| Detached Accessory Dwelling                               | AR             | AR     | AR     | AR    | s <sub>2</sub> |                |        |                |       |                |                |                |                |                |        |        | Α              | Α    |
| Detached Accessory Structure                              | Α              | Α      | Α      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | Α              | Α     |                | Α              |                |                |                |        |        | Α              | Α    |
| Non-municipal Air Strips and Glider Ports (Accessory Use) | s <sub>2</sub> |        |        |       |                |                |        |                |       |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |        |        | s <sub>2</sub> |      |
| Personal Landing Field<br>(Accessory Use)                 | s <sub>2</sub> |        |        |       |                |                |        |                |       |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |        |        | S <sub>2</sub> |      |
| Manufactured Home Parks                                   | *              | *      | *      | *     | *              | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$  | *              | *     |                |                |                |                |                |        |        | *              |      |
| Group Home  | Α              | Α      | Α      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | Α              | Α     |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                | Р      |        | Α              | Α    |
| Short-Term Rental<br>(see Article 319)                    |                | e: All | of the | belov | v STR          | Tiers r        | equire | the is         | ssuan | ce of a        | an ST          | R perr         | nit, re        | gardle         | ess of | requir | ed rev         | /iew |
| Tier 1  | Α              | Α      | Α      | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α      | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |                |        |        | Α              | Α    |
| Tier 2  | AR             | AR     | AR     | AR    | AR             | AR             | AR     | AR             | AR    | Α              | AR             | Α              |                |                |        |        | AR             | AR   |
| Tier 3  |                |        |        |       |                |                |        |                |       | S <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> | S <sub>1</sub> |                |                |        |        |                |      |

Key:

-- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; AR = Administrative Review; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit; \* = Allowed with a Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit in areas designated Trailer (TR) Overlay zone prior to adoption of this Development Code.

Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development Sources:

#### Table 110.302.05.2

# TABLE OF USES (Civic Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Civic Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.20) | LDR   | MDR     | HDR    | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS   | LDU   | MDU   | HDU            | GC    | NC             | тс    | ı              | PSP            | PR             | os    | GR             | GRA   |
|---|-------|---------|--------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| Administrative Services                 |       |         | 1      | -             |                |       | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              | Р              | -     |                | -     |
| Child Care                              |       |         |        |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Family Daycare                          | Α     | Α       | Α      | Α             | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              | -     | Α              |       |                |                |                | -     | Α              | Α     |
| Large-Family Daycare                    | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | -     | Р              | -     |                |                |                | -     | Р              | $s_2$ |
| Child Daycare                           | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | Р     | Р              | Ρ     | Р              | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> | 1     | $s_2$          | 1     |
| Communication Facilities                |       |         |        |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Commercial Antennas                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | 1             | !              | -     | -     | -     | 1              | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | -     | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | 1              | 1     | $s_2$          | -     |
| Satellite Dish Antennas                 | See   | e Artic | le 32  | 4             |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Wireless Communication<br>Facilities    | See   | e Artic | le 324 | 4             |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Community Center                        |       |         | -      | -             | -              |       | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α     | S <sub>2</sub> | Α     |                | Α              | Α              | -     | -              | -     |
| Community Garden                        | Α     | Α       | Α      | Α             | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     |
| Convalescent Services                   |       |         | -      | $s_2$         | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | Р     | Р     | Р              | Р     | s <sub>2</sub> | -     |                | Р              |                | -     | -              | -     |
| Cultural and Library Services           | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     |                | Α              | Α              | 1     | Α              | $s_2$ |
| Education                               |       |         |        |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Private School Facilities               | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |                | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | -     | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |
| Public School Facilities                | Α     | Α       | Α      | Α             | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     |                | Α              | Α              | 1     | Α              | Α     |
| Group Care Facility                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | Р     | Р              | 1     |                |                |                | 1     | $s_2$          | 1     |
| Hospital Services                       | -     | -       | 1      | 1             | -              |       |       |       |                | Α     | $s_2$          | 1     |                | Α              |                | 1     | 1              | $s_2$ |
| Major Services and Utilities            |       |         |        |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Utility Services                        | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | 1     |
| Major Public Facilities                 | -     | -       | 1      | 1             | -              |       |       |       |                | $s_2$ |                | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | 1     | $s_2$          | 1     |
| Nature Center                           | -     | -       | 1      | 1             | -              |       |       |       |                | $s_2$ |                | $s_2$ |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> | 1     | $s_2$          | 1     |
| Parks and Recreation                    |       |         |        |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       |                |                |                |       |                |       |
| Active Recreation                       | PR    | PR      | PR     | PR            | PR             | PR    | PR    | PR    | PR             | PR    | PR             | PR    | PR             | Α              | Α              |       | PR             | $s_2$ |
| Passive Recreation                      | Α     | Α       | Α      | Α             | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     |
| Postal Services                         |       |         |        |               |                |       | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              |                |       |                |       |
| Public Parking Services                 |       |         | -      | -             |                |       |       | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α              |                | -     |                | -     |
| Public Service Yard                     |       |         | -      |               |                |       |       |       |                |       |                |       | Α              | s <sub>2</sub> |                |       | s <sub>2</sub> | Α     |
| Religious Assembly                      | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | Р     | Р              | Р     | Р              | Р              | Р              |       | $s_2$          | Α     |
| Safety Services                         | $s_2$ | $s_2$   | $s_2$  | $s_2$         | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |       | $s_2$          |       |

Key: -- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

#### Table 110.302.05.3

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)                         | LDR            | MDR            | HDR            | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU   | MDU   | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс             | ı     | PSP | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-----|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| Administrative Offices   |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α   | Р              |    |                |                |
| Adult Characterized Business (see<br>Chapter 25, Washoe County Code) |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Animal Sales and Services  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Kennels   | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                |                | $s_2$ |     |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |
| Commercial Stables   | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |       |       |                |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> |       |     | s <sub>2</sub> |    | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                | ee             |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                | e 226          |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                | Varm<br>ings   |
|  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                | cels.          |
| Dog Training Services (see<br>Article 330                            | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Α   | Α              | Α  | Α              | Α              |
| Grooming and Pet Stores  |                |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Pet Cemeteries   | Р              | Р              | Р              |                |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                |                |       | Α   |                |    | Р              |                |
| Veterinary Services, Agricultural                                    | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                |                |       |     |                |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Veterinary Services, Pets  |                |                |                | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | Α              | Α              |                | Р     |     |                |    |                | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Automotive and Equipment   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Automotive Repair  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | Р              |                |                | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Automotive Sales and Rentals   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       | $s_2$          | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Cleaning   |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Parking   |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Equipment Repair and Sales   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                |                | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Fabricated Housing Sales   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | Α              |                |                | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Storage of Operable Vehicles   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                |                | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Truck Stops  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | $s_2$          |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |     |                |    |                |                |
| Building Maintenance Services  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | Α              | Α              |                | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Centers   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Neighborhood Centers   |                |                |                | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α     |     |                |    |                |                |
| Community Centers  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Regional Centers   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | $S_2$          |                | $S_2$          |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Educational Services                                      |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р     | Р     | Р              | Α              | Α              |                | Α     | Α   |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Recreation  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                |                |       |     |                |    |                |                |
| Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park                             |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> |       |     | S <sub>2</sub> |    | S <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Destination Resorts  |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                |                |                | $S_2$          |       |     | $S_2$          |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          |
| Indoor Entertainment   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | Α              | Р              | Α              |       | Р   |                |    |                |                |
| Indoor Sports and Recreation   |                |                |                |                |                |                |       |       |                | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | Р              | $S_2$ | Р   | Р              |    |                |                |

Key:

<sup>--- =</sup> Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c);  $S_1$  = Planning Commission Special Use Permit;  $S_2$  = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

<sup>\*</sup> The provisions listed in Table 110.302.05.3 requiring a special use permit for Commercial Stables [as defined in Section 110.304.25(c)(2)] in GR and GRA are hereby modified to be consistent with Article 226, Warm Springs Area.

### Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25) | LDR            | MDR   | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс             | I              | PSP            | PR             | os | GR             | GRA            |
|--|----------------|-------|-------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| Limited Gaming Facilities                    |                |       |       |               |                |                |                | -              |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |    |                |                |
| Marinas                                      |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                | Р              |                | Р              |                | Р              | Р              |    | Р              | S <sub>2</sub> |
| Outdoor Entertainment                        |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |                | S <sub>2</sub> |    |                |                |
| Outdoor Sports and Recreation                | $s_2$          | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$         | s <sub>2</sub> | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> | Р              |    | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Outdoor Sports Club                          | $s_2$          |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                | s <sub>2</sub> | Р              |    | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Unlimited Gaming Facilities                  |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Construction Sales and Services              |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                |                | Α              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Continuum of Care Facilities,<br>Seniors     |                |       |       |               | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Convention and Meeting Facilities            |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              |                | Р              | $s_2$          |    |                |                |
| Data Center                                  |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$          | Α              | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> |                |
| Eating and Drinking Establishments           |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Convenience                                  |                |       |       |               |                |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Full Service                                 | -              |       |       |               |                |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Financial Services                           | -              |       |       |               |                |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Funeral and Internment Services              |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Cemeteries                                   | Р              | Р     | Р     |               |                |                | 1              | -              |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |                |                | Α              |                |    | Р              | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Undertaking                                  | -              |       |       |               |                |                | ı              | 1              |                | Α              | Α              |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Gasoline Sales and Service Stations          |                |       |       |               |                |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | Α              | Α              | Α              | Α              |                |                |    | $s_2$          |                |
| Helicopter Services                          |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Heliport                                     | -              |       |       |               |                |                | ı              | 1              |                | $s_2$          |                |                | $s_2$          | $s_2$          |                |    | $s_2$          |                |
| Helistop                                     | S <sub>2</sub> |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $s_2$          | $S_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    | $s_2$          |                |
| Liquor Manufacturing                         |                |       |       |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Р              | Α              | Α              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Liquor Sales                                 |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Off-Premises                                 |                |       |       |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α              | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| On-Premises                                  |                |       |       |               |                |                | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Р              | Α              | Р              |                |                |    |                |                |
| Lodging Services                             |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Bed and Breakfast Inns                       | $S_2$          | $S_2$ | $S_2$ | $S_2$         | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          | $S_2$          |                | Р              |                |                |                |    | $S_2$          | $S_2$          |
| Condominium Hotel                            | -              |       |       |               |                |                | -              | -              |                | Α              | $S_2$          | Α              |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Hostels                                      | -              |       |       |               |                |                | 1              | -              |                |                |                | Р              |                |                | Р              |    |                |                |
| Hotels and Motels                            |                |       |       |               |                |                | -              |                |                | Α              | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              |                |                |                |    |                |                |
| Vacation Time Shares                         |                |       |       |               |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Р              |                |                |                |    |                |                |

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### Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

# TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Commercial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.25)   | LDR   | MDR   | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2  | MDS/<br>MDS 4  | HDS            | LDU            | MDU            | HDU            | GC             | NC             | тс | 1              | PSP | PR | os | GR    | GRA |
|--|-------|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|-----|----|----|-------|-----|
| Marijuana Establishments                       |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana<br>Cultivation Facility              |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility       |       |       |       |                | -              |                |                |                |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    | 1     |     |
| Marijuana Testing Facility                     | 1     |       | 1     |                | 1              | 1              | 1              |                |                | Α              |                | 1  | Α              |     | 1  | 1  | 1     | -   |
| Retail Marijuana Store/<br>Medical Dispensary  |       |       |       |                | -              |                |                |                |                | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Marijuana Distributor                          |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Medical Services                               |       |       |       |                |                |                | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              |    |                | Α   |    |    |       |     |
| Nursery Sales                                  |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Retail   | -     |       | -     |                | -              | 1              | 1              |                |                | Α              | Α              | 1  | Α              |     | -  | 1  | 1     | 1   |
| Wholesale                                      | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |                | -              | 1              | 1              |                |                | Α              |                | 1  | Α              |     | -  | 1  | $s_2$ | Α   |
| Personal Services                              |       |       |       |                |                | -              | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              | Α   |    | -  | 1     | -   |
| Personal Storage                               | -     |       | -     |                | -              | 1              | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> | Α              | s <sub>2</sub> | 1  | Α              |     | -  | 1  | 1     | 1   |
| Professional Services                          | -     |       | -     |                | -              | 1              | Р              | Р              | Р              | Α              | Α              | 1  | Р              |     | -  | 1  | 1     | 1   |
| Recycle Center                                 |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Full Service Recycle Center                    |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | $s_2$          |                |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Remote Collection Facility                     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | $s_2$          | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р              | Р  | Α              | Р   | Р  | -  | 1     | -   |
| Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center |       |       |       |                | -              | -              | -              |                |                | s <sub>2</sub> |                |    | s <sub>2</sub> |     |    |    | -     | 1   |
| Repair Services, Consumer                      |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Α              |    | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Retail Sales                                   |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Convenience                                    |       |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       |     |
| Specialty Stores                               |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Р              | Α  |                |     |    |    |       |     |
| Comparison Shopping Centers                    |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              |                | Α  | -              |     |    |    | -     |     |
| Secondhand Sales                               |       |       |       |                | -              | -              | -              |                |                | Α              |                |    | 1              |     |    |    | 1     | 1   |
| Transportation Services                        |       |       |       |                |                |                |                |                |                | Α              | Α              | Α  | Α              |     |    |    |       | -   |
| Winery   | Α     | Α     | Α     | Р              | Р              |                |                |                |                |                |                |    |                |     |    |    | Α     | Α   |
| Winery with Special Events                     | Р     | Р     | Р     |                | -              | -              |                |                |                | -              |                |    | 1              |     |    |    | Р     | Р   |

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Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

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#### Table 110.302.05.4

## TABLE OF USES (Industrial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Industrial Use Types<br>(Section 110.304.30) | LDR   | MDR            | HDR   | LDS/<br>LDS 2 | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU | HDU | GC    | NC    | тс    | ı              | PSP            | PR | os             | GR    | GRA   | SP |
|--|-------|----------------|-------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|-------|-------|----|
| Aggregate Facilities                         |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Permanent                                    | $s_2$ |                |       |               |               |     |     |     | 1   |       |       | 1     | $s_2$          |                | 1  | 1              | $s_2$ | 1     | -  |
| Temporary                                    | See   | e Article      | e 332 |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Caretaker's Residence                        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Attached                                     | -     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       | -     | Α              |                | -  |                | -     |       | SP |
| Detached                                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | Р              |                |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Custom Manufacturing                         | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |               |               |     |     |     |     | $s_2$ |       | $S_2$ | Α              |                |    |                | $S_2$ |       | SP |
| Energy Production                            |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Non-Renewable*                               | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | $s_2$          | S <sub>2</sub> |    | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |       |    |
| Renewable*                                   | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | $s_2$ |       | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> | S <sub>2</sub> |    | $S_2$          | $S_2$ | $S_2$ | SP |
| General Industrial                           |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Limited                                      |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | Α              |                |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Intermediate                                 |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | Α              |                |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Heavy  |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | $s_2$          |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| High Technology Industry                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ |       | Α              |                |    |                | $S_2$ |       | SP |
| Inoperable Vehicle Storage                   |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Laundry Services                             |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     | Р     |       |       | Α              |                |    |                |       |       | SP |
| Mining Operations                            | $S_2$ |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | $S_2$          |                |    |                | $S_2$ |       |    |
| Petroleum Gas Extraction                     |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | $S_2$          |                |    | S <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |       |    |
| Salvage Yards                                |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution        |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |                |                |    |                |       |       |    |
| Light  | -     |                |       |               |               |     |     |     | -   |       |       | 1     | Α              |                | 1  | -              | 1     | -     | SP |
| Heavy  |       |                |       |               |               |     |     |     |     |       |       |       | Р              |                |    |                |       |       |    |

Key:

-- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit Note: \* If a special use permit for an energy production project meets the criteria for a project of regional significance, that special use permit will be reviewed by the Washoe County Planning Commission.

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

#### Table 110.302.05.5

# TABLE OF USES (Agricultural Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

| Agricultural Use Types (Section 110.304.15) | LDR   | MDR            | HDR   |                | MDS/<br>MDS 4 | LDU   | MDU | HDU | GC | NC | тс | I              | PSP | PR    | os    | GR             | GRA            |
|---|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|---------------|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|----------------|-----|-------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Agricultural Processing                     |       |                |       |                |               | <br>  |     |     |    |    |    | Α              |     |       |       | S <sub>2</sub> | Α              |
| Agricultural Sales                          | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ | $s_2$          |               | <br>  |     |     | Α  |    |    | Α              |     |       |       | $s_2$          | Α              |
| Animal Production                           | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              |               | <br>- |     |     |    |    |    |                |     | $s_2$ | $s_2$ | Α              | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural           | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              |               | <br>  |     |     |    |    |    |                |     | Α     | Α     | Α              | Α              |
| Animal Slaughtering,<br>Commercial          |       |                |       |                |               | <br>- |     |     |    |    |    | S <sub>2</sub> |     |       |       |                |                |
| Animal Slaughtering, Mobile                 | $S_2$ | $S_2$          | $s_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> |               | <br>  |     |     |    |    |    |                |     |       |       | $S_2$          | $s_2$          |
| Crop Production                             | Α     | Α              | Α     | Α              | Α             | <br>  |     |     | Α  | Α  |    |                |     | PR    | Α     | Α              | Α              |
| Forest Products                             | $S_2$ | $s_2$          | $s_2$ |                |               | <br>  |     |     |    |    |    |                |     |       | $S_2$ | Р              |                |
| Game Farms                                  | $s_2$ | s <sub>2</sub> | $s_2$ |                |               | <br>- |     |     |    |    |    |                |     |       | $s_2$ | $s_2$          | s <sub>2</sub> |
| Produce Sales                               | S2    | $S_2$          | $S_2$ | S <sub>2</sub> |               | <br>  |     |     |    |    |    |                |     |       |       | Α              | Α              |

Key: -- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S<sub>1</sub> = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S<sub>2</sub> = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1039, provisions eff. 11/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1378, provisions eff. 8/1/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1443, provisions eff. 7/26/10; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/1/2/12; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1494, provisions eff. 8/9/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1513, provisions eff. 7/12/13; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1532, provisions eff. 6/27/14; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord. 1561, provisions eff. 7/3/15; Ord 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff. 4/20/18; Ord 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18; Ord 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21; Ord. 1686, provisions eff. 5/20/22.1

<u>Section 110.302.10 Use Classification System.</u> The land use categories that are listed in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 are described in Article 304, Use Classification System.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.15 Types of Review.</u> Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 indicate the types of review required as follows:

- (a) <u>Allowed Use.</u> A letter "A" indicates that a use is allowed but the use shall comply with the provisions of the Development Code.
- (b) <u>Administrative Permit.</u> A letter "P" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of an administrative permit pursuant to Article 808, Administrative Permits.

- (c) <u>Planning Commission Special Use Permit.</u> A letter "S<sub>1</sub>" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of a special use permit approved by the Planning Commission pursuant to Article 810, Special Use Permits.
- (d) <u>Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit.</u> A letter "S<sub>2</sub>" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of a special use permit approved by the Board of Adjustment pursuant to Article 810, Special Use Permits.
- (e) <u>Uses Not Allowed.</u> A designation "--" indicates that a use is not allowed within the regulatory zone.
- (f) <u>Administrative Review.</u> A designation "AR" indicates that a use is allowed only upon approval of an administrative review permit pursuant to Article 809, Administrative Review Permits.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21.]

<u>Section 110.302.20 Projects of Regional Significance.</u> Projects of regional significance are subject to the provisions of Article 812, Projects of Regional Significance, which requires additional review.

<u>Section 110.302.25 Accessory Uses and Structures.</u> Accessory uses and accessory structures are governed by Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures.

[Section 110.302.25 renamed from "Accessory Uses" and amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.30 Temporary Uses and Structures.</u> Temporary uses and temporary structures are governed by Article 310, Temporary Uses and Structures.

[Section 110.302.30 renamed from "Temporary Uses" and amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93.]

<u>Section 110.302.35</u> <u>Uses in Airport Critical Areas.</u> In addition to the provisions of this article, uses with the following characteristics shall be prohibited in an airport critical area, as adopted in the Washoe County Master Plan:

- (a) <u>High Density.</u> Uses with high residential, labor or other high population concentration characteristics of a permanent or extended duration.
- (b) <u>Special Populations.</u> Uses that concentrate people unable to respond to emergency situations such as children, elderly and handicapped persons.
- (c) <u>Areawide Utilities.</u> Uses that involve the provision of utilities and services provided for areawide population where disruption would have an adverse impact (such as telephone, gas, etc.).
- (d) <u>Hazardous Characteristics.</u> Uses that involve explosives, fire, toxic materials, corrosive materials or other hazardous characteristics.
- (e) <u>Hazards to Aircraft.</u> Uses that pose particular hazards to aircraft, as identified and adopted by the Executive Board of the Airport Authority of Washoe County and adopted herein.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10.]

<u>Section 110.302.40 Uses in River Corridor.</u> In addition to the provisions of this article, all uses in a river corridor, as designated in the Washoe County Master Plan, shall comply with the provisions of Article 430, River Corridor Development.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10.]

[Section 110.302.45 entitled "Excavation and Grading" added by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93 and repealed by Ord. 1236, provisions eff. 5/21/04.]

# Article 304

# USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

#### Sections:

| 110.304.00 | Purpose                      |
|------------|------------------------------|
| 110.304.05 | Classification Rules         |
| 110.304.10 | Authority and Responsibility |
| 110.304.15 | Residential Use Types        |
| 110.304.20 | Civic Use Types              |
| 110.304.25 | Commercial Use Types         |
| 110.304.30 | Industrial Use Types         |
| 110.304.35 | Agricultural Use Types       |
|            |                              |

<u>Section 110.304.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 304, Use Classification System, is to classify uses according to a limited number of use types on the basis of common functional, product or compatibility characteristics, thereby providing a basis for regulation of uses in accordance with criteria which are directly relevant to the public interest. These provisions shall apply throughout the Development Code.

<u>Section 110.304.05 Classification Rules.</u> Uses will be classified into use types based upon the descriptions in Section 110.304.15 through Section 110.304.35, inclusive. The classifications shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) <u>Types of Uses Regulated.</u> Only principal uses are included within the use classification system. Accessory uses and temporary uses are regulated by Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures, and Article 310, Temporary Uses and Structures, respectively.
- (b) <u>Typical Uses within Use Types.</u> The description of the use types in this article often contain usual and customary uses classified within that use type. These usual and customary uses are examples and are not meant to include all uses that may properly be classified within the use type.
- (c) <u>Classifying New Uses.</u> New uses shall be classified into use types based upon the description of the use types and upon characteristics similar to other uses already classified within the use type, subject to the applicable provisions of subsection (d) of the section. The North American Industry Classification System shall be used to help define new uses when deemed appropriate by the Director of Community Development.
- (d) <u>Classifying Several Uses on the Same Parcel.</u> The principal uses conducted on a single parcel shall be classified separately.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10.]

<u>Section 110.304.10 Authority and Responsibility.</u> The Director of Community Development shall have the following authority and responsibilities with respect to the use classification system:

- (a) <u>Classifying Uses.</u> The Director of Community Development shall have the authority to classify uses according to use types or to determine that a use does not fit under any use type and, therefore, is not permitted. The classification of a use is an administrative decision without notice and hearing, except that an applicant can appeal the decision pursuant to Article 808, Administrative Permits.
- (b) <u>List of Uses.</u> The Director of Community Development shall develop and maintain an administrative list of common uses and the use types into which they are classified.

<u>Section 110.304.15</u> Residential Use Types. Residential use types include the occupancy of living accommodations, but exclude institutional living arrangements providing twenty-four-hour skilled nursing, custodial or medical care and those providing forced residence, such as asylums and prisons.

- (a) <u>Family Residential.</u> The family residential use type refers to the occupancy of living quarters by one (1) or more families. The following are family residential use types:
  - (1) Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit is a portion of or an addition to a single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceilings and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 1,000 square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Typical uses include guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."
  - Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit refers to a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the

main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Typical uses include guest houses, second units, "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

- (3) Detached Accessory Structure. A detached accessory structure refers to a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions. Typical uses include storage buildings and sheds, barns and detached garages.
- (4) <u>Duplex.</u> Duplex refers to the use of a parcel for two (2) dwelling units in a single structure.
- (5) <u>Multi-Family.</u> Multi-family refers to the use of a parcel for three (3) or more dwelling units within one (1) or more buildings, including condominium developments.
- (6) <u>Single Family, Attached.</u> Single family, attached refers to two (2) or more dwelling units constructed with a common or abutting wall with each located on its own separate parcel.
- (7) <u>Single Family, Detached.</u> Single family, detached refers to the use of a parcel for only one (1) dwelling unit.
- (b) <u>Manufactured Home Parks.</u> Manufactured home parks use type refers to the occupancy of a dwelling unit defined as a mobile home or a manufactured home and which is located in a site defined as a manufactured home park.
- (c) <u>Group Home.</u> Group home use type refers to the occupancy of a single family dwelling by and the care for a group of ten (10) or fewer persons on a weekly or longer basis who are not defined as a family. The number of persons who reside in a group home excludes any caregivers and their family who also reside in the single family residence.
  - (1) This term includes specifically the following uses:
    - (i) Residential facility for groups; or
    - (ii) Home for individual residential care;
    - (iii) Halfway house for recovering alcohol or drug abusers;
    - (iv) Group foster home.

- (2) The term group home does not include a child care institution or a facility for transitional living for released offenders.
- (d) Short-term rental. Short-term rental (STR) refers to existing single-family dwelling units where, for compensation, lodging is provided within either the entire home or a portion of the home for a rental period of less than 28-days. STRs may be permitted to operate out of legally permitted, permanent dwelling units or accessory dwelling units in accordance with the standards within Article 319. Short-term rentals are distinguishable from commercial lodging use types in that no meals may be provided within short-term rentals as part of the rental agreement and the home may only be rented out for short-term rental use to one group at a time. STRs are also often referred to as vacation rentals and are commonly made available through property management companies or online booking platforms. The following are short-term rental use types:
  - (1) <u>Tier 1 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 1 STR has a maximum occupancy of 10 persons or fewer.
  - (2) <u>Tier 2 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 2 STR has a maximum occupancy of 11-20 persons and due to its higher occupancy, may require additional limitations to ensure compatibility with surrounding residential properties.
  - (3) Tier 3 Short-Term Rental. A Tier 3 STR has a maximum occupancy of 21 or more persons. This highest tier of STRs is still operated out of a preexisting dwelling unit, but due to the high number of occupants, is expected to have more significant impacts to surrounding properties. As a result, it is considered inappropriate to be located in residential regulatory zones, but may be appropriate on properties with commercial regulatory zones that are located nearer tourist and commercial services.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord 1665, provisions eff. 4/15/21.]

<u>Section 110.304.20 Civic Use Types.</u> Civic use types include the performance of utility, educational, cultural, medical, protective, governmental and other uses which are strongly vested with public or social importance.

- (a) <u>Administrative Services.</u> Administrative services use type refers to consulting, record keeping, clerical or public contact services that deal directly with the citizen, together with incidental storage of necessary equipment and vehicles.
- (b) <u>Child Care.</u> Child care use type refers to the use of a building or a portion thereof for the daytime care of individuals under eighteen (18) years of age. Child care use types are subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services. This use type includes nursery schools, preschools, daycare centers and similar uses, but excludes those classified under education. The following are child care use types:
  - (1) <u>Family Daycare.</u> Family daycare refers to daycare services provided for six (6) or fewer full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years, except that care may also be provided for up to three (3) additional part-time children for three (3) hours before school and three (3) hours after school, but only during

- periods when schools are in session, subject to the regulations and permission of the Washoe County Department of Social Services.
- (2) <u>Large-Family Daycare</u>. Large-family daycare refers to daycare services provided for more than six (6) full-time children, including those of the child care facility licensee who are under the age of seven (7) years.
- (3) <u>Child Daycare.</u> Child daycare refers to services providing non-medical care to any number of children in need of personal services or supervision, on less than a twenty-four (24) hour basis, but excluding services provided in a private dwelling.
- (c) <u>Communication Facilities</u>. Communication facilities use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the transmission and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves. Typical uses include television stations, radio stations, satellite dishes, antennas and wireless communication facilities. Refer to Article 324, Communication Facilities, for subcategories of communication facilities.
- (d) Community Center. Community center use type refers to recreational, social or multi-purpose uses within buildings with no fixed seats and occupancy limited to five hundred (500) or fewer. Typical uses include public or private, noncommercial clubs.
- (e) <u>Community Garden.</u> Community garden use type refers to an area of land managed and maintained by a group to grow and harvest food crops, non-food crops (such as native plants), or ornamental crops (such as flowers), for personal or group use, consumption, or donation. Commercial sale of any crops produced in the community garden is prohibited. A community garden may be established in any regulatory zone subject to the following conditions:
  - (1) A signed affidavit shall be submitted to the division stating that the property owners, or the owners designated agent, agree to the proposed use. All liability considerations are the responsibility of the property owner and the users of the property.
  - (2) A site plan shall be submitted to the division showing the areas to be cultivated, the location of any structures associated with the use, access points, how and where water will be obtained, and parking locations (if applicable).
  - (3) Structures smaller than or equal to two-hundred (200) square feet may be established on-site to support operation and maintenance of the community garden, provided they are located at least five (5) feet from any property line, do not block any easements, and do not impede sight visibility from or onto public streets. All tools, equipment, chemicals, or fertilizers stored on site shall be within a locked structure.
  - (4) Activities at the garden site shall be limited to daylight hours. The use of motorized equipment is limited to the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. No exterior lighting or illumination shall occur.
  - (5) Once all outdoor crops have been harvested for the current growing season, the area utilized shall be cleaned of any dead vegetation or supporting materials within thirty (30) days of the final harvest or by November 15, whichever

comes first. Tilling of the dead vegetation back into the soil is allowed and meets this requirement.

- (f) <u>Convalescent Services.</u> Convalescent services use type refers to provision of bed care and in-patient services for persons requiring regular medical attention, but excludes a facility providing surgical or emergency medical services and a facility providing care for alcohol or drug addiction.
- (g) <u>Cultural and Library Services.</u> Cultural and library services use type refers to non-profit, museum-like preservation and exhibition of objects of permanent interest in one or more of the arts and sciences, gallery exhibition of works of art or library collection of books, manuscripts, etc., for study and reading.
- (h) Education. Education use type refers to educational services provided by public, private or parochial institutions, but excludes uses classified under commercial education services. Typical uses include elementary, junior high, and senior high schools, and junior colleges. Curriculum must be approved by the State Department of Education. This use type does not refer to home schooling of children who live on-site.
  - (1) <u>Private School Facilities</u>. Private School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily by means other than tax revenue.
  - (2) <u>Public School Facilities</u>. Public School Facilities use type refers to educational services for the education of the children of the community that are funded primarily with tax revenue.
- (i) Group Care Facility. Group care facility use type refers to an establishment that provides housing and living environment on a weekly or longer basis, for a group of persons not defined as a family or a group home. These facilities may provide life skill training, living assistance and supervised care service, but excludes medical treatment or uses classified under hospital services. This term includes specifically the following types of uses:
  - (1) Child Care Institution;
  - (2) Facility for transitional living for released offenders;
  - (3) Group home use types which accommodate more persons that permitted as a group home.
- (j) <u>Hospital Services.</u> Hospital services use type refers to medical, psychiatric or surgical services for sick or injured persons primarily on an in-patient basis, including ancillary facilities for out-patient and emergency medical services, diagnostic services, training, research, administration and services to patients, employees or visitors.
- (k) Major Services and Utilities.
  - (1) <u>Utility Services.</u> Utility services use type refers to the provision of electricity, water or other liquids, or gas, through wires, pipes or ditches through utility services involving major structures that have flexibility in location. Typical uses include natural gas transmission lines and substations, petroleum pipelines, and irrigation water ditches.

- (2) <u>Major Public Facilities.</u> Major public facilities use type refers to public facilities that provide a significant service and have a substantial impact on the community. Typical uses are sanitary landfills, airports, and detention and correction facilities.
- (I) <u>Nature Center.</u> Nature center use type refers to an area set aside for the public viewing and display of indigenous or exotic wildlife and/or indigenous or exotic plant life on either a for-profit or non-profit basis in a structured setting. Typical uses include zoos, wildlife sanctuaries, arboretums and gardens.
- (m) Parks and Recreation. Parks and recreation use type refers to publicly owned parks or private not for profit recreation facilities and open space facilities within the recreation areas. These may be operated by a concessionaire. The following are park and recreation use types:
  - (1) Active Recreation. Active recreation refers to public park recreational uses that may have a potential impact on the area or adjacent land uses. Uses include participant sports and developed family recreational areas. Typical uses include group picnicking, tennis courts, swimming pools, softball diamonds, group campgrounds, and community centers operated by a public entity.
  - (2) <u>Passive Recreation.</u> Passive recreation refers to public park recreational uses that have no or a minimal impact on the area and adjacent land uses. Uses include hiking, nature study, wildlife refuge, fishing and viewing. No active uses, such as group picnicking, camping and sporting activities, are included.
- (n) <u>Postal Services.</u> Postal services use type refers to mailing services, excluding major processing, as provided by the United States Postal Service, including branch post offices and public and private facilities.
- (o) <u>Public Parking Services.</u> Public parking services use type refers to parking services involving building and lots which may be privately and/or publicly owned and operated and is assigned to meet a parking demand. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use.
- (p) Public Service Yard. Public service yard use type refers to the use of a property operated by a governmental agency for the purposes of storing equipment and materials and includes ancillary office and meeting space for public service projects. A public service yard is limited to operations involving public road construction, road maintenance, snow removal and operations supporting public parks construction and maintenance.
- (q) <u>Religious Assembly.</u> Religious assembly use type refers to religious services involving public assembly such as customarily occurs in synagogues, temples and churches.
- (r) <u>Safety Services.</u> Safety services use type refers to public safety and emergency services, including police and fire protection services, and emergency medical and ambulance services.

[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 895, provisions eff. 1/24/94; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1368, provisions eff. 6/20/08; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1540, provisions eff. 9/5/14; Ord. 1623, provisions eff. 9/21/18.]

<u>Section 110.304.25 Commercial Use Types.</u> Commercial use types include the distribution and sale or rental of goods, and the provision of services other than those classified as civic or industrial use types. All permanent commercial uses are required to operate from a commercial structure.

- (a) Administrative Offices. Administrative offices use type refers to offices or private firms or organizations which are primarily used for the provision of executive, management or administrative services. Typical uses include administrative offices and services including travel, secretarial services, telephone answering, photo-copying and reproduction, information technology services, and business offices of public utilities, organizations and associations, or other use classifications when the service rendered is that customarily associated with administrative office services.
- (b) <u>Adult Characterized Business.</u> Adult characterized business use type refers to uses defined in Washoe County Code, Chapter 25.
- (c) Animal Sales and Services. Animal sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in animal-related sales and services. Animals kept as domestic pets or as accessory uses to a residential use are regulated by the accessory use provisions of Article 330, Domestic Pets and Livestock. The following are animal sales and services use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Kennels.</u> Commercial kennels refers to kennel services for dogs, cats and similar animals. Typical uses include commercial animal breeding with four (4) or more animals (dogs), boarding kennels, pet motels, or dog training centers. Commercial kennels require a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone within which it is located.
  - (2) <u>Commercial Stables.</u> Commercial stables refers to boarding or raising of three (3) or more horses, but excludes horses used primarily for agricultural operations which are classified under animal production. Typical uses include commercial stables, riding clubs and riding instruction facilities.
  - (3) <u>Grooming and Pet Stores.</u> Grooming and pet stores refers to grooming or selling of dogs, cats and similar small animals. Typical uses include dog bathing and clipping salons, pet grooming shops, or pet stores and shops.
  - (4) Pet Cemeteries. Pet cemeteries refers to services involving the preparation of dead animals for burial and the keeping of animal bodies on cemetery grounds as well as cremation of dead animals. Regardless of the regulatory zone in which it is located, a pet cemetery must be located on a parcel at least two-and-one-half (2.5) acres in size. Cremation of dead animals shall take place in an area designated only for the cremation of pets and which complies with any applicable federal or state statute or regulation or local ordinance.
  - (5) Veterinary Services, Agricultural. Veterinary services, agricultural refers to veterinary services specializing in the care and treatment of large animals. Veterinary services for small animals including pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals may be included to provide full veterinary services. Veterinary services, agriculture requires a parcel size minimum of two-and-one-half (2.5) acres regardless of the regulatory zone

- within which it is located. Typical uses include veterinary offices for livestock.
- (6) Veterinary Services, Pets. Veterinary services, pets refers to veterinary services for small animals. Typical uses include pet clinics, dog and cat hospitals, or animal hospitals.
- (7) <u>Dog Training Services.</u> Dog training services use type means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training classes.
- (d) <u>Automotive and Equipment.</u> Automotive and equipment use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in automotive-related or heavy equipment sales or services. The following are automotive and equipment use types:
  - (1) <u>Automotive Repair.</u> Automotive repair refers to repair of automobiles and the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts. Typical uses include muffler shops, automobile repair garages or automobile glass shops.
  - (2) <u>Automotive Sales and Rentals.</u> Automotive sales and rentals refers to onsite sales and/or rentals of automobiles, non-commercial trucks, motorcycles, motor homes and trailers together with incidental maintenance. Typical uses include automobile dealers, car rental agencies, or recreational vehicle sales and rental agencies.
  - (3) <u>Cleaning.</u> Cleaning refers to washing and polishing of automobiles. Typical uses include automobile laundries or car washes.
  - (4) <u>Commercial Parking.</u> Commercial parking refers to parking of operable motor vehicles on a temporary basis within a privately owned off-street parking area with or without a fee. Commercial parking is that which is not designated for any identified use. Typical uses include commercial parking lots or garages.
  - (5) Equipment Repair and Sales. Equipment repair and sales refers to repair of motor vehicles such as aircraft, boats, recreational vehicles, trucks, etc.; the sale, installation and servicing of automobile equipment and parts; and body repair, painting and steam cleaning. Typical uses include truck transmission shops, body shops, storage of manufactured homes, motor freight maintenance groups or agricultural equipment sales.
  - (6) Fabricated Housing Sales. Fabricated housing sales refers to the sales of new and used modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes; and ancillary minor repair of modular housing, manufactured homes and/or mobile homes sold from the same location as the new or used units. Typical uses include mobile homes sales lots and minor repairs of units sold on site that do not include changes in walls and do not include changes in undercarriage plumbing or support systems.
  - (7) <u>Storage of Operable Vehicles.</u> Storage of operable vehicles refers to storage of operable vehicles, recreational vehicles and boat trailers.

- Typical uses include storage areas within personal storage facilities and storage yards for commercial vehicles.
- (8) <u>Truck Stops.</u> Truck stops refers to businesses engaged in the sale of fuel and lubricants primarily for trucks, routine repair and maintenance of trucks, and associated uses such as selling food and truck accessories.
- (e) <u>Building Maintenance Services.</u> Building maintenance services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of maintenance and custodial services to firms rather than individuals. Typical uses include janitorial, landscape maintenance or window cleaning services.
- (f) <u>Commercial Centers.</u> Commercial centers use type refers to a group of unified commercial establishments built on a site which is planned, developed, owned and managed as an operating unit. The following are commercial center use types:
  - (1) Neighborhood Centers. Neighborhood centers refers to sales of convenience goods (foods, drugs and sundries) and personal services, those which meet the daily needs of an immediate neighborhood trade area. A neighborhood center typically includes convenience retail and services a population of 2,500 to 40,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one-half to one-and-one-half miles, and has a typical range of 15,000 to 50,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (2) <u>Community Centers.</u> Community centers refers to shopping establishments containing some services of the neighborhood center plus other services providing a greater depth and range of merchandise than contained in the neighborhood center. A community center may be built around a department store or a variety store as the major tenant. A community center generally serves a trade area population of 40,000 to 50,000 people, typically has a service area radius of one to three miles, and has a typical range of 50,000 to 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
  - (3) Regional Centers. Regional centers refers to centers that provide shopping goods, general merchandise, apparel, furniture and home furnishings in full depth and variety. They usually are built around more than one department store. Typical design uses the pedestrian mall, either open or enclosed, as a connector between major anchor stores. A regional center serves as a major commercial center for the entire region and typically has more than 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area.
- (g) <u>Commercial Educational Services.</u> Commercial educational services use type refers to educational services provided by private institutions or individuals with the primary purpose of preparing students for jobs in trade or profession. Typical uses include business and vocational schools, music schools and hair styling schools.
- (h) <u>Commercial Recreation.</u> Commercial recreation use type refers to commercial establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the provision of sports, entertainment or recreation for participants or spectators. The following are commercial recreation use types:
  - (1) <u>Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park.</u> Commercial campground facilities/RV park refers to areas and services for two (2) or more

- campsites, accommodating camping vehicles and tents, which are used by the general public as temporary living quarters for recreational purposes. Typical uses include recreational vehicle campgrounds.
- (2) <u>Destination Resorts.</u> Destination resorts refers to commercial enterprises for recreation that can include lodging. Typical uses include ski resorts, dude ranches, and hunting and fishing lodges.
- (3) <u>Indoor Entertainment.</u> Indoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator uses conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include motion picture theaters, meeting halls and dance halls.
- (4) Indoor Sports and Recreation. Indoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted within an enclosed building. Typical uses include bowling alleys, billiard parlors, ice and roller skating rinks, indoor racquetball courts and athletic clubs.
- (5) <u>Limited Gaming Facilities.</u> Limited gaming facilities refers to establishments which contains no more than fifteen (15) slot machines (and no other game or gaming device) where the operation of the slot machine is incidental to the primary business of the establishment.
- (6) Marinas. Marinas refers to docking, storage, rental and minor repair of recreational and fishing boats. Typical uses include recreational boat marinas and boat rental establishments.
- (7) <u>Outdoor Entertainment.</u> Outdoor entertainment refers to predominantly spectator-type uses conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include sports arenas, racing facilities and amusement parks.
- (8) Outdoor Sports and Recreation. Outdoor sports and recreation refers to predominantly participant sports conducted in open or partially enclosed or screened facilities. Typical uses include driving ranges, miniature golf courses, golf courses, swimming pools and tennis courts.
- (9) Outdoor Sports Club. Outdoor sports club refers to sports clubs using agricultural land or open space for hunting, shooting or fishing purposes. Typical uses include duck clubs, hunting clubs, skeet clubs and rifle ranges.
- (10) <u>Unlimited Gaming Facilities.</u> Unlimited gaming facilities refers to an establishment which contains fifteen (15) or more electronic gaming devices or operation of other gaming devices as authorized by the State of Nevada.
- (i) Construction Sales and Services. Construction sales and services use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in construction activities and incidental storage, as well as the retail or wholesale sale from the premises, of materials used in the construction of buildings or other structures. This use type does not include retail sales of paint, fixtures and hardware, or those uses classified as one of the automotive and equipment use types. This use type does not refer to actual construction sites. Typical uses include contractors' office with

- or without an equipment yard, tool and equipment rental, or sales and building material stores.
- (j) Continuum of Care Facilities, Seniors. Continuum of care facilities for seniors use type refers to commercial establishments that provide housing, activities and twenty-four-hour skilled nursing or medical care to allow for adults to age in place. The number of continuum of care units and parking standards shall be determined through the special use permit process. All other development standards shall apply. Facilities may include independent living, assisted living, nursing care, hospice care, accessory housing for staff, and medical facilities and services for residents.
- (k) <u>Convention and Meeting Facilities.</u> Convention and meeting facilities use type refers to establishments which primarily provide convention and meeting facilities. Typical uses include convention facilities and wedding chapels.
- (I) <u>Data Center.</u> Data Center use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the storage/housing of equipment, such as computers, servers, switches, routers, data storage devices, and related equipment for the purpose of storing, managing, processing, and exchanging of digital data and information.
- (m) Eating and Drinking Establishments. Eating and drinking establishments use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages for on-premises consumption, but excludes those uses classified under the liquor sales use type. The following are eating and drinking establishments use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the preparation and retail sale of food and beverages, have a short customer turnover rate (typically less than one hour), and may include sales of alcoholic beverages. Typical uses include drive-in and fast-food restaurants, ice cream parlors, sandwich shops and delicatessens.
  - (2) <u>Full Service</u>. Full service refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in the sale of prepared food and beverages on the premises, which generally have a customer turnover rate of one hour or longer, and which include sales of alcoholic beverages at the table or at a bar as an accessory or secondary service. Typical uses include full-service restaurants.
- (n) <u>Financial Services.</u> Financial services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of financial and banking services. Typical uses include banks, savings and loan institutions, loan and lending activities, and check cashing facilities.
- (o) <u>Funeral and Interment Services.</u> Funeral and interment services use type refers to provision of services involving the care, preparation or disposition of human dead. The following are funeral and interment services use types:
  - (1) <u>Cemeteries.</u> Cemeteries refers to undertaking services and services involving the keeping of bodies provided on cemetery grounds. Typical uses include crematoriums, mausoleums and columbariums.

- (2) <u>Undertaking.</u> Undertaking refers to services involving the preparation of the dead for burial and arranging and managing funerals. Typical uses include funeral homes or mortuaries.
- (p) Gasoline Sales and Service Stations. Gasoline sales and service stations use type refers to retail sales of petroleum products from the premises of the establishment and incidental sale of tires, batteries, replacement items, lubricating services and minor repair services. Typical uses include automobile service stations.
- (q) <u>Helicopter Services.</u> Helicopter services use type refers to areas used by helicopter or steep-gradient aircraft. The following are helicopter services use types:
  - (1) <u>Heliport.</u> Heliport refers to areas used by helicopters or by other steepgradient aircraft, which includes passenger and cargo facilities, maintenance and overhaul, fueling service, storage space, tie-down space, hangers and other accessory buildings, and open space.
  - (2) <u>Helistop.</u> Helistop refers to areas on a roof or on the ground used by helicopters or steep-gradient aircraft for the purpose of picking up or discharging passengers or cargo, but not including fueling service, maintenance or overhaul.
- (r) <u>Liquor Manufacturing.</u> Liquor manufacturing refers to the brewing, distillation, making, and/or manufacture of intoxicating liquors on the premises of the establishment. The resulting liquor products may be sold at retail to the public for on-site consumption and/or for off-site consumption. The liquor products may also be sold to licensed importer and/or wholesaler liquor dealers, with or without sales to the public. Liquor manufacturing may be in conjunction with another commercial use type, such as a full service eating and drinking establishment. Typical uses include brew pubs, breweries, craft distilleries, and wine makers.
- (s) <u>Liquor Sales.</u> Liquor sales use type refers to retail sales of alcoholic beverages, as defined in Chapter 30 of County Code (Intoxicating Liquor and Gaming Licenses and Regulations), to the public. The following are liquor sales use types:
  - (1) Off-Premises. Off-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for off-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the retail sales use type. Typical uses include stores that sell packaged liquor.
  - (2) On-Premises. On-premises refers to the retail sale of alcoholic beverages to the public for on-site consumption, but excludes uses classified under the eating and drinking establishments use type. Typical uses include bars, taverns, cabarets, and casino service bars.
- (t) <u>Lodging Services</u>. Lodging services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of lodging on a less-than-weekly basis with incidental food, drink, and other sales or services intended for the convenience of guests, including common facilities, but excludes those establishments classified under residential group home, short-term rental and commercial recreation. The following are lodging services use types:

- (1) <u>Bed and Breakfast Inns.</u> Bed and breakfast inns refers to single family dwellings with guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.
- (2) Condominium Hotel. Condominium hotel refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing, and when the hotel rooms are owned as separate real estate; and the remainder of the property including amenities, open space, etc. is either owned in common by the hotel room owners and managed by an association, or owned by a separate entity in which a fee for use of the amenities, open space, etc. may or may not be charged the hotel room owners.
- (3) <u>Hostels.</u> Hostels refers to supervised transient facilities offering dormitory type lodging, usually with a minimum of facilities.
- (4) <u>Hotels and Motels.</u> Hotels and motels refers to temporary residences for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room through an interior hall and lobby or outside porch or landing.
- (5) <u>Vacation Time Shares.</u> Vacation time shares refers to real properties that are subject to a time share program.
- (u) Marijuana Establishments. A marijuana establishment, as defined and authorized by NRS 453A and NRS 453D, refers to commercial establishments, facilities, or places of business primarily engaged in the cultivation, production, acquisition, testing, supply, sale or distribution of marijuana products and related supplies and services, either for medical or adult recreational use. All marijuana establishments must be licensed by the Department of Taxation ("Department"). A business may be licensed with the Department to act as more than one of the marijuana establishment use types listed below in subsections one (1) through five (5). The following are marijuana establishment use types:
  - (1) Marijuana Cultivation Facility. A marijuana cultivation facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana cultivation facility or as a marijuana cultivation facility, or both, which is authorized to cultivate, process, and package marijuana, to have marijuana tested by a marijuana testing facility, and to sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers.
  - Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility. A marijuana product manufacturing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a facility for the production of edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products, and/or as a marijuana product manufacturing facility, which is authorized to purchase marijuana, manufacture, process, and package marijuana and marijuana products, and sell marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.
  - (3) <u>Marijuana Testing Facility.</u> A marijuana testing facility, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as a medical marijuana independent testing laboratory and/or as a marijuana testing facility, which is authorized to test marijuana and marijuana products, including for potency and contaminants.

- (4) Retail Marijuana Store/Medical Dispensary. A retail marijuana store/medical dispensary, as defined by NRS 453A and/or 453D, refers to a business licensed as either a medical marijuana dispensary or as a retail marijuana store, or both, which is authorized to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, and to sell marijuana and marijuana products to consumers. In order to operate as a retail marijuana store / medical dispensary for adult recreational use, the business must retain State licensure as a medical marijuana dispensary to continue business operations in the unincorporated County.
- (5) Marijuana Distributor. A marijuana distributor, as defined by NRS 453D and WCC 25.708(2), refers to a business licensed to transport marijuana from a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment. A marijuana distributor license provides for the transport of both medical and recreational (adult use) marijuana, marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia to marijuana establishments located within the unincorporated County.
  - (a) A retail marijuana store / medical dispensary is not required to obtain a marijuana distributor license to transport marijuana or marijuana products directly to consumers.
  - (b) Marijuana distributors will only transport marijuana, marijuana products and/or marijuana paraphernalia following the provisions of NRS Chapter 453D and NAC Chapter 453D.
  - (c) Wholesale intoxicating liquor dealers licensed pursuant to NRS Chapter 369 applying for a marijuana distributor license must possess a valid and current County Importer / Wholesaler intoxicating liquor license.
  - (d) A marijuana distributor business is not allowed as a home-based business.
- (v) Medical Services. Medical services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of personal health services ranging from prevention, diagnosis and treatment, or rehabilitation services provided by physicians, dentists, nurses and other health personnel as well as the provision of medical testing and analysis services, but excludes those classified as any civic use type. Typical uses include medical offices, dental laboratories, health maintenance organizations, immediate care facilities or sports medicine facilities.
- (w) <u>Nursery Sales.</u> Nursery sales use type refers to the sales of plants, flowers and related nursery items. The following are nursery sales use types:
  - (1) <u>Retail.</u> Retail refers to retail sale of plants and flowers and related nursery items. Typical uses include retail nurseries and home garden stores.
  - (2) <u>Wholesale.</u> Wholesale refers to wholesaling of plants and flowers, with incidental retail sales. Typical uses include wholesale nurseries.
- (x) <u>Personal Services.</u> Personal services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of informational, instructional, personal improvement and similar services of a non-professional nature, but excludes services classified as commercial recreation or lodging services. Typical uses include photography studios, driving schools or weight loss centers.

- (y) Personal Storage. Personal storage use type refers to storage services primarily for personal effects and household goods within an enclosed storage area having individual access, but excludes workshops, hobby shops, manufacturing or commercial activity. Typical uses include mini-warehouses.
- (z) <u>Professional Services.</u> Professional services use type refers to establishments which provide professional services to individuals or businesses, but excludes offices servicing walk-in customers which are classified under the administrative offices use type. Typical uses include law offices, real estate offices, insurance offices and architectural firms.
- (aa) Recycle Center. Recycle center use type refers to facilities for the collection, as a commercial enterprise, of household recyclables such as newspapers, bottles and cans. Recycle centers do not include recycle facilities existing as a part of a refuse pickup service or recycle bins used for donations to non-profit organizations. The following are recycle center use types:
  - (1) <u>Full Service Recycle Center.</u> Full service recycle center refers to large, fully attended recycle centers accepting paper, plastic and glass household recyclables and may include processing or sorting of the recyclables.
  - (2) Remote Collection Facility. Remote collection facility refers to a center for the acceptance, by redemption or purchase, of recyclable materials from the public. Such a facility does not process the recyclables on site. Typical uses include reverse vending machines.
  - (3) Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center. Residential hazardous substance recycle center refers to specialized recycling centers that receive household hazardous substances such as household paint, household cleaners and automobile engine oil.
- (bb) Repair Services, Consumer. Repair services, consumer use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of repair services to individuals and households rather than firms, but excludes automotive repair. Typical uses include appliance repair shops, apparel repair firms or instrument repair firms.
- (cc) Retail Sales. Retail sales use type refers to retail sales of commonly used goods and merchandise, either free-standing or within a commercial center, but excludes those uses classified under other use types. The following are retail sales use types:
  - (1) <u>Convenience.</u> Convenience refers to establishments which provide a limited number of frequently or recurrently needed personal items or services for residents of an immediate neighborhood. Typical uses include convenience stores, small grocery stores, barber shops, beauty parlors, dry cleaners and self-service laundromats.
  - (2) Specialty Stores. Specialty stores refers to establishments which provide a variety of retail or personal services needs for residents in the larger community area. Typical uses include supermarkets, super drugs stores, clothing boutiques, antiques, bookstores, furniture stores and auto parts.

- (3) <u>Comparison Shopping Centers.</u> Comparison shopping centers refers to retail establishments that provide a wide variety of retail and personal services that cater to the regional needs. Typical uses include full-line department stores and warehouse-styled retail outlets.
- (dd) Secondhand Sales. Secondhand sales use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the sale of goods and merchandise which are not being sold for the first time, but excludes those classified as animal sales and services and automotive and equipment. Typical uses include secondhand stores and thrift shops.
- (ee) <u>Transportation Services.</u> Transportation services use type refers to establishments which provide private transportation of persons and goods. Typical uses include taxi services and commercial postal services.
- (ff) Winery. The Winery use type refers to a facility comprising the building(s) or space used to make wine as an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural content of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar. A winery includes crushing of fruit, fermenting, bottling, blending, bulk and bottle storage, aging, shipping and receiving of wine making materials, laboratory equipment, associated maintenance equipment, and administrative office functions related to the operation of the winery. A winery may or may not have a vineyard associated with it and may include a public tasting room and the sale of merchandise related directly to the winery. A winery may only sell at retail by the bottle or serve by the glass, on its premises, wine produced, blended, or aged on site by the winery subject to any limitations set forth in NRS 597.240.

A winery may be established as a stand-alone principal use type or in combination with residential or other authorized use types. The growing of grapes for use in a winery use type or in wine making is classified as Crop Production, a separate Agricultural Use Type. Wine making in the urban, commercial or industrial regulatory zones, or in conjunction with the manufacture of other types of intoxicating liquor, is classified as Liquor Manufacturing, a separate Commercial Use Type. Any allowed winery use type requires the issuance of the appropriate Washoe County business and liquor licenses pursuant to Chapters 25 and 30 of this Code. The business license application process for an allowed winery shall include the noticing of all adjacent property owners within 500 feet of the subject parcel, homeowners associations or Architectural Control Committees that are registered with the Building and Safety Division which have an interest in the subject parcel, and any properties that share a privately maintained access road to the subject parcel. Review and approval of a business license application to establish a winery shall include, at a minimum, review by the Washoe County Health District, the fire department of jurisdiction, and any General Improvement District with jurisdiction.

<u>Winery with Special Events</u>. Except in the Suburban Residential regulatory zone, a winery approved through an Administrative Permit may include, as part of the Administrative Permit application, provisions for conducting recurring special events as ancillary uses to the principal Winery use. "Special event" means an assembly of less than 100 persons on any one day of the event. Such recurring special events may include, but are not limited to, weddings, tours, promotional events, entertainment (indoor or outdoor), wine and food pairings, and craft fairs. Recurring special events proposed in conjunction with a Winery use must be included in the Administrative Permit application authorizing the Winery use. New

or amended proposals for special events shall require either an amendment to the existing Administrative Permit (i.e. Amendment of Conditions) or a separate application for a Temporary Special Event Business License pursuant to Chapter 25 of this Code through the Business License division.

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[Amended by Ord. 875, provisions eff. 8/3/93; Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 1004, provisions eff. 1/30/98; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1097, provisions eff. 7/28/00; Ord. 1179, provisions eff. 12/6/02; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord.1288, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1481, provisions eff. 2/3/12; Ord. 1497, provisions eff. 10/5/12; Ord. 1527, provisions eff. 4/18/14; Ord. 1712, provisions eff. 6/27/14, Ord 1586, provisions eff. 10/7/16; Ord. 1616, provisions eff 4/20/18; Ord. 1665, provisions eff 4/15/21; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]
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<u>Section 110.304.30 Industrial Use Types.</u> Industrial use types include the on-site production of goods by methods not agricultural in nature, including certain accessory uses.

- (a) <u>Aggregate Facilities.</u> Aggregate facilities use type refers to the extraction and processing of sand, gravel and rock from the ground. Typical uses include sand and gravel pit and ancillary uses such as concrete and asphalt batch plants.
- (b) Caretaker's Residence. Caretaker's residence refers to a permanent on-site residential unit for an industrial use. The purpose of this unit is to provide security for the industrial use and the site on which it is located. It shall be occupied only while a valid business license for an industrial use is in effect and only by an employee of the company which operates the industrial use and at no time shall it be rented to any party other than someone directly employed by the industrial use operator. The caretaker's residence and industrial use are permitted to share access to the site. A caretaker's residence should provide a permanent kitchen. toilet facilities, sleeping, eating, and living facilities, all separate from the industrial use, and must be permitted by all applicable state and local agencies. Two (2) standard parking spaces shall be reserved for use by the residents of the caretaker's residence. The floor area of the unit shall not exceed two thousand (2,000) square feet. A minimum lot size of one (1) acre is required. Any solid fuel burning device is prohibited. Upon cessation of the industrial use, the use of the caretaker's residence must cease. The following are caretaker's residence use types:
  - (1) Attached. Caretaker's residence attached must be attached to or located within the main structure for the industrial use. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per structure, regardless of the number of businesses located in that structure. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per employer and per parcel, regardless of the number of businesses located on that parcel.
  - (2) <u>Detached.</u> Caretaker's residence detached must be sited within the developed industrial area, and must be visually integrated with the industrial use. Only one (1) caretaker's residence is permitted per employer and per parcel, regardless of the number of businesses located on that parcel.
- (c) <u>Custom Manufacturing.</u> Custom manufacturing use type refers to the on-site production of goods by hand manufacturing or artistic endeavor which involves only the use of hand tools or domestic mechanical equipment and the incidental

- sale of these goods directly to consumers. Typical uses include ceramic studios, custom cabinet making, candle making shops and custom jewelry manufacturers.
- (d) <u>Energy Production.</u> Energy production use type refers to the commercial production of electricity.
  - (1) <u>Non-Renewable Energy Production.</u> Non-Renewable energy production use type refers to the commercial production of energy utilizing any non-renewable source of energy.
  - (2) Renewable Energy Production. Renewable energy production use type refers to the commercial production of energy utilizing solar, geothermal, wind, hydroelectric, and biomass sources of energy.
- (e) <u>General Industrial.</u> General industrial use type refers to the on-site production of goods other than those that are agricultural or extractive in nature, but excludes those uses classified under custom manufacturing and high technology use types. The following are general industrial use types:
  - (1) <u>Limited.</u> Limited refers to production processes which use already manufactured components to assemble, print or package a product such as cloth, paper, plastic, leather, wood, glass or stones, but not including such operations as paper, saw or planing mills, steel, iron or other metalworks, rolling mills, or any manufacturing uses involving primary production of commodities from raw materials. By the nature of the activity performed and/or the scale of operation, these uses can be located near residential or commercial uses with minimal impact to adjacent uses. Typical uses include apparel manufacturing, paper products finishing, furniture production and production of fabricated metal products.
  - (2) Intermediate. Intermediate refers to production processes which can be located near residential or commercial uses only if special control measures are taken to mitigate the land use conflicts which can result from such operations. Typical uses include production of food substances, household appliance manufacturing, prefabrication of manufactured buildings, and major repair/reconstruction and storage of fabricated housing.
  - (3) Heavy. Heavy refers to production processes which should not be located near residential or commercial uses due to the intensive nature of the industrial activity and/or the scale of operation. These uses may be located near other manufacturing uses exhibiting similar characteristics although special control measures may be required for some extremely intensive operations to ensure compatibility with similar industrial uses. Typical uses include motor vehicle assembly, sawmills, textile dyeing, leather tanning, hazardous chemical production, petroleum refining, primary metal processing, storage of manufactured homes and production of explosives or propellants.
- (f) <u>High Technology Industry.</u> High technology industry use type refers to the research, development and controlled production of high-technology electronic, industrial or scientific products. Typical uses include biotechnology firms and computer component manufacturers.

- (g) <u>Inoperable Vehicle Storage.</u> Inoperable vehicle storage use type refers to premises devoted to the parking and/or storage of inoperable vehicles. Typical uses include buildings, storage yards, and auto wrecking facilities devoted to the parking and/or storage of inoperable vehicles.
- (h) <u>Laundry Services</u>. Laundry services use type refers to establishments primarily engaged in the provision of large scale laundering, dry cleaning or dying services other than those classified as personal services. Typical uses include laundry agencies, diaper services or linen supply services.
- (i) <u>Mining Operations.</u> Mining operations use type refers to the extraction and processing of rocks and minerals from the ground, but excludes uses classified under the petroleum gas extraction use type. Typical uses include the mining of precious metals and industrial minerals.
- (j) <u>Petroleum Gas Extraction.</u> Petroleum gas extraction use type refers to the extraction of oil and natural gas from the ground and the temporary storage of oil at the well site. Typical uses include oil and gas wells.
- (k) <u>Salvage Yards.</u> Salvage yards use type refers to the collection, storage or sale of rags, scrap metal or discarded material; or the collection, dismantling, storage, salvaging or demolition of vehicles, machinery or other materials. Typical uses include junkyards and auto wrecking facilities.
- (I) Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution. Wholesaling, storage and distribution use type refers to establishments or places of business primarily engaged in wholesaling, storage and bulk sale distribution including, but not limited to, openair handling of material and equipment other than live animals and plants. The following are wholesaling, storage and distribution use types:
  - (1) <u>Light.</u> Light refers to wholesaling, storage and warehousing services within enclosed structures. Typical uses include wholesale distributors, storage warehouses, or moving and storage firms.
  - (2) <u>Heavy.</u> Heavy refers to distribution and handling of materials and equipment. Typical uses include monument sales, stone yards or open storage yards.

[Amended by Ord. 906, provisions eff. 7/27/94; Ord. 1039, provisions eff. 11/1/98; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1443, provisions eff. 7/26/10; Ord. 1494, provisions eff. 8/9/12; Ord. 1504, provisions eff. 3/8/13.]

<u>Section 110.304.35 Agricultural Use Types.</u> Agricultural use types include the on-site production of plant and animal products by agricultural methods.

- (a) <u>Agricultural Processing.</u> Agricultural processing use type refers to the processing of foods and beverages from agricultural commodities, but excludes animal slaughtering. Typical uses include canning of fruits and vegetables, processing of dairy products, and the production of prepared meats from purchased carcasses.
- (b) <u>Agricultural Sales.</u> Agricultural sales use type refers to the sale of agricultural supplies such as feed, grain and fertilizers. Typical uses include feed and grain stores.

- (c) <u>Animal Production.</u> Animal production use type refers to raising of animals or production of animal products, such as eggs or dairy products, on an agricultural or commercial basis, but excluding commercial slaughtering. Typical uses include grazing, ranching, dairy farming, poultry farming and aquaculture.
- (d) <u>Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural.</u> Agricultural animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be used in making meat products on the same premises.
- (e) <u>Animal Slaughtering, Commercial.</u> Commercial animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be sold to others or to be used in making meat products on the same premises. Typical uses include slaughter houses.
- (f) Animal Slaughtering, Mobile. Mobile animal slaughtering use type refers to the slaughtering of animals to be sold to others or to be used in making meat products, within a fully-enclosed mobile slaughtering facility approved by the US Food and Drug Administration, for a duration of not more than fourteen (14) days off-site on any one parcel within a calendar year. Typical uses include mobile commercial slaughtering units.
- (g) <u>Crop Production.</u> Crop production use type refers to raising and harvesting of tree crops, row crops or field crops on an agricultural or commercial basis, including packing and processing.
- (h) <u>Forest Products.</u> Forest products use type refers to commercial timber harvesting uses and facilities. Typical uses include production of forest products, sawmills and lumber camps.
- (i) <u>Game Farms.</u> Game farms use type refers to boarding or breeding of exotic animals generally considered as wild or not normally domesticated.
- (j) <u>Produce Sales.</u> Produce sales use type refers to the on-site sale of farm produce and/or shell eggs from property owned, rented or leased by the farmers who grow or produce all or part of the farm produce or shell eggs offered for sale. Typical uses include produce stands, and fruit and vegetable stands.
  - (1) Only products grown or produced on-site may be sold. A minimum lot size of forty (40) acres is required to establish produce sales as an allowed use in the General Rural (GR) regulatory zone. A valid business license pursuant to Chapter 25 of County Code must be obtained prior to any sales.
  - (2) Temporary produce sales, for a maximum duration of thirty (30) days in any one (1) calendar year, are allowed in all regulatory zones; however, a valid business license pursuant to Chapter 25 of County Code must be obtained prior to any sales.

[Amended by Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1433, provisions eff. 3/5/10; Ord. 1540, provisions effective 9/5/14.]

# Article 406

# BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS

### Sections:

| 110.406.00 | Purpose  |
|------------|--|
| 110.406.05 | General  |
| 110.406.10 | TRPA Standards   |
| 110.406.12 | Industrial Standards for Residential Adjacency                       |
| 110.406.15 | Double Counting Yards  |
| 110.406.20 | Combining Lots   |
| 110.406.23 | Variance or Modification of Certain Building Placement Standards on  |
|            | Commercial or Industrial Parcels in Conjunction with Special Use     |
|            | Permit or Tentative Map Applications                                 |
| 110.406.24 | Modification of Building Placement Standards for Front Yard          |
|            | Setbacks on Parcels Adjacent to Local Residential Streets' Right-of- |
|            | Way (ROW) Located More than 20 Feet from Front Property Line         |
| 110.406.25 | Unobstructed Yards   |
| 110.406.30 | Front Yards  |
| 110.406.35 | Side Yards   |
| 110.406.40 | Rear Yards   |
| 110.406.45 | Lot Width  |
| 110.406.50 | Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting                                  |
|            |  |

<u>Section 110.406.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 406, Building Placement Standards, is to set forth the regulations governing the placement of buildings on a lot.

Section 110.406.05 General. The yard requirements and setback dimensions are set forth in Part Three of Table 110.406.05.1. These requirements may be modified pursuant to Article 408, Common Open Space Development. All required yard setbacks are measured from the property line with the following exceptions: (1) when an access easement traverses a portion of a property and has a total width of more than twenty (20) feet, the required yard setback is measured from the edge of the easement closest to the proposed structure; or, (2) when a Washoe County-maintained road is located outside of a recorded right-of-way or easement, regardless of the roadway width, the required yard setback shall be measured from the edge of the road. If a lot does not meet the minimum lot size for the regulatory zoning for the lot, the yard requirements and setback dimensions shall be based on the lot size for the next densest regulatory zone for which the lot does meet minimum size for lots in that zone.

## Table 110.406.05.1

## **STANDARDS**

| Part One: Density/Intensity Standards |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
|                                       | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU |
| Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)        | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1   | 2     | 3h  | 4h    | 7a  | 10b | 21c |
| Height (feet)                         | 35  | 35  | 35  | 35  | 35    | 35  | 35    | 35  | 40  | 70  |

| Part One: Density/Intensity Standards (continued) |     |     |    |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|---|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
|   | HDU | GC  | NC | тс  | 1   | PSP | PR  | os  | GR    | GRA   |
| Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)                    | 42c | n/a | 5  | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0.025 | 0.025 |
| Height (feet)                                     | 70  | 80  | 60 | 45  | 65  | 65  | 65  | n/a | 35    | 35    |

#### Notes:

- a 7 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 9 dwelling units per acre for attached single-family and mobile home
- b 10 dwelling units per acre for single-family detached; 14 dwelling units per acre for multi-family and 12 units per acre for mobile home parks
- c Multi-family
- h 3 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 5 dwelling units per acre for both single-family attached and manufactured home parks within areas designated as Trailer (TR) Overlay zone in effect prior to May 26, 1993

| Part Two: Lot Size   |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |      |     |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|------|-----|
|  | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU  | MDU |
| Minimum Lot Area<br>(1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise<br>indicated) | 8ac | 4ac | 2ac | 35  | 17.5  | 12  | 9     | 5   | 3.7d | 8e  |
| Minimum Lot Width (feet)   | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100   | 80  | 70    | 60  | 60   | 60  |

| Part Two: Lot Size (continued)   |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
|  | HDU | GC | NC | тс  | 1   | PSP | PR  | os  | GR   | GRA  |
| Minimum Lot Area<br>(1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise<br>indicated) | 8f  | 10 | 10 | 10  | 10  | n/a | n/a | n/a | 40ac | 40ac |
| Minimum Lot Width (feet)   | 60  | 75 | 75 | 100 | 100 | 100 | n/a | n/a | 660  | 660  |

#### Notes:

- d 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with two (2) attached single-family dwelling units
- e 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with four (4) multi-family units
- f 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with eight (8) multi-family units
- g 40 acres nominally = 1/16 section

### Table 110.406.05.1 (continued)

#### **STANDARDS**

| Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions |     |     |     |     |       |     |       |     |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
|   | LDR | MDR | HDR | LDS | LDS 2 | MDS | MDS 4 | HDS | LDU | MDU |
| Front Yard (feet)                       | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30    | 20  | 20    | 20  | 15  | 15  |
| Side Yards (feet)                       | 50  | 15  | 15  | 12  | 10    | 8   | 7     | 5   | 5   | 5   |
| Rear Yard (feet)                        | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30  | 30    | 20  | 20    | 20  | 10  | 20  |

| Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions (continued) |     |    |    |    |    |     |    |     |    |     |
|---|-----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
|   | HDU | GC | NC | тс | ı  | PSP | PR | os  | GR | GRA |
| Front Yard (feet)                                   | 20  | 10 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20  | 20 | n/a | 30 | 30  |
| Side Yards (feet)                                   | 5   | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 15  | 15 | n/a | 50 | 50  |
| Rear Yard (feet)                                    | 20  | 10 | 20 | 10 | 15 | 20  | 20 | n/a | 30 | 30  |

Source: Sedway Cooke Associates

[Amended by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01; Ord. 1290, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1458, provisions eff. 2/4/11; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12; Ord 1618, provisions eff 5/4/18, Ord. 1639, provisions eff 7/19/19.]

<u>Section 110.406.10 TRPA Standards.</u> Requirements for development occurring in the Tahoe area including, but not limited to, building placement standards shall be the most restrictive of Tahoe Regional Planning Agency standards and Washoe County standards.

<u>Section 110.406.12 Industrial Standards for Residential Adjacency.</u> The following standards shall pertain to any uses within an industrial regulatory zone that is adjacent to residential regulatory zone parcels. These standards may be varied upon the approval of a director's modification of standards by the Director of Planning and Building.

- (a) Setbacks. A minimum fifty (50) foot buffer shall be maintained from the residential regulatory zone shared property lines to any structure, roadway, parking or other development on industrial regulatory zone parcels. The buffer area shall be maintained and meet Article 412, Landscaping requirements.
- (b) Screening. An eight (8) foot screening element shall be constructed in the setback area adjacent to any residential regulatory zone parcels. This screening element may consist of any of the following:
  - (1) solid decorative wall
  - (2) berm
  - (3) solid decorative fencing constructed of durable materials, such as stone, concrete, metal, synthetic or vinyl
  - (4) combination of any of the following as long as the total height from top of wall/fence/berm to bottom of wall/fence/berm is at least eight (8) feet in height

- (c) Lighting. Light standards that are within 100 feet from a residential zone parcel shall comply with Article 414. Lighting structures that are more than one hundred (100) feet from a residential regulatory zone parcel shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet in height.
- (d) Loading and service areas. Loading docks and trash areas on parcels that are one (1) acre or more shall be located a minimum of 100 feet from the shared property line of residential zoned parcels.

[Added by Ord. 1658, provisions eff. 10/23/2020.]

<u>Section 110.406.15</u> <u>Double Counting Yards.</u> No required yard or open space around any building shall be considered a yard or open space for any other building on an adjoining lot or parcel.

<u>Section 110.406.20 Combining Lots.</u> If two (2) or more lots must be combined to meet the minimum yard requirements of this article, the lots shall be legally merged into one (1) lot before a building permit will be issued.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93.]

Section 110.406.23 Variance or Modification of Certain Building Placement Standards on Commercial or Industrial Parcels in Conjunction with Special Use Permit or Tentative Map Applications. Building placement standards including setbacks, minimum lot size, or minimum lot width may be varied or modified for commercial and industrial regulatory zone parcels in conjunction with the approval of a special use permit or tentative subdivision map applicable to the subject property and without the need to file a separate application for a variance or modification, provided that the standards to be varied or modified are included in the notice for the hearing on the special use permit or tentative map application.

[Added by Ord. 1646, provisions eff. 3/20/2020.]

Section 110.406.24 Modification of Building Placement Standards for Front Yard Setbacks on Parcels Adjacent to Local Residential Streets' Right-of-Way (ROW) Located More than 20 Feet from Front Property Line. The Director of the Planning and Building Division may approve a modification of standards (Director's Modification) to reduce the front yard setback (as otherwise required by the underlying regulatory zone) by up to 10 feet when the edge of pavement or curb of the adjacent public right-of-way (ROW) of a local residential street is more than 20 feet from the property line. The Director's Modification must include a finding that the adjacent ROW is not planned for a future road expansion and must consider roadway safety and snow storage. Additionally, the County Engineer may request that Washoe County be released from any liability relating to street maintenance operations.

[Added by Ord. 1679, provisions eff. 12/27/2021.]

<u>Section 110.406.25 Unobstructed Yards.</u> Any yard required by the Development Code shall be open and unobstructed from the ground to the sky except as provided in this article.

Section 110.406.30 Front Yards. Front yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) Through Lots. On through lots, either end lot line may be considered the front line, except when the access would be from a street classified as a collector or an arterial. The minimum rear yard shall not be less than the required front yard in the regulatory zone in which such lot is located. After development of the lot has occurred, the yard chosen as the front yard shall remain the front yard for all further development on the lot.
- (b) Interior Lots. On any interior lot in any residential land use category or, in General Rural or General Rural Agricultural land use categories, the front yard requirement shall be fifteen (15) feet where the slope of the front half of the lot is greater than a two (2) foot rise (or fall) above (or below) the established street grade for every ten (10) feet of horizontal distance. Plans submitted must be specific enough to establish conformance with these provisions.
- (c) <u>Corner Lots.</u> On a corner lot, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards. Corner lots are required to have a side yard.
- (d) Obstructions to Vision. There shall be no fences or other obstruction to vision more than eighteen (18) inches higher than curb level within the visibility triangle defined in Section 110.412.30, Public Safety.
- (e) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required front yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (f) <u>Detached Garages.</u> Detached garages may be located behind the required front setback.
- (g) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for front yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98; Ord. 1475, provisions eff. 1/12/12.]

**Section 110.406.35 Side Yards.** Side yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) <u>Outside Stairs.</u> Outside stairs or landing places, if unroofed or unenclosed, may extend into a required side yard for a distance not to exceed three (3) feet.
- (b) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required side yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (c) <u>Accessory Structures.</u> Accessory structures may be located in a side yard as provided in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures, except that a guest building shall not be located in a side yard.
- (d) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for side yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98, Ord. 1639, provisions eff 7/19/19.]

<u>Section 110.406.40 Rear Yards.</u> Rear yards shall comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) <u>Outside Stairs.</u> Outside stairs or landing places, if unroofed or unenclosed, may extend into a required rear yard for a distance of not to exceed five (5) feet.
- (b) <u>Architectural Features.</u> Cornices, canopies, chimneys, eaves or other similar architectural features may extend into a required rear yard not to exceed two (2) feet.
- (c) <u>Accessory Structures.</u> Accessory structures may be located in a rear yard as provided in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures.
- (d) <u>Decks.</u> Decks which are less than eighteen (18) inches in height from the finished grade are not counted as a structure for rear yard setback purposes.

[Amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95.]

#### Section 110.406.45 Lot Width.

- (a) Modification of Standards. The Community Development Director may modify the standards of lot width to a lesser standard when, in his determination, there are compelling environmental considerations of topography or geology which necessitate a minor variation and do not result in parcel configurations inconsistent with the intent of these regulations. Such constraints may include: hillsides, creeks, wetlands, faults, rock outcroppings or other major constraints. The modification of the standard must facilitate superior building sites. This modification may not be granted for subsequent divisions of the same parcel.
- (b) <u>Flag Lots.</u> The "pole" portion of any lot shall not be included either in the required minimum lot size or width calculations. The "pole" portion shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet in width and a maximum of thirty (30) feet in width.

[Added by Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01.]

## Section 110.406.50 Fences, Walls or Perimeter Planting.

- (a) Residential Use Types. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting is limited to four-and-one-half (4.5) feet in the required front yard setback except as noted by Section 110.406.30, Front Yards. The maximum height for fences, walls or perimeter planting for the remainder of the residential property is six (6) feet. Where two (2) or more of a property's frontages constitute front yards on a corner lot, one (1) of the yards shall be deemed to be the main entrance and all other yards with street frontage shall be considered modified side yards where fences, walls or perimeter planting can have a maximum height of six (6) feet as long as such fences, walls or perimeter planting are located at least ten (10) feet from the modified side yard property line. Barbed wire or razor wire livestock fencing in front yards is allowed only on lots with a size greater than one (1) acre.
- (b) <u>Commercial and Industrial Use Types.</u> The fences, walls or perimeter planting in commercial and industrial development adjoining residential uses shall be at least six (6) feet but not more than eight (8) feet in height, in accordance with Article 412, Landscaping. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining a street may

be a maximum of six (6) feet in height. The fences, walls or perimeter planting adjoining non-residential uses may be a maximum of eight (8) feet in height.

- (c) <u>Specialty Fences.</u> Specialty fences are permitted in all regulatory zones with the following provisions:
  - (1) A specialty fence shall only be for the purposes of enclosing a tennis court, racquetball court, basketball court or other court-type recreational activity, and for exotic animals when a fence is pursuant to the issuance of a permit from the Washoe County Exotic Animal Board.
  - (2) A specialty fence shall comply with the following provisions:
    - (i) The court or enclosure for which the fence is erected shall be located entirely to the side or rear of the main structure permitted on the property.
    - (ii) The fence may not be greater than ten (10) feet in height.
    - (iii) The fence may not prevent viewing through the fence. It may not be solid.
    - (iv) The fence must be of a color that blends with the background and in no instance may it be of a reflective material.
    - (v) The fence shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to the side or rear property lines.
  - (3) A specialty fence may be up to 30 feet in height for a baseball or softball backstop. A specialty fence may be any height, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, only when the fence is constructed for a civic use, such as a sports field.
- (d) <u>Entry Gate and Entry Columns.</u> An entry gate and entry columns are permitted in all regulatory zones and are subject to the following provision:
  - (a) An entry gate and entry columns may exceed the allowable height of the fencing on adjacent fence panels by a maximum of eighteen (18) inches. Lighting fixtures may be placed on top of the entry column in excess of the height limitation.
- (e) Security Fences. Security Fences are permitted in all regulatory zones on parcels of land that do not have a main use established, subject to compliance with all of the following standards:
  - (1) A security fence shall only be for the purpose of enclosing a vacant parcel of land to control access to that parcel of land.
  - (2) The allowable height of a security fence is defined at WCC 110.460.50.
  - (3) A building permit is required for construction of a security fence.
  - (2) A security fence shall comply with the following provisions:

- (i) The security fence shall only be located on the perimeter of the subject site, or adjacent to a public access easement.
- (ii) The security fence shall be constructed only of chain link and shall not prevent viewing through it. No slats are allowed. It shall not be solid.
- (iii) Construction of a security fence using any material other than chain link may be permitted, subject to approval of a Directors Modification of Standards, when the alternative material provides an equivalent level of security and does not inhibit view of the parcel of land. It shall not be solid.
- (iv) The security fence must be supported by steel pipes, and those supports must be set securely in the ground and stabilized with concrete.

[Added by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95. Amended by Ord. 959, provisions eff. 7/26/96; Ord. 1023, provisions eff. 7/1/98.]

[Section 110.406.45 entitled "Visual Obstructions" amended by Ord. 876, provisions eff. 7/7/93; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94 and repealed by Ord. 939, provisions eff. 11/1/95.]

# Article 902 **DEFINITIONS**

#### Sections:

| 110.902.00 | Purpose                 |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 110.902.05 | Applicability           |
| 110.902.10 | Rules of Interpretation |
| 110.902.15 | General Definitions     |

<u>Section 110.902.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 902, Definitions, is to promote consistency and precision in the interpretation of the Development Code.

<u>Section 110.902.05 Applicability.</u> The meaning and construction of words and phrases as set forth therein shall apply throughout the Development Code, except where the context of such words and phrases clearly indicates a different meaning or construction. Definitions contained in the adopted version of the International Building Code shall be applicable except when in conflict with definitions contained in the Development Code, in which case the Development Code definitions shall control. Additional definitions which apply only within one article or section may be contained within that article or section.

[Amended by Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07.]

<u>Section 110.902.10</u> Rules of Interpretation. The following general rules of interpretation shall apply to the textual provisions of the Development Code:

- (a) Article and Section References. "Article" means an article of the ordinance codified in this Development Code unless some other ordinance is specifically mentioned. "Section" means a section of the ordinance codified in this Development Code unless some other ordinance is specifically mentioned. "Subsection" means a subsection of the section in which the term occurs unless some other section is specifically mentioned.
- (b) <u>Definitions</u>. The Director of Community Development shall have the authority to determine the applicable definition source (e.g. Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, International Building Code, International Fire Code, etc.) in the event of a conflict.
- (c) <u>Headings.</u> Section and subsection headings contained herein shall not be deemed to govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of any provision of this Development Code.
- (d) <u>Illustrations.</u> In case of any differences of meaning or implication between the text of any section or article and any illustration, the text shall control.
- (e) Gender. The masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter.
- (f) Number. The singular number includes the plural, and the plural the singular.
- (g) <u>Tense.</u> The present tense includes the past and future tenses, and the future tense includes the present tense.

- (h) Oath and Affirmation. "Oath" includes "affirmation."
- (i) Shall and May. "Shall" is mandatory and "may" is permissive.
- (j) <u>Signature or Subscription and Mark.</u> "Signature" or "subscription" includes "mark" when the signer or subscriber cannot write, such signer's or subscriber's name being written near the mark by a witness who writes his own name near the signer's or subscriber's name; but a signature or subscription by mark can be acknowledged or can serve as a signature or subscription to a sworn statement only when two (2) witnesses so sign their own names thereto.
- (k) <u>Statutory References.</u> Whenever reference is made to any portion of the ordinance codified in this Development Code, or of any other ordinance of this County or of any law of this state, the reference applies to all amendments and additions now or hereafter made.

[Amended by Ord. 873, provisions eff. 6/7/93; Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07.]

<u>Section 110.902.15</u> <u>General Definitions.</u> Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions shall be applicable throughout the Development Code:

<u>A-Weighted Sound Level.</u> "A-weighted sound level" means the sound pressure level in decibels as measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighing filter network. Sounds measured with an A-weighted filter are abbreviated dba or db(a).

<u>Accessory Structure.</u> "Accessory structure" means a subordinate structure, the use of which is incidental to that of the main structure or potential main structure, or main dwelling.

Accessway. "Accessway" means vehicular ingress and egress to a property or use.

Adequate Public Facilities Management. "Adequate public facilities management" means a method for ensuring that the infrastructure necessary to support a development project will be available concurrently with the impacts of that development, without causing the level of service provided by said infrastructure to fall below adopted standards.

<u>Affordable Housing.</u> "Affordable housing" means housing which is affordable to low-income households (not exceeding eighty (80) percent of the County median income) or moderate-income households (not exceeding one-hundred twenty (120) percent of County median income).

<u>Agricultural Building.</u> "Agricultural building" is a structure designed and constructed to store farm implements and equipment or hay, grain, poultry, livestock, fruit and other agricultural products. Cold storage warehouses are not agricultural buildings. An agricultural building shall not be used for human habitation; processing, treating, packaging agricultural products; or as a place used by the public. The term shall not include dwellings, but does include greenhouses.

<u>Approved Access.</u> "Approved access" means a way or means of approach to a parcel from either an abutting public road or from a private road, street or right-of-way approved by the County.

<u>Area of Shallow Flooding.</u> "Area of shallow flooding" means a designated AO or AH Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The base flood depths range from 1 to 3 feet, a clearly defined channel does not exist, the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and velocity flow may be evident.

<u>Area Plan.</u> "Area plan" means plans adopted by Washoe County which cover specific subareas of the unincorporated County. These plans provide basic information on the natural features, resources and physical constraints that affect the development of the planning area. They also specify detailed land use

designations which are then used to review specific development proposals and to plan services and facilities.

Arterial. "Arterial" means a main highway that is a through street.

Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Attached accessory dwelling unit" means a portion of or an addition to a single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceiling and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or one thousand (1,000) square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Attached accessory dwellings are often referred to as guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."

<u>Base Flood Calculation.</u> "Base flood calculation" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. See "Flood, One Hundred (100) Year."

<u>Basement.</u> "Basement" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling, which is partly below and partly above grade, but so located that the vertical distance from grade to the floor below is less than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Bed and Breakfast Establishment.</u> "Bed and breakfast establishment" means a single-family dwelling containing not more than five (5) guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.

Berm. "Berm" means a mound or embankment of earth.

<u>Billboard.</u> "Billboard" means an outdoor advertisement making a material or services known, such advertisement being remote from the point of sale of such material or service.

Board. "Board" refers to the Board of County Commissioners of Washoe County.

<u>Boardinghouse.</u> "Boardinghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided for more than three (3) guests.

<u>Breezeway.</u> A "breezeway" means a covered walkway, passageway, or corridor that has at least one (1) side entirely or partially open (except for necessary supporting columns), is not intended nor designed as habitable space, and which may or may not be connected to a structure.

<u>Building.</u> "Building" means any structure having a permanent foundation, a roof supported by columns or walls and used for the enclosure of persons, animals or chattels, but not including a trailer (mobile home) or tent.

<u>Building Envelope.</u> "Building envelope" means the area to be occupied by any structure and associated development.

<u>Building Height.</u> "Building height" is the vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. As illustrated in Figure 110.902.15.BH1, the reference datum shall be selected by either of the following, whichever yields a greater height of building:

- (a) The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a five (5) foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.
- (b) An elevation ten (10) feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground surface described in Item 1 above is more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.

The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.

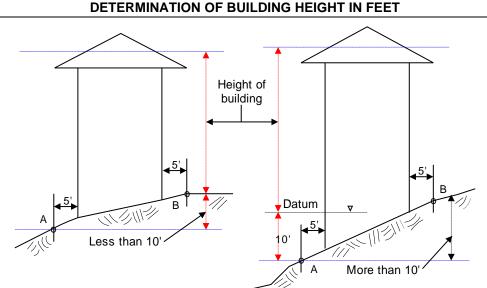


Figure 110.902.15.BH1

Source: International Building Code Interpretation Manual.

<u>Building Intensity.</u> "Building intensity" refers to the bulk and concentration of physical development of uses permitted in a district. Lot coverage and height are examples of measures of building intensity.

<u>Cargo Container.</u> "Cargo Container" means an Intermodal Container, Sea-land Container, ISO Container, or Conex Box that is not designed for independent or "In-tow Trailer" highway use, and that was originally designed and constructed as a standardized, reusable storage and shipping vessel to be loaded on a truck, rail car or ship.

<u>Cellar.</u> "Cellar" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling which is wholly or partially below grade and so located that vertical distance from grade to the floor below is equal to or greater than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Certificated Water Rights.</u> "Certificated water rights" means the right to put surface water or groundwater to beneficial use that is identified by a record document issued by the Nevada State Engineer after satisfactory proof of "perfection of application" for a permitted water right has been filed in accordance with NRS Chapter 533.

<u>Child Care Institution.</u> "Child care institution" means a facility which provides care and shelter during the day and night and provides developmental guidance to sixteen (16) or more children who do not routinely return to the homes of their parents or guardians. Such an institution may also provide, without limitation:

- (a) Education to the children according to a curriculum approved by the Department of Education;
- (b) Services to children who have been diagnosed as severely emotionally disturbed as defined in NRS 433B.080, including, without limitation, services relating to mental health and education; or
- (c) Emergency shelter to children who have been placed in protective custody pursuant to Chapter 432B of NRS.

<u>Climatic Adaptive Planting Material.</u> "Climatic adaptive planting material" means vegetation which is adapted to the climate or microclimate of the planting site and can flourish given the soil and water environment surrounding its roots. Microclimates, large bodies of water, soil drainage, soil pH, adequate moisture, the presence of soil salts, and both summer and winter wind affect a plant's ability to grow and survive.

Cluster or Clustered Development. See "Common Open Space Development."

<u>Collector</u>. "Collector" means the highest order of residential streets.

<u>Commercial Coach.</u> "Commercial coach" means structure without motive power which is designed and equipped for human occupancy for industrial, professional or commercial purposes.

Commercial Vehicle. "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle designed, maintained or used for business, commercial, construction or industrial purposes that infringes on the residential character of residential districts; or for the transportation of property in furtherance of commercial enterprise; or having more than two (2) axles on the road; or, any vehicle in excess of eight thousand (8,000) pounds unladen weight. Commercial vehicles includes, but is not limited to: a cement truck, commercial tree-trimming equipment, construction equipment, dump truck, garbage truck, panel truck, semi-tractor, semi-trailer, stake bed truck, step delivery van, tank truck, tar truck, and other vehicles customarily used for commercial purposes.

Commission. "Commission" means the Washoe County Planning Commission.

<u>Common Interest Community.</u> "Common interest community" means real estate in which a person, by virtue of ownership of a unit, is obligated to pay for real estate other than that unit. "Ownership of a unit" does not include holding a leasehold interest of less than twenty (20) years in a unit, including options to renew.

<u>Common Open Space Development.</u> "Common open space development" means a technique whereby minimum lot sizes may be reduced below the regulatory zone requirements for residential and commercial use types, if compensating amounts of open space are provided within the same development (also called "cluster development"). This type of development allows for structures to be grouped on smaller lots, provided the total density for the development is not exceeded.

<u>Company Town.</u> "Company town" means employee housing and supporting commercial, office, recreational, professional, administrative and other ancillary uses associated with the functioning of an isolated industrial, mining, energy production, utilities, resorts or agricultural based use. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

Consistency. "Consistency" means free from variation or contradiction.

Constraints. "Constraints" mean limitations or actions which cannot be taken or which must be taken.

Construct. "Construct" includes "erect," "reconstruct," "alter," "move in" and "move upon."

<u>Contiguous Parcel of Land.</u> "Contiguous parcel of land" means a parcel of land either abutting directly on the boundary or separated by a street, alley, public right-of-way, creek, river or the right-of-way of a railroad or other public service corporation of another parcel of land.

<u>Continuum of Care Unit</u>. A unit that is within a continuum of care facility that includes living and sleeping facilities as defined by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

Corner Lot. See "Lot, Corner."

<u>Cost.</u> "Cost" means the price paid or what is given up in order to acquire, produce, accomplish or maintain anything.

<u>County.</u> "County" refers to the unincorporated area of Washoe County, Nevada.

<u>County Standards.</u> "County standards" means improvement standards set forth in this Development Code or adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>Cross-Section.</u> "Cross-section" is a drawing or photograph showing a cutting through something, especially at right angles to its axis. A cross section of a roadway usually indicates the width of the street, the number of lanes, and the width of any median, parkways, sidewalks and bicycle lanes.

<u>Cumulative Impact.</u> "Cumulative impact" means an effect which is a result of several related projects. Each increment from each project may not be noticeable but cumulative impacts may be noticeable when all increments are considered.

<u>Cut.</u> "Cut" means shaping of the land surface by removing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Decibel.</u> "Decibel" means a unit for describing the amplitude of sound, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten (10) of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals (20 micronewtons per square meter).

<u>Density or Residential Density.</u> "Density" or "residential density" means the number of dwelling units per gross acre for residential uses as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System.

<u>Density Bonus.</u> "Density bonus" means an increase in residential density over and above the density specified in the Development Code. A "density bonus unit" is one of the additional housing units built as a result of granting a density bonus.

<u>Destination Resort.</u> "Destination resort" is a self-contained development that provides for visitor-oriented accommodations and developed recreational facilities in a setting with high natural amenities. Visitor-oriented accommodations are overnight lodging and facilities designed for visitors, not permanent residents, and overnight lodging excludes RV and mobile home parks. Visitor accommodations must include meeting rooms and restaurants.

<u>Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit.</u> "Detached accessory dwelling unit" means a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS)

Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Detached accessory dwelling unit are also commonly referred to as guest houses, second units, detached "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

<u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> Except as provided for under Section 110.306.15, "detached accessory structure" means a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions contained in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures. Typical uses include storage buildings, sheds, barns, and detached garages.

<u>Development.</u> "Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate including the construction of buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

<u>Development Agreement.</u> "Development agreement" means an agreement entered into by Washoe County and any person having a legal or equitable interest in land concerning the development of that land, pursuant to NRS Chapter 278.

<u>Development Code.</u> "Development Code" refers to Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code which incorporates all County development-related ordinances and standards to ensure conformity with the Master Plan.

<u>Division into Large Parcels.</u> "Division into large parcels" means division of land if each proposed lot is at least forty (40) acres in area including roads and easements or at least one-sixteenth (1/16) of a section as described by a government land office.

<u>Dog Training Center.</u> "Dog training center" means a facility where dogs are boarded and trained for a long-term period of time.

<u>Dog Training Services.</u> "Dog training services" means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training.

<u>Domestic Water.</u> "Domestic water" means water supplied to individual dwellings and other land uses which is suitable for drinking.

<u>Dormitory/Bunkhouse.</u> "Dormitory/bunkhouse" means a building or a portion of a building where, for compensation or a benefit of employment, meals and lodging are provided.

<u>Drainage</u>, <u>Natural</u>. "Natural drainage" means any channel, swale or depression which conducts water as part of the natural drainage pattern of a site.

<u>Driveway</u>, <u>Residential</u>. "Residential driveway" means a private paved or unpaved area used for ingress or egress of vehicles, and allowing access extending from a property line to a building or other structure or facility on the subject parcel.

<u>Dwelling.</u> "Dwelling" means any building or portion thereof used exclusively for residential purposes but does not include hotels, clubs, boardinghouses or rooming houses, fraternity or sorority houses, continuum of care facilities, or institutions.

<u>Dwelling Unit.</u> "Dwelling unit" means any building or portion thereof, including a fabricated home or portion thereof, which contains at a minimum permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities for residential use types as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities as required by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

<u>Electronic Notice</u>. "Electronic notice" means any notice required by law that is transmitted via electronic means and which provides a method of verifying receipt to the sender that the receiver has received the notice. Electronic includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, facsimile transmission that identify the receiver and have a time and date stamp.

<u>Endangered Species.</u> "Endangered species" means any species listed as such in the Federal Register which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Engineer. "Engineer" means a Nevada registered engineer pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Ephemeral Stream.</u> "Ephemeral stream" means a stream that flows only in direct response to precipitation, and thus discontinues its flow during dry seasons. Such flow is usually of short duration. Most of the dry washes of more arid regions may be classified as ephemeral streams.

<u>Erosion.</u> "Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil from the land surface by wind, water or gravity.

<u>Fabricated Home.</u> "Fabricated home" means a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site. Fabricated homes include modular homes, manufactured homes and mobile homes. The term "fabricated home" does not include a "recreational vehicle."

<u>Facility for Transitional Living for Released Offenders.</u> "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for persons who have been released from prison and who require assistance with reintegration into the community, other than such a residence that is operated or maintained by a state or local government or an agency thereof. The term does not include a halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers or a facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs. As used in this section, person who has been released from prison means:

- (a) A parolee.
- (b) A person who is participating in:
  - (1) A judicial program pursuant to NRS 209.4886 or 213.625; or
  - (2) A correctional program pursuant to NRS 209.4888 or 213.371.
- (c) A person who is supervised by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety through residential confinement.
- (d) A person who has been released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence.

<u>Family.</u> "Family" means one (1) or more persons related by blood, marriage or legal adoption, or a group of six (6) or fewer unrelated persons and two additional persons who act as house parents or guardians, living together in a dwelling unit.

<u>Fence.</u> "Fence" means a wall or barrier constructed of boards, masonry, wire or any other material for the purpose of enclosing space or separating parcels of land. The term "fence" does not include retaining walls, but does include fence gates and gateposts.

<u>Fence</u>, <u>Security</u>. "Security Fence" means a fence that is located on the property lines of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established and complies with WCC 110.406.50 (e).

Fill. "Fill" means shaping of the land surface by depositing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Final Map.</u> "Final map" means the map or recording instrument for subdivisions of land as described in Article 610. A final map may also be used to record an approved parcel map at the option of either the subdivider or the County.

<u>Fire Management.</u> "Fire management" means activities required for the protection of resources and values from fire, or the use of fire to meet land management goals and objectives.

<u>Flood or Flooding.</u> "Flood" or "flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow of inland waters; or the unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source.

<u>Flood, One Hundred (100) Year.</u> "One hundred (100) year flood" also called the "base flood" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The boundaries of the one hundred (100) year flood include both the floodway and the flood fringe areas as shown on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (Floodway).</u> "Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of flood hazard and the floodway.

<u>Flood Elevation</u>. "Flood elevation" means the elevation of the water surface of the base flood based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929.

<u>Flood Elevation, Increase In.</u> "Increase in flood elevation" means an increase in flood elevation of more than one (1) foot at any point.

<u>Flood Fringe.</u> "Flood fringe" means the area of the one hundred (100) year flood, exclusive of the floodway, as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, and any area determined by the Floodplain Administrator to have a one (1) percent or greater probability of flood in a given year.

<u>Flood Hazard Areas.</u> "Flood hazard areas" means the area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as being flooded by the base flood, and is designated as "Zone A, AO, AH, AE and A99" on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Height.</u> "Flood height" means the depth of the floodwater during the one hundred (100) year flood, computed as the difference between the elevation of the one hundred (100) year floodwater surface and the elevation ground surface at a given point in the flooded area.

<u>Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).</u> "Flood Insurance Rate Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated the flood hazard area, the limited flooding area and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

<u>Flood Insurance Study (FIS).</u> "Flood Insurance Study" means the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

<u>Floodplain</u>. "Floodplain" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source.

<u>Floodplain Administrator.</u> "Floodplain Administrator" means the person appointed to administer and implement the provisions of Article 416 of this Development Code.

<u>Floodplain Management.</u> "Floodplain management" means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage.

<u>Floodproofing.</u> "Floodproofing" means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

<u>Floodway.</u> "Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot. The floodway is delineated on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps.

<u>Floor Area Ratio (FAR).</u> "Floor area ratio" means the ratio of floor area permitted on a lot to the size of the lot. For example, a permitted FAR of 6.0 on a 10,000 square foot lot would allow a building with a total floor area of 60,000 square feet.

<u>Front Line.</u> "Front line" means the narrowest lot dimension fronting on a street.

Front Yards. See "Yard, Front."

<u>Fuel Management.</u> "Fuel management" means treating or controlling any vegetative material which adversely affects meeting fire management direction based upon resource management goals and objectives.

<u>Fuelbreak.</u> "Fuelbreak" means a strip of land, strategically placed for fighting anticipated fires, where hazardous fuels have been replaced with less burnable fuels (like grass). They divide fire-prone areas into smaller parcels for easier fire control and provide access for fire fighting.

<u>Fuels.</u> "Fuels" mean any material capable of sustaining or carrying a wildfire, usually natural material both live and dead.

<u>Gaming.</u> "Gaming" means any legally constituted gambling enterprise authorized under the laws of the State of Nevada other than slot machines when such machines are operated incidentally to the conduct of a licensed retail business.

<u>Geothermal Resource.</u> "Geothermal resource" means the natural heat of the earth and the energy associated with the natural heat, pressure and all dissolved or entrained minerals, but excluding hydrocarbons and helium, that may be obtained from the medium used to transfer that heat.

<u>Governing Body.</u> "Governing body" refers to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, unless otherwise clearly indicated.

<u>Government Patent Easement.</u> "Government patent easement" means an easement granted through a patent by the federal government for a public purpose, generally for public access and utility purposes.

<u>Grade.</u> "Grade" is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than 5 feet from the building, between the building and a line 5 feet from the building.

<u>Gradient.</u> "Gradient" is the slope of a lot measured as the difference in elevation of finished grade between the midpoint of the front property line and the farthest opposite point of the lot depth.

Grading. "Grading" means removal of trees and shrubs with surface soil grading for smoothness.

<u>Greenbelt.</u> "Greenbelt" means an area where measures such as fuel management, land use planning and development standards are applied to mitigate fire, flood and erosion hazard. More traditionally, an irrigated landscaped buffer zone between development and wildlands, usually put to additional uses (e.g. golf course, park, etc.).

Gross Density. "Gross density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the total site area.

<u>Ground Cover.</u> "Ground cover" means low, dense-growing plants such as shrubs or vines, or inert materials such as rock or bark used to cover bare ground.

<u>Ground Water Recharge.</u> "Ground water recharge" means the infiltration of water into the earth. It may increase the total amount of water stored underground or only replenish the groundwater supply depleted through pumping or natural discharge. The natural or intentional infiltration of surface water into the Zone of Saturation (i.e. into the Ground Water). Also, the inflow of water to a ground water reservoir (Zone of Saturation) from the surface. Infiltration of precipitation and its movement to the water table is one form of natural recharge.

<u>Group Foster Home.</u> "Group foster home" means a natural person, partnership, firm, corporation or association who provides full-time care for seven (7) to fifteen (15) children who are:

- (a) Under eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) Not related within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity to any natural person maintaining or operating the home; and received, cared for, and
- (c) Maintained for compensation or otherwise, including the provision of permanent free care.

<u>Halfway House for Recovering Alcohol and Drug Abusers.</u> "Halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for recovering alcohol and drug abusers and is operated to facilitate their reintegration into the community, but does not provide any treatment for alcohol or drug abuse. The term does not include a facility for transitional living for released offenders.

<u>Hallway.</u> "Hallway" means a completely enclosed corridor, passageway, or other similar enclosed space that connects two (2) separate rooms, or ingress and egress points, and which is not intended nor designed as habitable space. A hallway shall not be used to connect two (2) separate dwelling units.

<u>Hedge.</u> "Hedge" means a dense row of plant material, such as shrubs, which are arranged to form a boundary or screen.

<u>Highest Existing Grade.</u> "Highest existing grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

<u>Hillside Development.</u> "Hillside development" means any development including individual lots which has slopes greater than fifteen (15) percent on twenty (20) percent or more of the site.

Historic Structure. "Historic structure" means any structure that is:

- (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historic significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior to qualify as a registered historic district;
- (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
  - (1) By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
  - (2) Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

<u>Home for Individual Residential Care.</u> "Home for individual residential care" means a home in which a natural person furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision, for compensation, to not more than two (2) persons with mental retardation or with disabilities or who are aged or infirm, unless the persons receiving those services are related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the person providing those services. The term does not include:

- (a) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (b) A home in which supported living arrangement services are provided to assist individuals in maximizing his independence, including without limitation training and habitation services.

<u>Hoop House/High Tunnel.</u> "Hoop House" or "High Tunnel" means an enclosure that is used to cover and protect crops from sun, wind, excessive rainfall, or cold, to extend the growing season in an environmentally safe manner and having a life span of approximately 5 years. The coverings for these enclosures utilize flexible, not rigid materials.

<u>Hotel.</u> "Hotel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with an interior hall and lobby.

<u>House Construction Factory.</u> "House construction factory" means a building used for the construction of a single or multiple family dwelling, or the assembly of prefabricated single or multiple family dwelling components, or a combination of the above-described procedures, which results in a completed single or multiple family dwelling that can be transported to a lot for which service has been provided and which has been improved to accommodate the installation of the dwelling.

Household. "Household" means the person or persons occupying a housing unit.

<u>Impervious Surface.</u> "Impervious surface" means the surface through which water cannot penetrate, such as a roof, road, sidewalk or paved parking area.

<u>Incorporated City.</u> "Incorporated city" means a city incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

<u>Infrastructure</u>. "Infrastructure" means the basic facilities such as roads, schools, power plants, transmission lines, transportation and communication systems on which the continuance and growth of a community depends.

Inoperable Vehicle. "Inoperable vehicle" means a vehicle, as defined by NRS 482.135, which:

- (a) Does not display current license plates (from any state) registered to the vehicle; and,
- (b) Is visibly damaged, wrecked, dismantled, in serious disrepair, deteriorating (rusting, rotting) or missing major components, or is being salvaged, parted out, prepared for crushing, shredding or scrapping; and,
- (c) Is not awaiting disposition instructions as a result of a collision.

Interior Lot. See " Lot, Interior."

<u>Junkyard.</u> "Junkyard" means any space for storage, abandonment or sale of junk, scrap material or similar waste, including the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles, other vehicles, machinery or parts. Junkyard shall be synonymous with salvage yard.

<u>Kitchen.</u> "Kitchen" means a room or space within a room equipped with such electrical or gas hook up that would enable the installation of a range, oven, or like appliance using 220/40 volts or natural gas (or similar fuels, such as propane) for the preparation of food, and also containing either or both a refrigerator and sink for the washing and/or disposal of food.

<u>Landscaped Buffer.</u> "Landscaped buffer" means an area of landscaping which separates two (2) distinct land uses, or a land use and a public right-of-way, and which acts to soften or mitigate the effects of one (1) land use on the other.

<u>Landscaping.</u> "Landscaping" means an area devoted to and maintained with a mixture of existing or new native or exotic plants such as turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees, as well as additional complementary decorative features such as rocks, decorative pavement, fountains, pools, sculpture and decorative wall.

<u>Ldn.</u> "Ldn" means the average equivalent A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day obtained by adding ten decibels to the hourly noise levels measured during the night (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). In this way, Ldn takes into account the lower tolerance of people for noise during nighttime periods. Ldn noise level measurements are typically plotted onto a map to identify noise contours around a significant noise generator (e.g. freeways, airports, etc.).

<u>Limited Gaming.</u> "Limited gaming" means gaming enterprises authorized by the State Gaming Control Board whereby any person or gaming establishment may be issued a limited gaming license or have such conditions placed on a gaming license as necessary to protect the public interest.

## Livestock. "Livestock" means:

- (a) All cattle or animals of the bovine species;
- (b) All horses, mules, burros and asses or animals of the equine species;
- (c) All goats or animals of the caprine species;
- (d) All swine or animals of the porcine species; and

(e) All sheep or animals of the ovine species.

<u>Loading Space</u>. "Loading space" means an off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a group of buildings for the temporary parking of vehicles while handling merchandise or materials.

<u>Lot.</u> "Lot" means a distinct part or parcel of land divided with the intent to transfer ownership or for building purposes, which abuts upon a permanent means of access and is assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Lot, Corner.</u> "Corner lot" means a lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets or a lot that abuts one (1) street that changes directions, curves or turns around the lot with an interior angle of 135 degrees or less.

<u>Lot</u>, <u>Interior</u>. "Interior lot" means either (a) a lot bounded by a street on only one (1) side; or, (b) a lot situated at the intersection of (2) streets having an interior angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more; or, (c) a lot that has continuous street frontage on only one (1) street and when the curvature of the lot along the street frontage exceeds one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more.

<u>Lot, Through.</u> "Through lot" means a lot bounded by two (2) streets that do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.

<u>Lot Coverage.</u> "Lot coverage" is a measure of intensity of land use which represents the portion of a site that is impervious (i.e. does not absorb water). This portion includes, but is not limited to, all areas covered by buildings, parking structures, driveways, roads, sidewalks, and any areas of concrete asphalt. In the case of lumberyards, areas where lumber is stored also constitutes impervious surfaces.

<u>Lot Depth.</u> "Lot depth" is the distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the mean direction of the side lines.

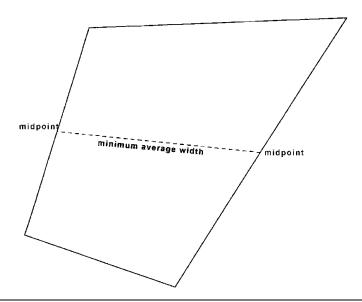
Lot Size. "Lot size" is the total square footage of a lot.

<u>Lot Width.</u> "Lot width" may be determined in one of the following three ways:

(a) The distance between the side lot lines measured at right angles to the lot depth at a point midway between the front and rear line (see Figure 110.902.15LW1);

Figure 110.902.15.LW1

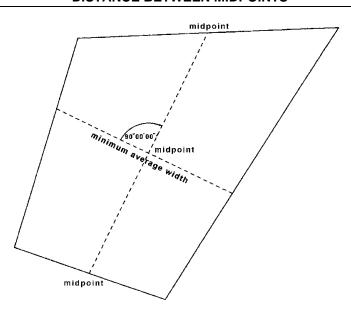
## **DISTANCE BETWEEN SIDE LOT LINES**



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(b) The distance between the midpoints of the side lot lines (see Figure 110.902.15LW2); or Figure 110.902.15.LW2

## **DISTANCE BETWEEN MIDPOINTS**

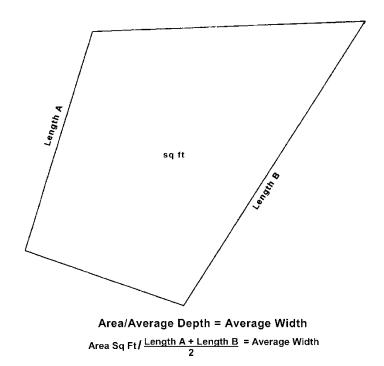


Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(c) Area/Average Depth = Average Width (see Figure 110.902.15LW3).

Figure 110.902.15.LW3

## **AREA/AVERAGE WIDTH**



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

<u>Lowest Floor.</u> "Lowest floor" means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements.

Main Building. "Main building" means a building devoted to the principal use of the lot on which it is situated.

<u>Major Subdivision.</u> "Major subdivision" means a subdivision which contains five (5) or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

Manufactured Home. "Manufactured home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing the label certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. A manufactured home is further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.113). A manufactured home is not a mobile home, nor a modular home.

<u>Manufactured Home Park Site.</u> "Manufactured home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a manufactured home park.

<u>Manufactured Home Space.</u> "Manufactured home space" is the area in a manufactured home park that is rented or leased to the occupant or occupants of a manufactured home.

<u>Manufactured Home Subdivision.</u> "Manufactured home subdivision" is a subdivision designed and/or intended for the sale of lots for siting manufactured homes.

<u>Master Plan.</u> "Master Plan" means the Washoe County Master Plan including both countywide elements and area plans, and a number of more detailed plans and studies related to the plans.

Median Income or County Median Income. "Median income" or "County median income" means the level of income in Washoe County whereby one-half (1/2) of the population earns greater than that level of income and one-half (1/2) of the population earns less than that level of income. Median income is determined on a yearly basis by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

<u>Military Installation.</u> "Military installation" means a base or facility at which or from which the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force Reserve, Army Reserve, Coast Guard Reserve, Marine Corps Reserve, Navy Reserve or National Guard conducts exercises, maneuvers, operations, patrols or training.

Minor Subdivision. "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision which contains four (4) or less lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Minute Action.</u> "Minute action" means an official final decision made by the Board of County Commissioners, as recorded in the County Clerk's minutes.

Mobile Home. "Mobile home" is a transportable, fabricated home, designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling and built prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, which became effective June 15, 1976. A mobile home, further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.120), does not bear an insignia of approval that the dwelling unit was built in compliance with NRS Chapter 461. A mobile home is not a manufactured home, nor a modular home.

<u>Mobile Home Park.</u> "Mobile home park" means a tract of land under single ownership within which two (2) or more manufactured homes are occupied as residences on a permanent or semi-permanent basis. The homes are located on spaces that are rented or leased. Special facilities for the common use of the occupants may be included.

Mobile Home Park Site. "Mobile home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a mobile home park.

Modular Home. "Modular home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing a label certifying that it is built in compliance with local International Building Code standards and further meets all requirements of County Code Chapter 100. Modular homes shall be subject to the same permit process as site-built homes. A modular home is not a manufactured home, but includes what is commonly referred to as a panelized home.

<u>Motel.</u> "Motel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room or unit from an outside porch or landing (whether or not such outside porch or landing is enclosed with screen, glass, plastic or similar material).

<u>Mulch.</u> "Mulch" means an organic or inorganic material applied to landscaped areas to help minimize evaporation from the soil, reduce weeds, moderate soil temperatures and slow erosion.

<u>National Register of Historic Places.</u> "National Register of Historic Places" means the listing maintained by the U.S. National Park Service of areas which have been designated as historically significant. The Register includes places of local and state significance, as well as those of value to the nation in general.

<u>Natural Area.</u> "Natural area" means a land area which is unimproved and not occupied by any structures or man-made elements, and set aside for the conservation of permanent, undisturbed open space.

<u>Net Density.</u> "Net density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the site area minus the area of the streets, parking areas and undevelopable land.

Nevada Natural Heritage Site. "Nevada Natural Heritage Site" means areas of land or water which either:

- Have unusual flora, fauna, geological, scenic or similar features of scientific, educational or recreational interest; or
- (b) Retain some degree, or have re-established, a natural character (although it need not be completely undisturbed).

Non-municipal Air Strips and Glider Ports. "Non-municipal air strips and glider ports" means any Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recognized public use landing area, privately owned and operated for scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, where commercial uses and aviation related commerce can occur. Such use may include provision of landing privileges, hangar and tie-down lease/rental spaces, fuel and lubrication service, flight instruction, plane rental, mechanical repairs, or any other form of aviation commerce. Uses can also include scenic and sightseeing transportation service including helicopter rides, glider plane rides, air balloon rides, ultra-light and experimental aircraft activities and aircraft charters. The term "non-municipal air strips and glider ports" does not apply to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies. The term also does not apply to a personal landing field that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields.

NRS. "NRS" means Nevada Revised Statutes.

Open Space, Common. "Common open space" means the total land area, not individually owned or dedicated for public use, which is designed and intended for the common use or enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the development. Common open space includes swimming pools, putting greens and other recreational-leisure facilities; areas of scenic or natural beauty and habitat areas; hiking, riding or off-street bicycle trails; and landscaped areas adjacent to roads which are in excess of minimum required rights-of-way.

Open Space, Private. "Private open space" means the outdoor living area directly adjoining a dwelling unit or building which is intended for the private enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the dwelling unit or building and which is defined in such a manner that its boundaries are evident.

Open Space Use. "Open space use" means the current employment of land, the preservation of which use would conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, protect streams and water supplies or preserve sites designated as historic pursuant to law, provided such land has a greater value for another use than for open space use.

<u>Outdoor Storage.</u> "Outdoor Storage" means the outside placement of items and materials that are incidental to the existing principal use of the property, except as provided for under Section 110.306.35(d), for a period of more than seventy-two (72) consecutive hours. Outdoor storage is further defined and regulated in the Washoe County Nuisance Code (WCC Sections 50.300 to 50.310, inclusive).

Parcel Map. "Parcel map" means a map for a minor subdivision.

<u>Parcel of Land.</u> "Parcel of land" means any unit or contiguous units of land assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Parking Area.</u> "Parking area" means an open area, excluding a street or other public right-of-way, used for the parking of vehicles and available to the public, whether for free or for compensation.

<u>Permanent Employee Housing.</u> "Permanent employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees

occupy the housing on a permanent basis year round. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Permitted Water Rights.</u> "Permitted water rights" means the right, in accordance with NRS Chapter 533 and as approved by the Nevada State Engineer, to appropriate public waters, or to change the place of diversion, manner of use or place of use of water already appropriated.

<u>Perennial Stream.</u> "Perennial stream" means a stream that flows from source to mouth throughout the year. This definition does not apply to a man-made watercourse constructed for irrigation, aesthetic or other purposes.

Person. "Person" means a firm, association, corporation, partnership or an individual.

<u>Personal Landing Field.</u> "Personal landing field" means a private use aviation landing area that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable land uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields. Personal landing fields do not engage in scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, or in any scenic and sightseeing transportation service, or any other form of aviation commerce. The term "personal landing field" does not apply to "non-municipal air strips and glider ports," or to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies.

<u>Placement.</u> "Placement" means the issuance of a set-up permit by the Building and Safety Department for a manufactured home or mobile home.

<u>Planting Area.</u> "Planting area" means an area devoted to or maintained predominantly with native or exotic plants including turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees with a limited portion of complementary decorative features.

<u>Plumbing Fixture.</u> A "plumbing fixture" is a receptacle, device, or appliance that is supplied with water or which receives liquid or liquid-borne wastes, and which discharges into a drainage system to which it may be directly or indirectly connected.

<u>Police Powers.</u> "Police powers" means powers reserved to the states by the U.S. Constitution and delegated to cities and counties through the Nevada Constitution and the Nevada Revised Statutes; it is the authority to create and enforce ordinances and regulations that are not in conflict with general laws in order to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the public.

<u>Print.</u> "Print" means and includes a blueprint, photostat, direct process print or other copy which reproduces exactly the original drawing from which it was made.

<u>Private Communication Antenna.</u> "Private communication antenna" means any system of wires or poles or similar devices, excluding satellite dish antennas, used for the transmission or reception of electromagnetic waves by federally licensed amateur radio or citizen band radio operators, which system is external to or attached to the exterior of any building.

<u>Private Garage</u>. "Private garage" means a space intended for or used by the private automobiles of families resident upon the lot.

<u>Public Garage.</u> "Public garage" means a building for the repair, storage or hire of motor vehicles.

<u>Rear Line.</u> "Rear line" means the lot line most directly opposite the front line. A parcel of land may have only one (1) rear line.

Rear Yard. See "Yard, Rear."

<u>Recreational Vehicle.</u> "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular structure that is primarily designed as temporary living quarters for travel, recreation and camping uses. A recreational vehicle can be self-propelled, mounted on, or towed by a separate vehicle.

<u>Recreational Vehicle Park.</u> "Recreational vehicle park" means a tract of land for the transient use by two or more recreational vehicles.

Regional Plan. "Regional Plan" means the Truckee Meadows Regional Plan.

Required Area. "Required area" means the minimum area of a lot or parcel necessary to permit its use under the provisions of the Development Code. Required area refers to:

- (a) Any lot shown as part of a subdivision recorded as a final plat in the manner provided by law;
- (b) Any parcel of land separated as a lot prior to the adoption and effective date of the original Washoe County Land Use Ordinance or the adoption of additional regulatory zones; or
- (c) Any lot or parcel of land which has an area not less than that required in the respective regulatory zone.

Residential Facility for Groups. "Residential facility for groups" means an establishment that furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision to a person with mental retardation or with a disability or a person who is aged or infirm. The term includes, without limitation, an assisted living facility. The term does not include:

- (a) An establishment which provides care only during the day;
- (b) A natural person who provides care for no more than two (2) persons in his or her own home:
- (c) A natural person who provides care for one (1) or more persons related to him or her within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity;
- (d) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (e) A facility funded by a division or program of the Department of Health and Human Services.

<u>Revegetation.</u> "Revegetation" means stabilizing disturbed or graded soils after construction by replanting with indigenous or natural appearing plants.

<u>Ridgeline.</u> "Ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, running center and parallel to the long axis of the ridge and from which all water drains down.

<u>Ridgeline, Significant.</u> "Significant ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, as identified on the Development Suitability map for each planning area included in Volume Two: Area Plans of the Washoe County Master Plan.

<u>Right-of-Way.</u> "Right-of-way" is a strip of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a publicly dedicated street, including the pavement, sidewalks and parkways, crosswalk, railroad, electric transmission line, oil or gas pipeline, water main, sanitary or storm sewer main, shade streets or other special use.

Riparian. "Riparian" means related to or located on the bank of a natural water course.

Riparian Habitat. "Riparian habitat" means the land and plants bordering a watercourse or lake.

<u>Room.</u> "Room" is space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet compartments, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas, are not considered habitable space and therefore, not a room.

<u>Roominghouse.</u> "Roominghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, lodging is provided for more than three (3) guests.

Runoff. "Runoff" means that part of precipitation which flows over the land without filtering into the soil.

<u>Rural Regulatory Zones.</u> "Rural regulatory zones" means the Low Density Rural Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Rural Regulatory Zone, and High Density Rural Regulatory Zone.

<u>Satellite Dish Antenna.</u> "Satellite dish antenna" means a devise incorporating a reflective surface that is solid, open mesh or bar configured and is in the shape of a shallow dish, cone, horn or cornucopia. Such device shall be used to transmit and/or receive radio or electromagnetic waves between terrestrially and/or orbitally based uses. This definition is meant to include, but not be limited to, what are commonly referred to as satellite earth stations, TVROs (television reception only satellite dish antennas), and satellite microwave antennas.

<u>Scenic Corridor.</u> "Scenic corridor" means a roadway with recognized high quality visual amenities that include background vistas of mountains, open country or city.

<u>School.</u> "School" means an institution of learning which offers instructions in the several branches of learning required to be taught in the public schools of the State of Nevada.

<u>Screen.</u> "Screen" means to provide physical separation and complete visual obscuration of one area from another on all sides and in all seasons. Such separation must be at least six (6) feet high and includes, but is not limited to, the combination or individual use of a fence, decorative wall, structure, earth berm or dense landscaping.

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act).</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act)" means that section of the Clean Water Act delineating restrictions on the dredging and filling (only) of Wetlands in the United States. While Section 404 Permits are issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), Section 404 regulations are written by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit.</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit" means the Wetland dredge and fill permit issued under regulations written to conform to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The permit is actually granted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE).

<u>Sedimentation.</u> "Sedimentation" means the act or process of depositing sediment from suspension in water. All the processes whereby particles of rock material are accumulated to form sedimentary deposits. Sedimentation, as commonly used, involves not only aqueous but also glacial, aeolian, and organic agents. (Water Quality) Letting solids settle out of wastewater by gravity during treatment.

<u>Service Standards.</u> "Service standards" means a measurement of municipal services used to monitor or compare services provided by the County and other service providers.

<u>Setback.</u> "Setback" means the required distance between every structure and the lot line of the lot on which the structure(s) is located.

<u>Shrubs.</u> "Shrubs" means a self-supporting woody species of plants characterized by persistent stems and branches springing from the base.

Side Yard. See "Yard, Side."

<u>Site-Built Home.</u> "Site-built home" means a dwelling unit where the major components are fabricated and assembled at the building site or a dwelling unit constructed at a house construction factory located within Washoe County. Site-built homes shall comply with Washoe County building codes and other adopted local codes.

<u>Slope</u>. "Slope" means an inclined ground surface expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Agricultural</u>. "Agricultural slaughter house" means a building used as an ancillary structure on a farm or ranch for the non-profit slaughtering of animals raised on-site and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

<u>Slaughter House, Commercial.</u> "Commercial slaughter house" means a building used for the for-profit slaughtering of animals that are either raised on-site or transported to the building and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

Solar Energy. "Solar energy" means energy derived from the sun's rays.

<u>Specific Plan.</u> "Specific plan" means a plan prepared for a portion of an area plan which prescribes uses and development standards for that portion.

Story. "Story" is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than six (6) feet above grade as defined herein for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter or is more than twelve (12) feet above grade as defined herein at any point, such usable or unused under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

Story, First. "First story" is the lowest story in a building which qualifies as a story, as defined herein, except that a floor level in a building having only one (1) floor level shall be classified as a first story, provided such floor level is not more than four (4) feet below grade, as defined herein, for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter, or more than eight (8) feet below grade, as defined herein, at any point.

<u>Stream.</u> "Stream" means a general term for a body of flowing water; natural watercourse containing water at least part of the year. In hydrology, the term is generally applied to the water flowing in a natural channel as distinct from a canal. Some classifications of streams include, in relation to time:

- (a) <u>Ephemeral Streams</u>. Streams that flow only in direct response to precipitation and whose channel is at all times above the water table.
- (b) <u>Intermittent or Seasonal Streams.</u> Streams that flow only at certain times of the year when it receives water from springs, rainfall, or from surface sources such as melting snow.
- (c) <u>Perennial Streams.</u> Streams that flow continuously.

<u>Streambanks</u>. "Streambanks" mean the usual boundaries, not the flood boundaries, of a stream channel. Right and left banks are named facing downstream (in the direction of flow).

<u>Street.</u> "Street" means a public right-of-way or easement which affords a primary means of access to abutting property.

<u>Structure.</u> "Structure" means a walled and roofed building or manufactured home, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is primarily above ground. "Structure" does not include a tent, trailer or vehicle.

<u>Subdivider.</u> "Subdivider" means any person or persons, firm, corporation, partnership or association that causes land to be divided into a subdivision for himself or itself or for others. A consultant, engineer or surveyor who does not hold title to the land is not considered a subdivider.

<u>Subdivision.</u> "Subdivision" means any land, vacant or improved, which is divided or proposed to be divided vacant or improved, into two (2) or more lots, parcels, sites, units or plots for the purposes of any transfer, development or any proposed transfer or development unless exempted by one of the following provisions:

- (a) "Subdivision" does not apply to any division of land which creates lots, parcels, sites, units or plots of land each of which comprise forty (40) or more acres of land, or 1/16 of a section, including roads and roadway easements, which is subject to the provisions of Article 612.
- (b) Any joint tenancy or tenancy in common shall be deemed a single interest in land.
- (c) Unless a method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this Development Code or would have the effect of evading this Development Code, the term "subdivision" does not apply to:
  - (1) Any division of land which is ordered by any court in this state or created by operation of law;
  - (2) A lien, mortgage, deed of trust or any other security instrument;
  - (3) A security or unit of interest in any investment trust regulated under the laws of this state or any other interest in an investment entity;
  - (4) Cemetery lots; or
  - (5) An interest in oil, gas, minerals or building materials which are not or hereafter severed from the surface ownership or real property.
- (d) "Subdivision" does not apply to creation of parcels of more than (10) acres for agricultural purposes if a street, road or highway opening, widening or easement of any kind is not involved.
- (e) For the purposes of the definition "subdivision," any interest in land created or established as joint tenancy or a tenancy in common shall be a single interest and not an interest in common, if, and only if, the use or development or the proposed use or development of such land would not be a subdivision as defined in this section if undertaken or proposed by a single entity, whether corporate or an individual. See "Major Subdivision" and "Minor Subdivision."

<u>Substantial Improvement.</u> "Substantial improvement" means any repair, reconstruction, additions or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure either before the improvement or addition is started or, if the structure has been damaged, before the damage occurred, regardless of the actual repair work performed. For the purpose of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other

structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. "Substantial improvement" does not include:

- (a) Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications; or
- (b) Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.
  - (1) "Substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure; and
  - "Substantial improvement" does not include improvement of a structure solely to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications, or any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

<u>Suburban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Suburban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Suburban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Surface Runoff.</u> "Surface runoff" means water that results from precipitation which is not absorbed by the soil, evaporated into the atmosphere or entrapped by ground surface depressions and vegetation, and which flows over the ground surface to adjoining properties, storm drains or waterways.

Surveyor. "Surveyor" means a land surveyor registered pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Temporary Employee Housing.</u> "Temporary employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a seasonal basis not more than six (6) months per year. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Tentative Parcel Map.</u> "Tentative parcel map" means a map which is filed pursuant to Article 606, conforming to the standards and requirements set forth therein.

<u>Tentative Subdivision Map.</u> "Tentative subdivision map" means a preliminary map made to show lot lines, roads, buildings, rights-of-ways and other design factors of a proposed subdivision.

<u>Terrace</u>. "Terrace" means a relatively level step constructed in the face of a graded slope surface for drainage, maintenance and/or development purposes.

<u>Threatened Species.</u> "Threatened species" means any species which is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future and which has been designated in the Federal Register as a threatened species.

Through Lot. See "Lot, Through."

<u>Topography</u>. "Topography" means configuration of a surface, including its relief and the position of natural and man-made features.

<u>Topsoil.</u> "Topsoil" means the upper part of the soil profile that is relatively rich in humus, known in agronomy as the "A-horizon."

<u>Total Developed Land Area.</u> "Total developed land area" means that portion of a property which is disturbed for development purposes including, but not limited to, areas covered by buildings, landscaping, impervious surfaces and other areas graded or excavated to support the development.

Trailer Coach. See "Mobile Home."

Travel Trailer. See "Recreational Vehicle."

<u>Tree.</u> "Tree" means a large, woody perennial plant with one main trunk or multiple trunks, and many branches.

<u>Unladen Weight.</u> "Unladen weight" means the weight of any vehicle without load, but fully equipped with accessories and appliances belonging to and used by such vehicle in the transportation of persons or property.

<u>Uplighting.</u> "Uplighting" means a source of light where the center of the light beam is at an angle greater than the horizontal.

<u>Urban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Urban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Urban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Urban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Urban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Use or Land Use.</u> "Use" or "land use" means the primary or primary and secondary use(s) of land such as single family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, industrial, agriculture, etc. The description of a particular land use should convey the dominant character of a geographic area and, thereby, establish types of activities which are appropriate and compatible with primary use(s).

<u>Used.</u> "Used" includes "arranged," "designed" or "intended to be used."

<u>Vegetation, Native.</u> "Native vegetation" means plants that grow naturally in Washoe County, Nevada and have adapted to the climate, soil, location and rainfall patterns of their area.

<u>Vegetation</u>, <u>Natural.</u> "Natural vegetation" means plants which exist on a site before clearing or grading.

Viewshed. "Viewshed" means the surface area that can be seen from a specific viewpoint.

<u>Vista.</u> "Vista" means an area of high ground or projecting earth from which there is a dominant and unobstructed view of surrounding areas.

<u>Watercourse.</u> "Watercourse" means any natural or artificial watercourse, stream, river, creek, ditch, channel, canal, conduit, culvert, drain, gully, ravine, arroyo or wash in which water flows in a definite channel, bed or bank.

<u>Waters of the State (Defined) (Nevada Revised Statutes 445A.415)</u>. "Waters of the State" means all waters situated wholly or partly within or bordering upon the State of Nevada, including, but not limited to:

- (a) All streams, lakes, ponds, impounding reservoirs, marshes, water courses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation systems and drainage systems; and
- (b) All bodies or accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial.

<u>Wetland.</u> "Wetland" means an area that is periodically inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater on an annual or seasonal basis, that displays hydric soils, and that typically supports or is capable of supporting hydrophytic vegetation.

<u>Wetlands (COE and EPA) (Regulatory)</u>. "Wetlands (COE and EPA)" means the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have adopted a regulatory definition for administering the Section 404 permit program of the Clean Water Act (CWA) as follows: [Wetlands are] those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

<u>Wetlands (NRCS) (Technical)</u>. "Wetlands (NRCS)" mean the (U.S. Department of Agriculture) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) [formerly the Soil Conservation Service (SCS)] uses the following definition for identifying wetlands on agricultural land in assessing farmer eligibility for U.S. Department of Agriculture program benefits under the "Swampbuster" provision of the Food Security Act (FSA) of 1985. As amended in 1990, the FSA states that the term "wetland," except when such term is part of the term "converted wetland," means land that:

- (a) Has a predominance of hydric soils;
- (b) Is inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and
- (c) Under normal circumstances does support a prevalence of such vegetation.

<u>Will Serve Letter.</u> "Will serve letter" means a letter from a utility purveyor assuring the provision of services for proposed development.

<u>Yard.</u> "Yard" means an open space on the same lot or parcel used with the building, extending from the setback line to the nearest lot line, to be unoccupied and unobstructed except as provided in the Development Code.

<u>Yard, Front.</u> "Front yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the front lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. In the case of either a corner lot or an interior lot with multiple street frontages, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards.

<u>Yard, Rear.</u> "Rear yard" means a yard between the setback line and the rear lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. On a corner lot, the side opposite the shortest front yard width is considered the rear yard of the lot.

<u>Yard, Side.</u> "Side yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the side lot line and extending from the front yard line to the rear yard line.

<u>Zone or Regulatory Zone.</u> "Zone" or "Regulatory Zone" means a portion of the unincorporated area of Washoe County which is specifically designated in Article 106 of this Development Code.

[Amended by Ord. 867, provisions eff. 5/27/93; Ord. 873, provisions eff. 6/7/93; Ord. 890, provisions eff. 11/29/93; Ord. 893, provisions eff. 3/4/94; Ord. 899, provisions eff. 5/31/94; Ord. 916, provisions eff. retro. to 5/26/93; Ord. 942, provisions eff. 4/1/96; Ord. 965, provisions eff. 10/1/96; Ord. 1076, provisions eff. 10/1/99; Ord. 1088, provisions eff. 1/28/00; Ord. 1089, provisions eff. retro to 1/1/00; Ord. 1091, provisions eff. 4/28/00; Ord. 1102, provisions eff. 8/11/00; Ord. 1112, provisions eff. 2/15/01; Ord. 1140, provisions eff. 12/31/01; Ord. 1156, provisions eff. 3/22/02; Ord. 1234, provisions eff. 05/21/04; Ord. 1238, provisions eff. 6/4/04; Ord. 1288 and 1290, provisions eff. 3/24/06; Ord. 1347, provisions eff. 11/2/07; Ord. 1356, provisions eff. 12/21/07; Ord. 1447, provisions eff. 9/9/10; Ord. 1451, provisions eff. 1/1/11; Ord. 1485, provisions eff. 3/27/12; Ord. 1504, provisions eff. 3/8/13; Ord 1584, provisions eff. 8/19/16; Ord 1587, provisions eff. 11/25/16, Ord. 1640, provisions eff. 7/19/19; Ord. 1672, provisions eff. 7/30/21.]